1 can be	e generated.		
I. Electricity II. Elec	etrical Energy		
a. I only	b. II only	c. Both I & II	d. Neither I nor II
2. The phenomenon v	whereby a circuit store	s electrical energy is	called
a. Inductance	b. Capacitance	c. Resistance	d. Susceptance
_	cluding material, fitti or in connection with		ices, fixtures, apparatus, and the tion is
	ystem) b. Ser ent d. Equ		
			n circuits. It is rated in amperes, ge, is a switch.
a. Bypass isolation	b. General us	e c. Isolating	d. Transfer
1 0		•	conductive path that will ensure ent likely to be imposed is known
a. Ordinary tap joint	b. Scarf joint	c. Britannia	joint d. Bonding
6. An instrument that is a	is used to measure the	e diameter of a wire of	or cable to thousandths of an inch
a. Galvanometer	b. Micrometer	c. Hydrometer	d. Ruler
7. A squirrel cage mo	otor can be started at fu	ıll voltage.	
I. Design A	II. Design B	III. Design C	IV. Design D
a. I only b. I &	II only c. III	& IV only	1. I, II, III & IV
8. A is a	braking system for ar	n electric motor.	
I. Friction braking	II. Plugging	III. Dynami	c braking
a. I only	b. III only	c. I & III only	d. I, II, & III
_	nit is permitted for wintight with at least	_	eations if the conduit is threaded
a. 4 b. 5	c. 7	d. 9	
	that has purposely into nitude of the current ir	•	e tripping action and which delay circuit breaker.
a. Inverse time	b. Adjustable	c. Control vented	d. Vented power

equipment need no	t be inspected at the	time of installation	of the equipment, except t
I. Detect alteration	II. Detect damage	III. Detect insulation	type
a. I only	b. II only	c. I & II only	d. I, II, & III
1	ection to the supply		urce such as a transformer thang in another system is a/a
a. Integrated	b. separately derived	c. Interactive	d. Isolated
13. Listed or labell instructions included		e installed, used, or l	both, in accordance with an
I. By the foreman II	I. In the listing or label	ling III. With the equ	sipment from the manufacture
a. I only b. II o	only c. II & III onl	y d. I, II, & III	
		higher than the amp	pere rating or setting of th ircuit rating.
a. Conductor ampaci	ty b.Overcurrent of	device c. Combined	rating d. Deratedampacit
15 are	permitted to protect mo	otor branch circuit cond	uctors from overload.
I. Thermal relay	II. Inverse time circu	it breakers III	. Time delay fuses
a. I only b. II o	only c. II & III onl	y d. I, II & III	
16. The power factor	of an incandescent lig	ht bulb would be	·
a. Unity	b. 0.7 leading	c. 0.7 lagging	d. zero
17 is a	pliable raceway.		
I. EMT II. EN	VT III. PVC		
a. I only b. II o	only c. I & III only	d. I, II, & III	
	nd cables shall be prote or similar enclosures.	ected byv	where passing through holes i
I. Fittings	II. Bushings	III. Tie wraps	
a. I only b. II o	only c. II & III onl	y d. I & II only	
19. A transformer wo	ould most likely have _	efficiency.	
a. 60 %	b. 70 %	c. 80 % d. 90	%
the current in the co surface than at the	onductor to be forced to center of the conductor	oward the outer surface	an inductive action that cause e. The current is greater at the resistance in the resistance in the resistance in the resistance.
a. Capacitive effect	b. Skin effect	c. Conductive	effect d. Outer effec

11. It is the intent of this Code that factory installed internal wiring or the construction of

voltage class i	_		stem for th	e purpose of	convenientl	y designating its
a. Nominal vo	ltage	b. Voltage to gr	ound	c. Voltage (d	of a circuit)	d. Voltage ²
22. A type of clock motor is			nstant speed	and is used fo	or such purpo	oses as an electric
a. AC squirrel	cage b.	AC induction	c. Wou	nd-rotor indu	ction	d. Synchronous
23another surfac		sistance at the p	oint of conta	act of two con	nductors or o	ne conductor and
a. Conductor r	esistance	b. Contact resis	tance c. F	Resistance per	M/ft d. Ro	esistance per K/ft
24	is/are cla	ssified as a cond	duit body.			
I. LB fittings	II.	FS fittings	III. LR f	ittings		
a. I & II only	b. 1	I only	c. II & II	I only	d. I & III o	nly
25damage.	raceway	vs are not suita	ble to enclo	se conductors	s that are su	bject to physical
a. Rigid metal	conduit b	. Intermediate n	netal condui	t c.PVC sch	edule 40 d.	PVC schedule 80
26. A low pow	ver factor in	an industrial pl	ant is most l	ikely caused b	ру	
a. Insufficient c. Excessive re		ads b. Ir ds d. L		nductive loads aronous conde		
		s are installed in lighting where t				all switch at each steps
a. Two	b. Four	c. Six	d. Eight			
28. A voltage current.	or current	that is reversed	d at regular	intervals is c	called	voltage or
I. Direct	II. Steady	state III.	Sinusoidal			
a. I only	b. II only	c. III only	d. None	of these		
29. Of the foll	owing	is a fals	se statement.			
b. The term kiwattless or incc. In an indust	lovolt-ampe luction com rial plant, le		apparent po or is usually	wer made up due to underl	of an energy oaded induct	component and a ion motors.
30. It is gener	ally not go	od practice to s	upply lights	and motors f	From the sam	e circuit because
a Lamps for s	atisfactory	service must on	erate within	closer voltage	limits than 1	motors

a. Lamps for satisfactory service must operate within closer voltage limits than motors.

b. Overloads and short circuits are more common on motor circuits.

c. When motors are started, the large starting current causes a voltage drop on the circuit and the lights will blink or burn dim.

d. All of these

a. 60 °C	b. 50 °C	c. 45 ⁰ C	$d.~40~^{0}C$
32. A type of sing motor.	le phase motor that ca	in be operated on eith	er AC or DC is a
a. Multispeed	b. Capacitor-start	c. Universal	d. Repulsion-induction
33. For screw shell in cold		eads, the conductor atta	ached to the screw shell shall be
a. White or gray	b. Orange	c. Green	d. Black
34. Brach circuit co	onductors shall have an	ampacity not less than	·
35. A switch when interrupting rating,	I to be served to be served tinuous load plus 80% of intended for isolating a	an electric circuit from	ad the source of power that has no the circuit has been opened by
		switch c. General us	e switch d. Transfer switch
36. Raceways or ca	ble trays containing ele	ectric conductors shall r	not contain
I. Pipe for steam	II. Tube for a	air III. Pipe t	for water
a. I only	b. II only	c. III only	d. I, II, & III
37. Not readily acco	essible to persons unles	s special means for acc	ess are used is
a. Elevated	b. Guarded	c. Isolated	d. Listed
38. After cutting co	onduit, to remove the r	ough edges on both en	nds, the conduit ends should be
		a Dameich ad	1. C 1
a. Sanded	b. Shaped	c. Burnished	d. Ground
	•		n current and voltage is the
39. The instrument	nt used to indicate p		n current and voltage is the
39. The instrument	nt used to indicate p	ohase relation betwee er c. Voltmeter	n current and voltage is the
39. The instrument. a. Megger 40. To calculate the a. Voltage & currer b. Impedance & conc. Resistance & impedance & impedan	b. Power factor meters to know the total control of the control of	ohase relation betwee er c. Voltmeter	n current and voltage is the
a. Megger 40. To calculate the a. Voltage & currer b. Impedance & con c. Resistance & impedance & imp	b. Power factor meters to know the total control of the control of	ohase relation betwee er c. Voltmeter the at 5 amps on a 200-am	n current and voltage is the

	ammeter is discone current transform			rrent transformer, the secondar	ry
a. Shorted	b. Open c. 1	Disconnected	d. Grounded	l	
43. Reactance	will cause the curr	ent in a circuit t	o vary only whe	en	
a. AC current c. There is no	flows resistance in the ci		DC current flow d. There is	vs a resistance in the circuit	
44. Motors 1/3	3, ¼, and 1/8hp are	connected para	llel. Those moto	ors deliver a total of	_·
a. 1 hp	b. 7/8 hp	c. 17/24 hp	d. 0.0	7 hp	
45. Flexible c	ords and cables sha	ll not be used _	·		
_	of cranes and hoists ugh holes in floors			nsmission of noise or vibration lent interchange	
46. A fixture box.	that weighs more	han	_ shall be supp	orted independently of the outl	et
a. 25 pounds	b. 30 pour	ds c. 5	0 pounds	d. 75 pounds	
47. The force called		etrons from ato	m to atom thro	ugh a closed conducting path	is
a. Flux	b. Resistance	c. Admittar	nce d. E	MF	
48. An advant	tage of a 240-volt	system compare	d with a 120-vo	olt system of the same wattage	is
a. Reduced vob. Reduced poc. Large curred. Lower elect	ower used nts				
	has an indicated to resistor may have i		10%. With a va	alue of 1000 ohms, the minimum	m
a. 1,100 ohms	b. 990 ohr	ns c. 9	10 ohms	d. 900 ohms	
	rmer has a primary	_		econdary voltage of 480 volts.	If
a. 10 turns	b. 40 turns	c. 1	20 turns	d. 160 turns	

JOURNEYMAN CLOSED BOOK EXAM #1 ANSWER

1 D	W 1	
1. B.	II only	
2. B.	Capacitance	
3. D.	Equipment DEF 100	
4. B.	General use DEF 100	
5. D.	Bonding DEF 100	
6. B.	Micrometer	
7. D.	I, II, III & IV	
8. D.	I, II & III	
9. B.	5 full threads 501-4a1	
10. A.	Inverse time DEF 100	
11. C.	I & II only 90-7	
12. B.	Separately derived DEF 100	
13. C.	II & III only 110-3b	
14. B.	Overcurrent devices 210-3	
15. D.	I, II & III 240-8 430-51	
16. A.	Unity 1.0	
17. B.	II only ENT	
18. D.	I & II only 400-14	
19. D.	90% efficiency for transformer	
20. B.	Skin Effect	
21. A.	Nominal voltage DEF 100	
22. D.	Synchronous	
23. B.	Contact resistance	
24. D.	I & III only DEF 100	
25. C.	PVC schedule 40 300-5d	
26. A.	Insufficient resistance loads	
27. C.	6 steps 210-70a	
28. C.	III only sinusoidal voltage	
29. D.	Greater is false	
30. D.	All of these	
31. D.	40°C	
32. C.	Universal motor	
33. A.	White or gray	
34. B.	100% 210-19a	
35. A.	Isolating switch DEF 100	
36. D.	I, II & III 300-8	
37. C.	Isolated DEF 100	
38. C.	Burnished	
39. B.	Power factor meter	
40. A.	Voltage & current	
41. B.	3 Amps $200/5 = 40 \text{ ratio}$	120/40 = 3 amps
42. A.	Shorted	
43. A.	AC current flows	
44. C.	$17/24$ $1/3 + \frac{1}{4} + 1/8$	
45. C.	Not through holes 400-8	
46. C.	50 pounds 410-16a	
47. D.	EMF (electromotive force)	
48. A.	Reduced voltage drop	
49. D.	900 ohms	
50. D.	160 turns $120/480 = \frac{1}{4}$	
	ratio = 40/60	

1. Frequenc	cy is measured in	1		
a. Hertz	b. Voltage	c. RPM	d. Foot pounds	
2. Which of	f the following v	vould cause the 1	most power to be dissip	pated in the form of heat?
a. X _L	b. X _C	c. Resonance	d. Resistance	
3	is the combi	ined opposition t	to current by resistance	and reactance.
a. Q	b. Z	c. X _C	d. I ² R	
4. An electi	rician in the indu	ıstry would first	check the	to correct a low power factor.
a. Resistano	ce b. Hy	ysteresis	c. Inductive load	d. Reluctance
5. Single cobecause		uns within build	ing are generally more	common than multicable runs
d. The weig6	mperature ght is easier ght is evenly dist has the hised for insulation cloth ated paper	ghest electrical	breakdown strength a	and longest life over all other
7. Voltage i	in a generator is	produced by	·	
a. Resonano	ce b. Pro	essures	c. Cutting lines of for	ce d. Chemical
8. To adjus	st the voltage g 	enerated by a c	onstant speed DC gen	nerator, you would change the
a. Stator	b. Pro	essure	c. Brushes	d. Field current
9. The gene	erator which is b	est suited for ele	ctroplating power is a	generator.
a. Split-pha	ise b. Siz	x pole	c. Separately excited	d. Compound
10. To char	nge the rotation of	of a DC motor yo	ou would	
a. Reverse of	capacitor leads A1 & A2			

- c. Reverse commutator
- d. Reverse F1 & F2

11. Frequency is dete	ermined by the	of an alternator.	
I. Size II. Number of poles III. Voltage IV. Rotation speed of	f armature		
a. II only	b. II & III only	c. II & IV only	d. I, II & IV only
12. An example of a	"made" electrode wo	ould be	
a. Metallic water pipe c. Concrete-encased			
13. Illumination is m	easured in	·	
a. Luminous flux	b. Lumens	c. Temperatu	re d. Foot candles
	ure designed and con apour is called	-	arks or flashes that may ignite
a. Non-ventilatedc. Explosion proof			
15. The output of a 3	Ø transformer is mea	sured in units called	
a. Watts b. Vol	lt-amps c. Impe	edance d. Turns-1	ratio
16. Three horsepowe	r is equivalent to	·	
a. 764	b. 2292	c. 2238	d. None of these
17. Sometimes coppe	er conductors are coat	ted (tinned) to help prev	rent
a. Higher resistancec. Capacitive reactan			
18. A wheatstone bri	dge is used to measur	re resistanc	ee.
I. Low II. Me	edium III. High		
a. I only	b. II & III only	c. III only	d. II only
19. To check voltage	to ground, you woul	d check from	
a. The breaker to thec. The breaker to the	cabinet grounding terminal	b. Hot to neutral d. All of these	
20. The inductive acknown as the		rent to flow on the ou	tside surface of a conductor is
a. Corona effect c. Electrolytic effect	b. Skin effed d. DC reacta		
21. Electrical continu	uity is required by the	e electrical code for meta	allic conduit
a. To ensure equipme c. To reduce inductiv		b. To reduce static el d. To trace electrical	•

22. The resistance of	an open circuit is equa	ıl to	
a. Less than one ohm	b. Zero	c. Infinity	d. None of these
23. An electrical time circuit being controlle	2 2	normally connected in	with the lighting
a. Series	b. Parallel	c. Sequence	d. Tandem
24. The definition of	ampacity is	·	
b. The current-carryingc. The current-carrying	ng capacity expressed in a capacity of conductor capacity of conductor can capacity of cap	ors expressed in wattag	
25. The grounded cor	iductor would connect	to the of a	a lampholder.
a. Screw shell	b. Filament	c. Base contact	d. Lead in wire
		kva, on a Y-connected electrical rotatio	l system. During one complete ns.
a. 1 b. 1 ½	c. 3	d. 12	
27. The voltage per t the secondary.	urn of the primary of	a transformer is	the voltage per turn of
a. More than	b. The same as	c. Less than	d. None of these
•	-encased electrode sha to ground of	•	e additional electrode if it does
a. 25 ohms	b. 30 ohms	c. 50 ohms	d. Not a code requirement
29. Which of the follo	owing is not true about	alternating current?	
a. Develops eddy curr c. Is suitable for charg		b. It can be transformed. Interferes with com	
30. On a 120v 1Ø c unbalanced current be		rotection for personne	l operates on the principal of
b. The ungrounded co	ungrounded conductor onductor ductor and the neutral nect and the branch cir	conductor	
31. In a 3Ø circuit, ho	ow many electrical deg	rees separate each phas	se?
a. 360 b. 180	c. 120	d. 90	
32 duty wide variations.	is a type of service v	where both the load an	d the time intervals may have
a. Continuous	b. Periodic	c. Intermittent	d. Varying

33. The definition of a	mbient temperature is	·	
a. The temperature of tb. The insulation ratingc. The temperature of td. The maximum heat	g of the conductor the area surrounding th		
34. As the power factor	or of a circuit is increas	sed	
a. Reactive power is do		b. Active power is decreased d. Both active and reactive p	
35. Tinning rubber ins	ulated twisted cable is	done to	
a. Make the strands strb. Prevent chemical rec. Increase the resistand. Meet NEMA require	actions between the co	opper and the rubber	
36. A negatively charg	ed body has	·	
a. Excess of electronsc. Deficit of electrons			
37. A fluorescent light	that blinks "on" and "	'off' repeatly may in time	·
a. Cause the fuse to bloc. Cause the wire to m		se the switch to wear out alt in damage to the ballast	
38. Electrical applianc	es are connected in pa	rallel because it	
a. Makes the operationb. Results in reduced pc. Is a simple circuitd. Draws less current			
39. What relationship	determines the efficier	ncy of electrical equipment?	
a. The power input div c. The va divided by the		b. The volt-amps x th d. The power output	_
40. What is the formul	a to find watt hours?		
a. E x T x 1000	b. E x I x T	c. I x E x T/1000	d. E x T x 1000
41. Of the six ways of	producing emf, which	method is used the least?	
a. Pressure	b. Solar	c. Chemical reaction	d. Friction
42. The voltage produc	ced by electromagnetic	c induction is controlled by _	·
a. The number of linesc. The size of the magn	•	b. Eddy curre d. The numbe	
43. As the power factor	or of a circuit is increas	sed	
a. Reactive power is do		b. Active power is decreased d. Both active and reactive p	

44. The breakdo	wn voltage of an ins	ulation dependa	s upon	value of AC voltage.
a. RMS b	. Effective	c. Peak	d. 1.732 peak	
45. The AC syst	em is preferred to the	e DC system be	ecause	
b. DC motors doc. AC voltages o	annot be used for donor not have speed cont can be easily changed AC transmission is least	rol I in magnitude	es	
46. DC series m	otors are used in app	lications where	eis requ	iired.
	d speed electric motors oper	d. None of the	ese	·
a. Magnetism c. Resistance		b. Induction d. Capacitance	ee	
48. A capacitor	opposes	··		
a. Both a change c. Change in vol	e in voltage & curren tage	t	b. Change in current d. None of these	t
49. The armature	e current drawn by a	ny DC motor is	s proportional to the	·
a. Motor speed	b. Voltage appli	ed	c. Flux required	d. Torque applied
50. The greater through that par		circuit will oc	ccur when the	the current flow
a. Greater	b. Slower	c. Faster	d. Lower	

ANSWER

1. A.	Hertz	
2. D.	Resistance	
3. B.	Z is impedance	
4. C.	Inductive load	
5. C.	The splicing is easier	
6. C.	Impregnated paper	
7. C.	Cutting the lines of force	
8. D.	Field current	
9. C.	Separately excited	
10. D.	Reverse F1 & F2	
11. C.	II & IV only	
12. D.	Ground rod 250-52c	
13. D.	Foot candles	
14. C.	Explosion proof	
15. B.	Volt amps	
16. C.	2238 watts $746 \times 3 \text{ hp} = 2238$	
17. D.	Chemical reaction	
18. B.	II & III only	
19. D.	All of these	
20. B.	Skin effect	
21. A.	To assure equipment ground 300-10)
22. C.	Infinity	
23. A.	Series	
24. D.	Carry continuously	
25. A.	Screw shell 410-23	
26. C.	3 Electrical rotations	
27. B.	Same as volt per turn	
28. D.	Not a Code requirement 250-56	5
29. C.	Is suitable for charging batteries	
30. A.	Between white and black wire	
31. C.	120° separate each phase	
32. D.	Varying duty DEF 100	
33. C.	Surrounding the conductor DEF 1	00
34. A.	Reactive power is decreased	
35. B.	Prevent chemical reaction	
36. A.	Excess of electrons	
37. D.	Result in damage to the ballast	
38. A.	Operation independent	
39. D.	Efficiency = output divided by input	
40. B.	E x I x Time	
41. D.	Friction	
42. A.	Lines cut per second	
43. A.	Reactive power is decreased	
44. C.	Peak	
45. C.	AC can be changed with transformer	
46. B.	High starting torque	
47. B.	Induction	
48. C.	Change in voltage	
49. B.	Voltage applied	
50 Δ	Greater the current flow	

1. The electron	notive force requ	ired to cause	a current	to flow ma	y be obtained
I. Thermally	II. Mechan	ically	III. Chen	nically	
a. I only	b. I & III o	nly	c. II & II	II only	d. I, II, & III
2. Which of th	e following is no	t true?			
b. Room tempec. Fluorescent	nt fixture is more erature has an eff fixtures have goo a fluorescent bulb	ect on the opod power fact	eration of or with th	f a fluoresce he current le	ent lamp . eading the voltage.
3. Resistance of	opposes the flow	of current in	a circuit	and is meas	ured in
a. Farads	b. Joules	c. Ohms	d. H	enrys	
4. Which of th	e following is tru	ie?			
b. The high-leg c. The minimu	gs may be used for g conductor of a small may be used for a size service pended conductor is	4-wire delta i ermitted by th	s identifi e Code f	ed blue in c or a residen	olor. ce is 100 amps.
5. Mulitple sta	rt buttons in a m	otor control c	ircuit are	connected	in
a. Series	b. Parallel	c. Series-pa	ırallel	d. None of	these
6. Which of th	e following is no	t true?			
b. A green colec. Insulated co	and factors are appored conductor conductors #6 or significant splices must be	an be used as naller shall be	an ungro e white o	ounded circu r gray, no n	_
7. Special perr	nission is	·			
b. Verbal permc. Given only	the electrical forenission by the insonce on one blue consent of the au	pector. print change	request.	etion.	
8. One million	volts can also ex	spressed as		_·	
a. 1 millivolt	b. 1 kilo	volt	c. 1 me	gavolt	d. 1 microvolt
9. Resistance	in a circuit may l	e	_·		
I. Resistance o	of the conductors	II.	Resistanc	e due to im	perfect contact
a. I only	b. II only	c. B	oth I & I	I	d. Neither I nor II
10. Which of t	he following is n	ot true?			
-		-			ne grounding type. In to the conductor insulation.

c. The size of the conductor determines the rating of the circuit.d. All 15 and 20 amp receptacle installed in a dwelling bathroom shall have GFCI protection.

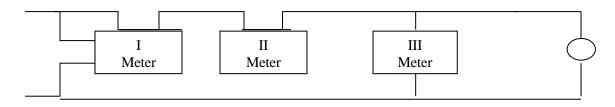
11. A magnetic field is created around a conductor						
a. Whenever current flows in the wire, provided the wire is made of magnb. Only when the wire carries a large current.c. Whenever current flows in the conductor.d. Only if the conductor is formed in a loop.	etic materials.					
12. A universal motor has brushes that ride on the						
a. Commutator b. Stator c. Inter-pole	d. Field					
13. How many kw hours are consumed by 25-60 watt light bulbs burn circuit?	ning 5 hours in a 120v					
a. 1.5 b. 180 c. 7.5	d. 75					
14. A dynamo is						
a. A pole line insulator.b. A tool used to test dielectric strength.c. A meter used for checking the R.P.M of a motor.d. A machine for converting mechanical energy into electrical energy.						
15. Which of the following is/are generally used for field magnets?						
I. Copper II. Steel III. Wrought iron						
a. I & II only b. I & III only c. II & III only	d. I, II, & III					
16. The difference between a neutral and a grounded circuit conductors is	·					
a. Only a neutral will have equal potential to the ungrounded conductor.b. Only a neutrals outer covering is white or natural gray.c. Only a neutral carries unbalanced current.d. There is no difference.						
17. The normal rotation of an induction motor is facing the front of a motor is the end opposite the shaft).	front of the motor (The					
a. Clockwise b. Counter clockwise						
18. A function of a relay is to						
a. Turn on another circuit b. Produce thermal e c. Limit the flow of electrons d. Create a resistance	electricity ce in the field winding					
19. Which of the following is not true?						
a. It is an electrical impossibility to have a circuit with only inductive metallic wire has a resistance.b. The voltage of a circuit is the greatest effective difference of potential two conductors of a circuit.c. The current is said to lag the voltage in a circuit that has only capacitive d. Power factor is the phase displacement of current and voltage in an AC	that exists between any e reactance.					
20. Unity power factor, which means that the current is in phase with	the voltage, would be					
a. 0.50 b. 0.80 c. 0.10 d. 1.0						

21. Rheostats an	nd potentiometers	are types of	resisto	ors.
a. Film	b. Variable	c. Fixed	d. Wirewou	ınd
22. A laminated	l pole is	·		
b. Used in trans c. A pole soaked	of layers or iron s mission lines ove d in creosote. western part of th	r 100kv.	rom sheet metal	and insulated.
23. Which of th	e following is tru	e?		
b. Knife switched c. 75 amps is a standard. Circuits are g	f different systemes should be mount standard size fuse grounded to limit er higher voltage	nted in a horizon . excess voltage t	tal position.	osure. h might occur from lightning or
24. Electrical po	ower is measure o	f		
a. Work wasted c. Rate at which	work is perform	ed	b. Voltage d. Total wo	ork performed
25. What percer	ntage of the maxis	mum (peak) volt	age is the effect	ive (R.M.S.) voltage?
a.100%	b. 70.7%	c. 63.7%	d. 57.7%	
26. A low powe	er factor is commo	only caused by _	·	
I. Induction mot	tors	II. Synchronous	motors	III. Fluorescent lights
a. III only	b. II & III o	only c. I	& III only	d. I, II& III
27. Which of th	e following is not	true?		
b. All AC phase the same racewa c. PVC shall ha		nd equipment gro	ounding conduc	tors if used, must be installed in
28. Which of th	e following is not	true?		
b. The total resi c. The total curr	es flow in the bran stance of a parallel cent in a parallel c circuit, there is mo	el circuit is less t ircuit is the sum	han the smallest of the branch cu	
29. Hysteresis is	s			
			<u> </u>	nagnetizing flux which produces
d. None of these	-			

30. The electric pres	sure of a circuit	would be the	·	
a. Voltage	b. Amperage	c. Resistance	e d. Wattag	ge
31. Permeability is _	·			
a. The opposite of cob. A measure of thec. The total resistantd. The liquid substar	ease with which ee to current flow	n magnetism passes th	rough any substanc	ee.
32. The Wheatstone	bridge method	is used for accurate m	neasurements of	·
a. Voltage	b. Amperage	c. Resistance	e d. Wattaş	ge
33. When a circuit b	reaker is in the	open position	·	
I. You have a short i II. You have a short				
a. I only b. II o	only c. Eith	ner I or II d. bo	oth I & II	
34. In solving series	-parallel circuits	s, generally you would	d	
a. Treat it as a series c. Assume that all lo			to its simplest form a parallel circuit.	1
35. A commutator is	·			
a. A ditching machineb. The inter-poles ofc. A device for caudirection in the extend. A transformer with	a generator sing the alterna rnal circuit.	ting currents generat		to flow in the same
36. Which of the fol	lowing is true?			
a 120v two-wire bra c. Plastic water pipe	red conductor conch circuit is can is approved to be	onnected to the silver lled the "neutral" con be used for electrical may support a fixture	ductor.	•
37. To fasten a box t	o a terra cotta w	vall you would use w	nich of the followin	g?
a. Wooden plugs	b. Lag bolt	c. Expansion bolt	d. Toggle bolt/ra	awl plugs
38. If a 240-volt hea	ter is used on 12	20 volts, the amount of	of heat produced wi	ll be
a. Twice as great	b. Four times	as great c. ½	as much d	. The same
39. Which of the fol	lowing about a	strap wrench is/are tru	ıe?	
I. You can turn pipe II. Use in a tight cor. III. Use on different	ner			
a. I only	b. II only	c. III only	d. I, II &	III

40. When sold	dering a	joint, the flux is used	to	
a. Keep the w			b. Keep the surface d. Maintain a tight c	
41. The transf	ferring of	f electrons from one	material to another wo	uld be
a. Electrocher	nistry	b. Static electricity	c. Solar electricity	d. Piezoelectricity
42. A minimus should be use			inch/inches of concr	ete over conduits and raceways
a. 1	b. 2	c. 3	d. 4	
43. Wire Con	nectors a	are generally classifie	ed astype	(s).
I. Thermal		II. Pressure		
a. I only		b. II only	c. both I & II	d. neither I nor II
44. One of the	e disadva	untages of indenter or	crimp connectors is _	·
b. That special c. Eventually d. They can o	they will nly be us	re required to make the loosen. sed for copper conductions.	ctors.	on. onld be able to carry its rated load
II. At rated from III. Temperat	equency. ure of th	e surrounding coolir		d value. eding 40°C (104°F) and average riod not exceeding 30°C (86°F).
a. I only		b. II only	c. III only	d. I,II& III
46. Which of	the follo	wing is not true?		
b. A branch control of the losses	ircuit car of the au	n never be supplied the totransformer are les	of the ballast for lighting the hrough an autotransfor s than those of a two-cg compensators for AC	mer. coil transformer.
		=		npacity equal to that sum of the of the highest rated motor in the
a. 25	b. 80	c. 100	d. 125	
48. The symb	ol for a v	wye connection is		
a. Σ	b. Δ	с. ф	d.γ	

49. Which of the following meters is a wattmeter?



- a. I only b. II only c. III only d. I, II & III
- 50. The voltage of a circuit is best defined as ______.
- a. The potential between two conductors.
- b. The greatest difference of potential between two conductors.
- c. The effective difference of potential between two conductors.
- d. The average RMS difference of potential between any two conductors.

JOURNEYMAN CLOSED BOOK EXAM #3 ANSWER

- 1. D. I, II & III
- 2. C. Good pf **not** true
- 3. C. Ohms
- 4. C. 100 amps
- 5. B. Parallel
- 6. B. Green as hot, **not** true
- 7. D. Written consent DEF 100
- 8. C. 1 megavolt
- 9. C. Both
- 10. C. Not true 210-3
- 11. C. Whenever current flows in the conductor
- 12. A. Commutator
- 13. C. 7.5 $25 \times 60 = 1{,}500 \times 5 = 7500/1000 = 7.5$
- 14. D. Machine
- 15. D. I, II & III
- 16. C. Neutral carries unbalanced
- 17. B. Counterclockwise
- 18. A. Turn on another circuit
- 19. C. Current lag voltage, **not** true
- 20. D. 1.0 Unity
- 21. B. Variable
- 22. A. Layers of iron sheet
- 23. D. Limit excess voltage
- 24. C. Rate of work performed
- 25. B. 70.7%
- 26. C. I & III only
- 27. C. PVC 24", **not** true T. 300-5
- 28. A. Equal currents in parallel
- 29. B. Lagging of magnetism
- 30. A. Voltage
- 31. B. Measure of ease of magnetism
- 32. C. Resistance
- 33. C. Either I or II
- 34. B. Reduce to simplest form
- 35. C. Causing AC to be generated
- 36. D. 410 15a
- 37. D. Toggle bolt
- 38. C. ½ as much
- 39. D. I, II & III
- 40. B. Keep the surface clean
- 41. B. Static electricity
- 42. A. 1" of concrete
- 43. C. Both
- 44. B. Special tools to make the joint
- 45. D. I, II & III
- 46. B. Not true, 210-9 ex. 1, 2
- 47. A. 125% 430-24a
- 48. D. Y
- 49. A. I only wattmeter is series-parallel
- 50. C. Effective difference DEF 100

a. 1-4 2-6 3-5-7 b. 1-6 2-5 3-4-7 c. 1-7 2-5-6 3-4 d. 1-5 2-6-7 3-4

1. Electrical of	current is measured in t	erms of			
a. Electron pr	ressure		b. Electron passing a point per second d. Resistance		
2. A stop swi	tch is wired	in a motor circuit.			
a. Seriesc. Series-para	allel	b. Series-shunt d. Parallel			
3. An autotra	nsformer has	<u></u> .			
a. One coil	b. Two coil	c. Three coil	d. Four coil		
4. What type	of meter is shown belo	ow?			
a. Wattmeter	b. Ammeter	c. Ohmmeter	d. Voltmeter		
5. Concrete, l	brick or tile are conside	ered as being			
a. Isolated	b. Insulators	c. Grounded	d. Dry locations		
6. is t	the symbol for a	panel.			
a. Power	b. Wall-mour	ted c. Lightin	g d. Surface-mou	ınted	
7. A corroded	d electrical connection				
			resistance of the connection impacity at the connection		
8. An AC am the		alibrated to read RMS val	ues; this means the meter is	reading	
a. Maximum	b. Peak	c. Average d.	Effective		
9. The corre	ect connection for the	two 120 volt lights to	the single-pole switch wo	ould be	
	7	1	THE STATE OF THE S		

10. The location of a wall receptacle outlet in the bathroom of a dwelling shall be installed
 a. The Code does not specify the location b. Adjacent to the toilet c. Within 36" of outside edge of basin d. Across from the shower
11. On a delta three-phase four-wire secondary, how many hot wires may use the common neutral?
a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. 4
12. It shall be permissible to apply a demand factor of to the nameplate-rating load of four or more appliances fastened in place served by the same feeder in a dwelling.
a. 70% b. 75 % c. 60% d. 80%
13. Insulated nonmetallic boxes are made of
I. Polyninyl chloride II. Bakelite III. Bower-Barff lacquer
a. I only b. II only c. I & II only d. I, II & III
14. Tungsten-filament lamps can be used on circuits.
a. AC b. DC c. AC and DC d. None of these
15. An overcurrent protective device with a circuit opening fusible part that is heated and severed by the passage of overcurrent through it is called a
a. Current-limiter b. Fuse c. Circuit breaker d. Thermal overload
16. The service conductors between the terminals of the service equipment and a point usually outside the building, clear of building walls, where joined by a tap or splice to the service drop is called the
a. Service drop b. Service-entrance conductors c. Service equipment d. None of these
17. If you needed to know the provisions for the installation of stationary storage batteries, you would refer to the Article of the Code.
a. 225 b. 445 c. 460 d. 480
18. A chain wrench can be used
I. With one hand only II. In confined places & close to walls III. For all sizes of conduit.
a. I & II only b. I & III only c. II & III only d. I, II & III
19. To cut rigid conduit you should
a. Use 3-wheel pipe cutterb. Use cold chisel and ream the endsc. Use hacksaw and ream the endsd. Order it to cut size
20. A fixture that weighs more than pounds shall be supported independently of the outlet box.
a. 25 b. 30 c. 35 d. 50

21. Is it permit box?	ssible to instal	l direct current	and alternating curren	t conductors in the same outlet	
b. No, never	mpacity is the	aximum voltage	e of any conductor		
22. Electrical e	equipment shal	ll be installed _	,		
c. According to	o the Local Co o the N.E.C re	ode when more gardless of Loc	stringent than the N.E. al Code tringent than the N.E.C		
23. Voltage dr	op in a wire is	·			
a. The wire res		the voltage	b. The percen d. Part of the	tage of the applied voltage load voltage	
		installed in lo	*	rating temperature will exceed	
a. Connectors	b. Pro	tection	c. Insulation	d. Wiring	
25. Galvanized	d conduit has a	finish exterior	and interior of	·	
a. Lead	b. Cop	pper	c. Nickel	d. Zinc	
26. Which of plywood?	the following	is the best type	e of saw to use to cut	a 3" diameter hole through ½"	
a. Circular Sav	V	b. Saber saw	c. Hack saw	d. Cross-cut saw	
27. Which of t	he following n	nachine screws	has the smallest diame	eter?	
a. 6-32 x 1"	b. 10-3	32 x ³ / ₄ "	c. 8-32 x ½"	d. 10-24 x 3/8"	
28. Which of the job?	the following i	is the most imp	oortant factor contribut	ing to an electricians safety on	
a. Work at slov c. Be alert at a		•	ar leather gloves ite for break		
29. A one-quar	rter bend in a r	aceway is equi	valent to an angle of _	degrees.	
a. 90	b. 45	c. 25	d. 180		
30. A 3 Ω , a 6 Ω , a 9 Ω and a 12 Ω resistor are connected in parallel. Which resistor will consume the most power?					
a. 3Ω	b. 6Ω	c. 9Ω	d. 12Ω		
	31. Listed ceiling (paddle) fans that do not exceed pounds in weight, with or without accessories, shall be permitted to be supported by outlet boxes identified for such use.				
a. 35	b. 45	c. 50	d. 60		

32. The best w	vay to lay out a	40 foot long	g straight line on a	floor is to	·
a. Use a steel measuring tape with dark crayon c. Use a long 2 x 4 and a lead pencil				b. Use a plumb b d. Use a chalk lin	ob with long string ne
33. Silver is us	sed on electrica	al contacts to)		
a. Avoid corro	osion ntinuity	b. Improve d. Improve	=		
34. Electricia	ns should be	familiar w	ith the rules and	regulations of t	heir job mainly to
a. Eliminate o c. Perform the	vertime ir duties prope		ncrease wages Save time		
35. To determ	ine if the racew	vay is truly v	vertical an electric	an would use a	·
a. Plumb bob	b. Trai	nsmit level	c. Squ	are d.	Level
36. In order to	prevent a safe	ty hazard an	electrician should	never	_·
b. Use a soft b c. Strike a soft	rass hammer to t iron surface w	o strike a sof vith a harden	nardened steel ham It brass surface. led steel hammer. lened steel surface		
	feet over resid				nimum clearance of mmercial areas not
a. 10	b. 12	c. 15	d. 18		
					ed 24" arc installed total cross-sectional
a. 31	b. 40	c. 53	d. 60		
39. Before usi	ng rubber glov	es when wo	rking on high volt	age equipment in	the gloves should be
a. Cleaned insc. Oiled inside			Cested to withstand Brand new	l the high voltage	
40. Stranded v	vire should be		before being plac	ed under a screw l	nead.
a. Tinnedc. Coated with	an inhibitor		Swisted together ti Sanded	ghtly	
	Ω , a 9Ω and a the		or are connected in	series. The resist	or will consume the
a. 3Ω	b. 6Ω	c. 9Ω	d. 12Ω		
42. What Artic	cle of the NEC	refers to gro	ounding?		
a. 230	b. 240	c. 250	d. 300		

43. The total of the fo	llowing numbers	8 5/8", 6 1/4", 7 3/16	5", and 5 1/4" is	·	
a. 27 5/16"	b. 26 1/8"	c. 28 7/8"	d. none of these		
44. A fusestat is differ	rent from the ordi	nary plug fuse beca	use a fusestat	·	
a. Doesn't have thread c. Has different size th		Has left-hand threa Has an aluminum			
45. The symbol – ψ- ι	usually indicates a	ı (an)			
a. A switch	b. Receptacle	c. Ceiling out	let d. Exhaus	st fan	
46. A fuse on a 20 am fuse blows when the s	•		-	-	
a. Check the ground rec. Install a 30 amp fus		st	b. Change to a circle. Check the circle.		
47. To sharpen an elec	ctrician's knife, yo	ou would use a	stone.		
a. Rubber	b. Carborundum	c. Ros	in d.	Bakelite	
48. The decimal equiv	valent of 3/16" is	·			
a. 0.125	b. 0.1875	c. 5.33	d. None o	of these	
49. When drilling int	o a steel I-beam,	, the most likely ca	nuse for breaking	a drill bit would be	
a. The drill bit is too cc. Too much pressure		Too slow a drill sp Too much cutting			
50. Which of the fuses	s is blown?				
2 10H		12 L1	L2 1	L1 L2	

- a. L1 fuse is blown
- b. L2 fuse is blown
- c. Both fuses are blown
- d. Neither fuse is blown

ANSWER

1. B.	Electrons passing a point
2. A.	Series
3. A.	One coil
4. B.	Ammeter
5. C.	Grounded T. 110-26a Condition 2
6. C.	Lighting
7. C.	Increases the resistance
8. D.	Effective value
9. B.	1-6 2-5-3 4-7
10. C.	36" edge of basin 210-52d
11. B.	2 hot wires use neutral
12. B.	75% 220-17
13. C.	I & II PVC or Bakelite
14. C.	AC & DC tungsten 380-14b
15. B.	Fuse DEF 100 over 600v
16. B.	Service-entrance conductors DEF 100
17. D.	Article 480
18. D.	I, II & III Chain wrench
19. C.	Hacksaw and ream
20. D.	50 pounds Fixture 410-16a
21. A.	Yes 300-3c1
22. B.	Local Code when more stringent
23. B.	VD is a percentage
24. C.	Insulation 310-10
25. D.	Zinc finish
26. B.	Saber saw
27. A.	6-32 x 1"
28. C.	Be alert at all times
29. A.	90 degrees
30. A.	3 ohms will consume the most power
31. A.	35 pounds ceiling fans 422
32. D.	Use a chalk line
33. C.	Silver improves continuity
34. C.	Perform their duties properly
35. D.	Level
36. A.	Hardened steel surface
37. C.	15 feet over driveways 230-24b
38. D.	60% Nipple fill Chapter 9, note 4
39. B.	Tested to withstand high-voltage
40. B.	Twisted together tightly
41. D.	12 ohms consume the most power
42. C.	Article 250
43. A.	27 5/16 Total sum
44. C.	Fusestat has different size threads
45. C.	Symbol for ceiling outlet
46. D.	Check circuit for a problem
47. B.	Carborundum
48. B.	0.1875 is the decimal equivalent of 3/16"
49. C.	To much pressure on the drill bit
50. B.	L2 fuse is blown
JU. D.	1000 10 010 711

	sometimes used in a	_	connections on studs	s. In these cases the
b. Make it diffic c. Make a tighte	nnect several wires to bult to tamper with the r connection connection from looser	connection	n	
2. To cut rigid c	onduit you should	·		
a. Use a 3-whee c. Use a hacksay	l pipe cutter w and ream the ends		se a cold chisel and red	eam the ends
	of normal operation the overheat because it is			ive in indicating that
a. A wattmeter	b. A voltmeter	c. An ammet	er d. A stato	r thermocouple
4. Two switches	in one box under one	e face-plate is calle	d a	
a. Double-pole s	switch b. Two-gar	ng switch c.2	-way switch	d. Mistake
5. A conduit boo	dy is			
a. A cast fittingc. A sealtight en	such as an FD or FS b closure		A standard 10foot lead A "LB" or "T", or sin	•
6. A dwelling ur	nit is			
c. One or more i	n apartment. rooms used by one or rooms with space for or rooms used as a house	eating, living and s		oking and sanitation
7. Enclosed mea	ans, surrounded by a gized parts.	whic	h will prevent person	ns from accidentally
I. Wall	II. Fenced	II. Housing or case	,	
a. I only	b. II only	c. III only	d. I, II &	III
8. Where the co	onductor material is n	ot specified in the	Code, the conductor	rs are assumed to be
a. Bus bars	b. Aluminum	c. Copper	-clad aluminum	d. Copper
9. The voltage lo	ost across a portion of	a circuit is called	the	
a. Power loss	b. Current	c. Voltage drop	d. Wattag	ge
10. In a series ci	reuitis o	common.		
a. Resistance	b. Current	c. Voltage	d. Wattage	
11. Batteries sup	oply curr	ent.		
a. Positive	b. Negative	c. Direct	d. Alternating	

12. Electron flow 1	produced by means	of applying pressure	to a material is called	·	
a. Photo conduction c. Piezoelectricity	n		b. Electrochemistryd. Thermoelectricity		
13. Raceways sha contraction.	all be provided with	th to co	mpensate for thermal expansion	n and	
a. According jointsc. Expansion joints			b. Thermal fittingsd. Control-expansion		
14. An alternation	is				
a. One-half cycle	b. One hertz	c. One alternator	d. Two cycles		
15. What is the fur	nction of a neon glo	w tester?			
	rcuit is alive polarity of DC circ circuits is AC or DC				
a. I only	b. II only	c. III only	d. I, II & III		
16. What Chapter	in the Code is Mob	ile Homes referred to	?		
a. Chapter 3	b. Chapter 5	c. Chapter 6	d. Chapter 8		
17. Never approac	h a victim of an ele	ctrical injury until you	1		
a. Find a witness c. Have a first-aid	kit	b. Are sure the power d. Contact the super			
18. A wattmeter in	idicates	_•			
I. Real power II. Apparent powe III. Power factor	r if PF is not in unit	ty			
a. I only	b. II only	c. III only	d. I, II & III		
19. The connection	n of a ground clamp	to a grounding electr	rode shall be		
a. Accessible	b. Visible	c. Readily accessible	d. In sight		
20. The current wi	ll lead the voltage v	when			
b. Reactance excec. Resistance exce	eds the resistance in eds the reactance in				
21. Mandatory rule	es of the Code are i	dentified by the use of	f the word		
a. Should	b. Shall c.	Must d. Co	uld		

22. Which of equipment?	the following	is not one of	the considerati	ons that must	be evaluated in judging	
a. Wire-bending and connection spacec. Longevity			b. Arcing effectsd. Electrical insulation			
23. To increas	e the range of	an AC ammete	r which one the	e following is n	nost commonly used?	
a. A current transformerc. An inductance				b. A condenserd. A straight shunt (not U-shaped)		
		placed in serie		nser and a suita	able source of DC, it is a	
a. Fully-charg	ed b. Shor	t-circuited	c. Open-circ	uited d. F	fully discharged	
	-	mically over coadily obtainabl			cessary that the voltages	
a. Rectified	b. AC	c. DC	d. Car	rier		
	watt lamps co		es across a 11	0 volt line dra	ws 2amperes. The total	
a. 50	b. 150	c. 220	d. 1000			
27. The resista	ance of a coppe	er wire to the flo	ow of electrici	ty		
b. Decreases as	s the diameter the diameter o	the wire increased of the wire increased the wire i	reases. eases.			
	knife switches		e switch to be	e open before t	he housing door can be	
a. Release	b. Air-break	c. Safety	d. Service			
29. A type of	cable protected	by a spiral me	tal cover is cal	led	_ in the field.	
a. BX	b. Greenfield	c. Sea	ltight	d. Romex		
30. The resista	ance of a circui	t may vary due	to	_•		
	nnection current	b. Change in d. Induction	voltage			
31. Grounding	g conductors ru	nning with circ	euit conductors	may be	·	
	us green if cov	ered ellow stripe, if	covered			
a. I only	b. II only	c. III only	d. I,II & III			

32. For voltag	e and current t	to be in phase,	·	
	-	only resistance	e. zero and peak values a	t the same time.
a. I only	b. II only	c. both I & II	d. neither I i	nor II
33. The defini	tion of ampaci	ity is	·	
b. The currentc. The current	-carrying capa -carrying capa in amperes a	city expressed city of conduct conductor can	tor expressed in watta	-
34. Continuou	s duty is	·		
b. A load whec. Intermittent	re the maximus operation in v	m current is ex which the load	spected to continue for spected to continue for conditions are regular d for an indefinitely lo	r one hour or more. ly recurrent.
35. A location	classified as	dry may be tem	porarily subject to	
I. Wet	II. Dampness			
a. I only	b. II o	only	c. both I & II	d. neither I nor II
			ed either for surface ing door or doors are	or flush mounting and provided or may be hung.
a. Cabinet	b. Par	nelboard	c. Cutout box	d. Switchboard
37. A 15 ohm	resistance car	rying 20 amper	res of current uses	watts of power.
a. 300	b. 3000	c. 600	d. None of t	hese
38. When usir operation.	ng a #14-2 with	h ground Rome	ex, the ground	carry current under normal
a. Will	b. Will not	c. Wi	ll sometimes	d. None of these
39. As compa	red with solid	wire, stranded	wire of the same gaug	ge size is
a. Better for h c. Easier to sk			b. Given a higher and. Larger in total die	± •
40. The type	of AC system	commonly us	ed to supply both co	mmercial light and power is the
a. 3-phase, 3-v	wire b. 3-p	hase, 4-wire	c. 2-phase, 3-wire	d. Single-phase, 2-wire
41. To make	a good solder	red connection	between two strande	ed wires, it is least important to
a. Use enough b. Clean the w		the solder to fl	ow freely.	

b. Clean the wires carefully.c. Twist the wires together before soldering.d. Apply solder to each strand before twisting the two wires together.

42. The most important reason for using a conduit-type fitting in preference to making a bend in a one-inch conduit is to
a. Avoid the possible flattening of the conduit when making the bend.b. Cut down the amount of the conduit.c. Make a neater job.d. Make wire pulling easier.
43. When skinning a small wire, the insulation should be "penciled down" rather than cut square to
a. Allow more room for the spliceb. Save time in making the splicec. Decrease the danger of nicking the wired. Prevent the brand from fraying
44. Rubber insulation on an electrical conductor would quickly be damaged by continuous contact with
a. Water b. Acid c. Oil d. Alkali
45. A tester using an ordinary light bulb is commonly used to test
 a. Whether a circuit is AC or DC b. For polarity of a DC circuit c. An overload circuit d. For grounds on 120volt circuit
46. Pigtails are used on brushes to
a. Compensate for wearb. Supply the proper brush tensiond. Hold the brush in the holder
47. With respect to fluorescent lamps it is correct to state
a. The filaments seldom burn outb. The starter and tubes must be replaced at the same time.c. They are easier to install than the incandescent light bulbs.d. Their efficiency is less than the efficiency of incandescent light bulbs.
48. A stores energy in much the same manner as a spring stores mechanical energy.
a. Resistor b. Coil c. Condenser d. None of these
49. An overcurrent trip unit of a circuit shall be connected in series with each
a. Transformerb. Grounded conductoc. Overcurrent deviced. Ungrounded Conductor
50 lighting is a string of outdoor lights suspended between two points.
a. Pole b. Festoon c. Equipment d. Outline

ANSWER

1. D.	Prevent loosening				
2. C.	Saw and ream ends				
3. B	Voltmeter				
4. B.	Two-gang switch				
5. D.	LB or T				
6. D.	Housekeeping DEF 100				
7. D.	I, II &III DEF 100				
8. D.	Copper 110-5				
9. C.	Voltage drop				
10. B.	Current				
11. C.	Direct current				
12. C.	Piezoelectricity				
13. C.	Expansion joints				
14. A.	One-half cycle				
15. D.	I, II & III				
16. B.	Chapter 5				
17. B.	Are sure the power is turned off				
18. A.	Real power				
19. A.	Accessible 250-68				
20. D.	Capacitance exceeds inductance				
21. B.	Shall 90-5				
22. C.	Longevity				
23. A.	Current transformer				
24. B.	Short-circuited				
25. B.	AC				
26. C.	220 W=E x I				
27. D.	Increases as length of wire increases				
28. C.	Safety				
29. A.	BX				
30. A.	Loose connection				
31. D.	I, II & III 250-119				
32. C.	Both Continuously DEE 100				
33. D. 34. D.	Continuously DEF 100 Operation DEF 100				
34. D. 35. C.	Both DEF 100				
36. A.	Cabinet DEF 100				
30. A. 37. C.	$6000 W = I^2 \times R$				
37. C. 38. B.	Will not				
39. D.	Larger in total diameter				
40. B.	3Ø, 4-wire				
40. D. 41. D.	Apply solder to each strand				
42. D.	Make wire pulling easier				
43. C.	Decrease nicking of wire				
44. C.	Oil				
45. D.	For grounds on 120v circuits				
46. C.	Make a good electrical connection				
47. A.	Filament seldom burns out				
48. C.	Condenser				
49. D.	Ungrounded conductor 240-20a				
50. B.	Festoon 225-6b				

1. Something that wo	ould affect the ampacity	y of a conductor would	be
I. Voltage	II. Amperage	III. Length	IV. Temperature
a. I only	b. II only	c. III only	d. IV only
2. Alternating current	ts may be increased or	decreased by means of	f a
a. Motor	b. Transformer	c. Dynamo	d. Megger
	-	nbers of suspended ce mechanical means such	iling systems shall be securely as
I. Bolts or screws	II. Rivets	III. Clips iden	ntified for this use.
a. I only	b. II only	c. III only	d. I, II & III
4. Which has the high	hest electrical resistanc	ee?	
a. Brass	b. Iron	c. Water	d. Paper
5. Conductor sizes ar	e expressed		
a. Only in circular mic. In diameter or area		b. In AWG or in circ d. In AWG or millim	
6. Of the following, v	which is not a type of f	ïle?	
a. Half-round	b. Bastard	c. Tubular	d. Mill
7. Oil is used in many	y large transformers to	·	
	n due to friction the transformer	b. Lubricate the core d. Lubricate the coils	
8. Fractional horsepo	wer universal motors h	nave brushes usually m	ade of
a. Copper strands	b. Mica	c. Carbon	d. Thin wire rings
	ng first aid to a work ortant thing to do is		ht as a result of falling from a
<u>-</u>	and keep the person was piratory immediately.	ırm.	
10. Which of the following	owing would be used a	as a stop button?	

a. b. c. d.

11. If a co-worker is burned by acid from a storage battery, the proper first aid treatment is to wash with
 a. Iodine and leave it open to the air b. Vinegar and apply a wet dressing c. Water and apply Vaseline d. Lye and apply a dry bandage
12. A type of motor that will not operate on DC is the
a. Series b. Short shunt c. Long shunt compound d. Squirrel cage
13. Receptacles installed on ampere branch circuits shall be of the grounding type.
a. 15 and 20 b. 25 c. 30 d. 40
14. Where conductors carrying alternating current are installed in metal enclosures or metal raceways, they shall be so arranged as to avoid heating the surrounding metal by induction, to accomplish this shall be grouped together.
I. All phase conductors II. Where used the neutral III. All equipment grounding conductors
a. I only b. I & II only c. I & III only d. I, II & III
15. A (an) changes AC to DC.
a. Battery b. Capacitor c. Alternator d. Rectifier
16. A steel measuring tape is undesirable for use around electrical equipment. The least important reason is the
 a. Danger of entanglement in rotating machines b. Shock hazard c. Short circuit hazard d. Magnetic effect
17 is the ability of a material to permit the flow of electrons.
a. Voltage b. Current c. Resistance d. Conductance
18. Automatically is self-acting, operating by its own mechanism when actuated by some impersonal influence, such as change in
I. Temperature II. Pressure III. Current strength
a. I only b. I & II only c. II only d. I, II & III
19. A fitting is
a. Part of a wiring system that is intended primarily to perform an electrical function.b. Pulling cable into a confined area.c. To be suitable or proper for.d. Part of a wiring system that is intended primarily to perform mechanical function.
20. The neutral conductor
a. Is always the "white" grounded conductor.b. Has 70% applied for household clothes dryer for a branch circuit.c. Never apply ampacity corrections.

d. Carries the unbalanced current.

21. An appliance that appliance.	at is not easily moved	from one place to an	nother in normal use is a	
a. Fastened in place	b. Dwelling-unit	c. Fixed	d. Stationary	
22. All wiring must b	e installed so that when	n completed	·	
b. It is free of shorts a	t-carrying requirements and unintentional groun Code compliance autho hy-pot test.	nds.		
23. Rosin is preferable	le to acid as a flux for s	soldering wire because	rosin is	
a. A powder dry Noncorrosive	b. A better conductor	c. A noncond	uctor d.	
24. Utilization equip heating, lighting or si		nich utilizes ene	ergy for mechanical, chemical,	
I. Chemical	II. Electric	III. Heat		
a. I only b. II o	nly c. III only	d. I, II & III		
25. The main purpose	e of using a cutting flui	d when threading cond	luit is to	
a. Prevent the format c. Improve the finish	ion of rust of the thread	•	the metal chips ion of electrolytic pockets.	
26. Of the following, the	the best indication of	the condition of the ch	narge of the lead acid battery is	
a. Temperature of the electrolyte c. Open circuit cell voltage b. Level of the electrolyte d. Specific gravity			e electrolyte	
27. In general, the	most important point	to watch in the ope	eration of transformers is the	
a. Core loss	b. Exciting current	c. Temperature	d. Primary voltage	
28. When mounting used.	electrical equipment, v	wooden plugs driven i	nto holes in shall not be	
I. Masonry	II. Concrete	III. Plaster		
a. I only b. II o	nly c. III only	d. I, II & III		
29. Mica is commonl	y used in electrical con	nstruction for	·	
a. Commutator bar sec. Strain insulators	eparators	b. Heater cord insulator d. Switchboard panels		
30. If a fuse becomes	hot under normal load	, a probable cause is _	·	
a. Excessive tension is c. Insufficient pressur	-	b. Rating of the fuse is too low d. Rating of the fuse is too high		

31. For the maximum safety the magnetic contactors used for reversing the direction of rotation of a motor should be
a. Operated from independent sourcesb. Electrically interlockedd. Electrically and mechanically interlocked
32. Large squirrel cage induction motors are usually started at a voltage considerably lower than the line voltage to
a. Allow the rotor current to build up graduallyb. Permit starting under full loadd. Obtain a low starting speed
33. Which of the following is a motor starter?
a. b. c. d.
34. If the voltage on a light bulb is increased 10%, the bulb will
 a. Fail by insulation breakdown b. Have a longer life c. Burn more brightly d. Consume less power
35. All edges that are invisible should be represented in a drawing by lines that are
a. Dotted b. Curved c. Solid d. Broken
36. A light bulb usually contains
a. Air b. Neon c. H2O d. Either a vacuum or gas
37. The service disconnecting means shall be installed
I. Outside a building III. Inside a building III. At the meter
a. I only b. II only c. III only d. either I or II
38. Critical burns are potentially
a. Life-threatening b. Disfiguring c. Disabling d. All of these
39. A set of lights switched from three different places can be controlled by switches.
a. Two 3-way and one 4-way c. 2 single-pole b. Two 3-way and one 2-way d. Four pole
40. A fellow electrician is not breathing after receiving an electrical shock, but is no longer in contact with the electricity; the most important thing for you to do is
 a. Start artificial respiratory immediately b. Cover the person and keep warm d. Remove the persons shoes
41. A wrench you would not use to connect rigid metal conduit is a wrench.
a. Box end b. Chain c. Strap d. Stillson

42. The instrument the wiring has been			in testing fo	r opens, gi	rounds, and shorts after
a. Voltmeter	b. Ammeter	c. Ohi	mmeter	d. Meg	gger
43. A stranded wit	re is given the	same size des	signation as	a solid w	vire if it has the same
a. Weight per foot	b. Overall dia	meter c. Stre	ength d. (Cross-secti	onal area
44. A lighting fixtus switch required in e		-	-	vo differen	t locations. The type of
a. Double-pole, dou c. Single-throw, dou			b. Double- d. Single-t	throw, sing	
45. The rating "100	0 ohms, 10 watts	" would gener	ally apply to	a	·
a. Transformer	b. Relay	c. Resistor	d. l	Heater	
46. The open circuit	t test on a transfo	rmer is a test f	or measuring	g its	·
a. Insulation resistor	r		b. Copper d. Equival		nce of the transformer
47. The proper way	to open a knife s	switch carrying	g a heavy loa	ıd is to	·
a. Open it with careb. Open it slowly soc. Tie a 5 foot roped. Open it with a jer	that there will non the switch ha	ot be a flashoved and stand	er at the conclear of the	ntacts.	
48. When the therm their primary purpor	•		-		phase induction motors,
a. Short circuit betw c. Reversal of phase	-	d. Sus	b. Low lingtained overl	_	
49. The National El	ectrical Code is s	sponsored by tl	ne	·	
a. Underwriters Labc. National ElectricalAssociation		Association	b. Nationa d.	l Safety Co Nationa	
50. Which of the fo	llowing is an LB	conduit body?	,		
				0	
a.		b.	(c.	d.

ANSWER

1. D.	Temperature
2. B.	Transformer
3. D.	I, II & III 410-16c
4. D.	Paper
5. B.	AWG or CM 110-6
6. C.	Tubular
7. C.	Cool and insulate transformer
8. C.	Carbon
9. B.	Cover keep person warm
10. A.	Stop button
11. C.	Water and apply vaseline
12. D.	Squirrel cage
13. A.	15 & 20 210-7a
14. D.	I, II & III 300-20a
15. D.	Rectifier
16. D.	Magnetic effect
17. D.	Conductance
18. D.	I, II & III DEF 100
19. D.	Mechanical function DEF 100
20. D.	Carries the unbalanced 310-15b4a
21. D.	Stationary 550-2 DEF
22. B.	Free of shorts and grounds 110-7
23. D.	Noncorrosive
24. B.	II only DEF 100
25. C.	Improve finish of threads
26. D.	Specific gravity
27. C.	Temperature
28. D.	I, II & III 110-13a
29. A.	Commutator bar separators
30. C.	Insufficient pressure at fuse clips
31. D.	Electrically & mechanically interlocked
32. C.	Avoid excessive starting current
33. C.	Motor starter
34. C.	Burn more brightly
35. D.	Broken
36. D.	Either vacuum or gas
37. D.	Either I or II 230-70a
38. D.	All of these
39. A.	Two 3-way or one 4-way
40. A.	Artificial respiration
41. A.	Box end wrench
42. B.	Ammeter
43. D.	CSA
44. C.	Single-pole, Double-throw
45. C.	Resistor
46. C.	Iron losses
47. D.	Jerk quickly break any arc
48. D.	Sustained overload
49. D.	NFPA
50. B.	LB conduit body

1. An advantage that	rubber insulation has i	s that	_ :
a. Is not damage by ob. Is a good for extrestc. Does not absorb md. Will not deteriorate	me temperatures uch moisture		
2. The advantage of t	using a storage battery	rather than a dry cell is	s the storage battery
a. Is portable	b. Is less expensive	c. Can be recharged	d. Is easier to use
3. The least desirable	e device for measuring	g an electrical cabinet	containing live equipment is a
a. 6' wooden ruler	b. Plastic ruler	c. Wood yardstick	d. 12' steel pipe
4. The relationship o	f a transformer prima	ry winding to the seco	ondary winding is expressed in
a. Wattage b. Tur	ns-ratio c. Cur	rent d. Voltage	
5. When the size #12	of a stranded wire is r	eferred to, this number	specifies the
a. Strength of the wir c. Square inch area of	e f the insulation	b. Cross-sectional are d. The pounds per sq	
6. The purpose of a c	lip clamp is to	·	
II. Make it possible t intended			es and the fuse clips hat for which the fuse clips are
a. I, II & III	b. I only	c. II only	d. I & II only
7. To increase the life	e of an incandescent lig	ght bulb you would	
a. Use at a higher that c. Turn off when not		b. Use at a lo d. Use at a hig	wer than rated voltage gher wattage
8. Which of the folloposition is (are) corre	_	ut mounting single-thro	ow knife switches in a vertical
		lade hinge is at the bot nnected to the bottom	
a. I only	b. II only	d. Both I & II	d. Neither I & II
9. When re-routing greater, in order to	•	ecessary to increase th	ne wire size, if the distance is
a. Account for currenc. Compensate for vo	-	b. Allow for possible d. Account fo	resistance drop or ampacity drop
10. One megohm is the	ne equivalent of	·	
a. 100 ohms	b. 1000 ohms	c. 100,000 ohms	d. 1,000,000 ohms

11. On smaller	r gauges of wir	e, they are pen	cil-strip	ped to prevent _		·
a. Over strippi	ng b. loos	ening of the wi	ire nut	c. Nicks the wi	re	d. Other
12. Galvanized	d conduit is ma	de of	·			
a. Iron	b. Zinc	c. Nicl	kle	d. Lead		
13. The frame	of a motor is u	sually positive	ly groui	nded to	•	
a. Protect agai c. Provide 115			d. Prot	b. Remove the tect from lightni		currents
14. When wra		with both rubb	per and	friction tape, the	e main	purpose of the friction
a. Provide extra required	ra insulation	b. Bu	ild up	the insulation	to the	e minimum thickness
c. Protect the 1	rubber tape	d. Pro	vide a w	aterproof seal		
15. An electri because they _		t wear shoes t	hat hav	e sponge rubbe	r soles	while working mainly
a. Wear out to c. Are not insu		d. Are		not waterproof ounctured when	steppir	ng on a nail
16. The transfe	ormer output is	measured by _		·		
a. Volts	b. Amps	c. Volt-amps		d. Watts		
17. Which of t	the following h	acksaw blades	should	be used for the b	est res	ults in cutting EMT?
a. 12 teeth per	inch b. 18 t	eeth per inch	c. 24 t	eeth per inch	d. 32 to	eeth per inch
	acted or protec	-	ure to t	he weather will	not in	terfere with successfu
I. Weather pro	oof II. Rai	ntight	III. Wa	atertight		
a. I only	b. II only	c. I & II only		d. I, II & III		
19. The rating	of the largest s	ize regular plu	g fuse is	s amperes.		
a. 15	b. 20	c. 30	d. 60			
20. A hacksaw	with fine teet	n used to cut ra	ceways	is commonly ca	lled a	·
a. Tube saw	b. Key	hole saw		c. Sabre saw		d. Crosscut saw
21. You should	dn't use a file v	without a handl	e becau	se	<u>_</u> .	
a. The file is h c. The file will				user may be inj roper filling stro		
22. The bright	ness of an inca	ndescent lamp	is rated	in	_·	
a. Watts	b. Foot candle	c. Vol	t-amps	d. Lum	ens	

	y winding of a 10 tave turns.	to 1 step down trans	former has 20,000	turns, the secondary
a. 200,000	b. 2000	c. 200	d. 20	
24. An electron is	·			
a. A neutronc. A proton		b. An orbiting partie d. The smallest part		negative charge
25. The signals of	f electrical injury m	ay include	·	
I. Unconsciousne	ss II. Weak, irreg	gular, or absent pulse	III. Dazed, confu	sed behaviour
a. I only b.	II only c. III o	nly d. I, II & III		
	is intended to be surisdiction over		ory application by §	governmental bodies
I. Electrical instal	lation	II. And for use by in	nsurance inspectors	
a. Both I & II	b. Neither I no	or II c. I only	d. II only	
27. The name of t	he tool common us	ed for bending small	size conduit is a	·
a. Growler b.	Mandrel c. Hick	xey d. Henry		
28. When cutting	holes in masonry w	which of the following	g tools is most com	monly used?
a. Auger bit b.	Router bit c. Star	drill d. Reamer		
29. Electrician's	diagonal lineman pl	iers should not be us	ed to cut	·
a. Aluminum wire	e b. Copper wire	e c. St	eel wire d.	Copper-clad wire
30. One of the folcontact with the s	-	hing to do when a pe	erson gets an electric	e shock and is still in
b. Treat for burnsc. Start artificial r		y using a dry stick or tely	dry rope	
31. A "mil" meas	ures			
a. 1/8" b.	0.000001"	c. 0.001" d. 0.0	00010"	
32. The term "her	tz" means	·		
a. Car rental com	pany	b. Frequency	c. Degrees	d. Phase angle
33. The difference	e of electrical poter	itial between two cor	nductors of a circuit	is the
a. Resistance	b. Amperage	c. Voltage	d. Wattag	ge
34. The letters DI	PDT are used to ide	ntify a type of	·•	
a. Insulation	b. Fuse	c. Motor	d. Switch	L

35. The term "ampere-hour" is associated with
a. Motors b. Transformers c. Electromagnets d. Storage batteries
36. Which of the following would improve the resistance to earth?
I. Use multiple ground rods II. Treat the soil III. Lengthen the ground rod
a. I only b. II & III only c. I & III only d. I, II & III
37. A tap tool is a tool used to
a. Cut external threads c. Ream raceways b. Remove broken bolts d. Cut internal threads
38. When cutting a metal conduit with a hacksaw, the pressure applied to the hacksaw should be on
a. The return stroke onlyb. The forward stroke onlyc. Both the forward and return stroke equallyd. None of these
39. The switches to be closed in order to obtain a combined resistance of 5 ohms are
10 ohms 5 ohms 20 ohms
sw 1
sw 2
sw 3
X Y
a. 1 & 3 b. 2 & 3 c. 1 & 2 d.1 & 4
40. When the term "10-32" in connection with machine screws commonly used in lighting work, the number 32 refers to
a. Screw length b. Screw thickness c. Diameter of hole d. Threads per inch
41. To fasten a box to a terra cotta wall you would use
a. Lag bolts b. Expansion bolts c. Wooden plugs d. Rawl plugs
42. The output winding of a transformer is called the
a. Primary b. Output c. Secondary d. Both a and b
43. The flux commonly used for the soldering of electrical conductors is
a. Zinc chloride b. Rosin c. Borax d. None of these
44. A shunt is sometimes used to increase the range of an electrical measuring instrument. The shunt is normally used when measuring
a. AC voltage b. DC voltage c. DC amperes d. AC amperes
45. A battery operates in the principle of
a. Photo emissionb. Triboelectric effectc. Electrochemistryd. Voltaic conductivity

46. When an electric	current is forced th	nrough a wire	that has considerable	e resistance, the
I. Ampacity will decre	ease II. Voltage wi	ll drop	III. Wire will heat up	,
a. III only	b. I & II only	c. II & III onl	y d. I &	III only
47. The continuity of	f an electrical circui	t can be deter	rmined in the field b	y the means of
a. An ammeter	b. Wheatstone	e bridge	c. Bell & battery set	d. Wattmeter
48. A wattmeter is con	nnected in in	the circuit.		
a. Series b. Paral	llel c. Series-para	llel d. Wa	ttage	
49. A shunt is used to	measure			
a. Resistance	b. Capacitance	c. Current	d. Wattage	
50. Which of the follo	wing is the symbol fo	r a duplex outl	et, split circuit?	_
	$-\!$	-		R
a.	b.		c.	d.

ANSWER

1.	C.	Does not absorb much moisture
2.	C.	Can be recharged

- 3. D. 12' steel tape
- 4. B. Turns-ratio
- 5. B. CSA of the wire
- 6. B. I only
- 7. B. Use at lower rated voltage
- 8. A. I only
- 9. C. Compensate for voltage drop
- 10. D. 1,000,000 ohms
- 11. D. Nicks in the wire
- 12. C. Iron
- 13. A. Protect against shock
- 14. A. Protect the rubber tape
- 15. C. Stepping on a nail
- 16. C. Volt-amps
- 17. D. 32 teeth per inch
- 18. D. I, II & III DEF 100
- 19. C. 30 240-51a
- 20. A. Tube saw
- 21. B. The user may be injured
- 22. D. Lumens
- 23. B. 2000
- 24. D. Atom negative charge
- 25. D. I, II or III
- 26. A. Both I & II 90-4
- 27. C. Hickey
- 28. C. Star drill
- 29. C. Steel wire
- 30. A. Dry stick or dry rope
- 31. C. 0.001"
- 32. B. Frequency
- 33. C. Voltage
- 34. D. Switch
- 35. D. Storage batteries
- 36. D. I, II & III Earth resistance
- 37. D. Cut internal thread
- 38. B. Forward stroke only
- 39. A. Switches 1 & 3
- 40. D. Threads per inch
- 41. D. Rawl plugs
- 42. C. Secondary
- 43. B. Rosin
- 44. C. DC amperes
- 45. C. Electro chemistry
- 46. C. II & III only
- 47. C. Bell and battery set
- 48. C. Series-parallel Wattmeter
- 49. C. Current
- 50. C. Split duplex

1. Using 1.5 volt dry cell, the voltage between A and B would be _____.

Α	-	- ⊙ _i		φ-	-O 1		
	—			 			В
a. 1.5	b. 4	c. 6	12				
2. A rigid con	nduit connec	ting to an outl	et box should	have a	·		
c. Locknut ar	n the outside nd bushing o	and a locknut					
		the Code in re o be recognize			or its term	inal, means	s that such a
a. Grounded	b. 1	Bonded	c. Color	red	d. Mar	ked	
4. A toaster v	will produce	less heat on lo	ow voltage be	cause		·	
a. Its total wa		creases changed			ent will de	crease	
5. If the curr	ent flow thro	ough a conduc	ctor is increas	ed, the ma	ignetic fiel	d around th	ne conductor
a. Is changed	b. 1	Becomes stror	nger	c. Collapse	es	d. Become	es weaker
6. Comparing	g a #6 to a #	10 conductor o	of equal lengtl	ns, the #6 v	will have lo	ower	·
a. Cost	b. `	Weight c.	Resistance	d. S	Strength		
7. The defini	tion of ambi	ent temperatur	e is	·			
a. The tempe conductor	rature of the	conductor		b.	The insu	lation rat	ing of the
c. The tempe	rature of the	area surround	ling the condu	ictor	d. The	different to	emperature
-	•	or using a hachductors is			eth rather	than coarse	teeth when
		overheat the co oulling strands				ade breaks e will bend	•
		ial service is system would			gle-phase	system. Th	e maximum
a. 115	b. 120	c. 199	d. 208				
10. When we motor.	orking on a	motor, the ele	ectrician shou	ld to	prevent ac	ecidental st	arting of the
a. Remove th	ne fuses b.	Ground the mo	otor c. Shut	off the swi	tch	d. Remov	e the belts

11. It is the respons	sibility of the elec	ctrician to make sure	e his tools are in go	od condition because
a. Defective tool can cause accidentsc. The company will pay for only one set of tools			•	want to use them quires perfect tools
12. Continually over	erloading a condu	ctor is a poor practic	ce because it causes	·
a. The conductor to c. The conductor to			ation to deteriorate the raceway	
13. For better illum	ination you woul	d		
a. Random spacing c. Evenly spaced, h			cing, numerous ligh	ts
14. A junction box	above a lay-in ce	iling is considered _	·	
a. Concealed	b. Accessible	c. Readily a	ccessible d	. Recessed
15. Which of the	following meta	als is most commo	only used in the	filament of a bulb?
a. Aluminum	b. Mercury	c. Tungsten	d. Platin	ım
16. Electrical equip	oment can be defin	ned as	·	
I. Fittings II. A	appliances	III. Devices	IV. Fixtures	
a. I only b. I	& IV only	c. I,III & IV only	d. All of these	
17. If two equal conductors is equal			in parallel, the re	esistance of the two
a. The resistance of c. One-half the resi			wice the resistance he resistance of both	
18. Wire connectitighten.	ons should encir	cle binding posts i	n the man	ner the nut turns to
a. Opposite	b. Same	c. Reverse	d. Differ	ent
19. Which of the fo	ollowing is a limit	switch?		
a.		b.	c.	d.
20. The primary an	d secondary wind	lings of a transforme	r always have	·
a. A common magnet.c. Separate magnet.			he same size e number of turns	
21. Which of the fo	ollowing is not the	e force which moves	electron?	
a. EMF	b. Voltage	c. Potential d. C	urrent	

22. A motor with a w	ide speed range is a _					
a. DC motor motor	b. AC motor	c. Synchronous moto	r d. Induction			
23. The "stator" of an	AC generator is anot	her name for the				
a. Rotating portion	b. Slip rings c. Sta	tionary portion d. Hou	ising			
24. Where galvanized	conduit is used, the i	main purpose of the gal	vanizing is			
a. Slow down rustc. Provide better stren25. To lubricate a mo	b. Pro agth d. Pro tor sleeve bearing you	ovide better continuity ovide a better surface for ovide use	or painting 			
a. Grease b. Vas	eline c. Oil	d. Graphite				
26. When soldering co	onductors, flux is use	d				
a. To heat the conduct. To prevent loss of l		b. To keep the surfaced. To bond the condu				
27 means so c successful operation.	constructed or protect	ed that exposure to the	weather will not interfere with			
a. Weatherproof	b. Weather tight	c. Weather resistant	c. Weather resistant d. All weather			
28. The current used to	for charging storage b	atteries is				
a. Square-wave	b. Direct	c. Alternating	d. Variable			
29. You should close	a knife switch firmly	and rapidly as there wi	ll be less			
a. Likelihood of arcin c. Danger of shock	g	b. Wear on th d. Energy used	e contacts			
30. If one complete cy	ycle occurs in 1/30 of	a second, the frequency	y is			
a. 30 hertz b. 60 C	Cycle c. 115 cycle	d. 60 hertz				
31. An instrument tha	t measures electrical	energy is called the	·			
a. Galvanometer	b. Wattmeter	c. Dynamometer	d. Watt-hour meter			
32. In electrical wiring, "wire nuts" are used to						
a. Connect wires to terminalsb. Join wires and insulate the jointsc. Connect the electroded. Tighten the panel studs						
33. Which of the follo	owing would be the be	est metal for a magnet?				
a. Steel	b. Aluminum	c. Lead	d. Tin			
34. An electrician ma	y use a megger	·				
a. To determine the R c. To check the watta		b. To determine the output of a motor d. To test a lighting circuit for a ground.				

35. The least important	thing in soldering tw	o conductors tog	ether is to	·
a. Use plenty of solder proper flux	b. Use suffi	b. Use sufficient heat c		ctors d. Use the
36. The property of a c energy to be converted				me time causing
a. The inductance	a. The inductance b. The resistance c. The			nnce
37. Rigid conduit is ger	nerally secured to out	let boxes by	·	
a. Beam clamps b	. Locknuts and bushi	ings c. Set scr	rew d. Offsets	
38. Which one of the fo	ollowing is not a safe	practice when lif	ting heavy items?	
a. Use the arm and leg possible	muscles	b	. Keep your back	as upright as
c. Keep lifting a heavy	object until you get h	ielp d	. Keep your feet spr	ead apart
39. A thermocouple wil	ll transform	into electricity	7.	
a. Current b. Heat	c. Wor	k d. Watts		
40. In a residence the w	all switch controlling	g the ceiling light	is usually	·
a. Connected across bot c. Connected in one line		b. A dou d. A 4-way swit	ble pole switch	
41. A switch which op be called a	•	nen the current e	xceeds a predetermi	ned limit would
a. Limit switch	b. Circuit brea	ker c. DT dis	sconnect d. Cor	ntactor
42. A wattmeter is a co	mbination of which t	wo of the followi	ng meters?	
I. Ammeter II. Ohmi factor meter	meter III. Phase mo	eter IV. Vol	meter	V. Power
a. II & III	o. I & V	c. I & IV	d. II & V	
43. What would the ohi	mmeter read?			
lack	Ţ	R2	50 ohms	
ohms?	RI \$ 100	ohms R3	50 ohms	
a. 100 ohms b	o. 200 ohms	c. 125 ohms	d. 50 ohms	
44. Acid is not consider	red a good flux when	soldering conduc	ctors because it	·
a. Smells bad	o. Is corrosive	c. Is non-conduc	etive d. Cos	sts too much

45. If the spring tension on	a cartridge f	fuse clip	is weak,	the result	most likely	would be
a. The fuse would blow immed b. The fuse clips would becom c. The voltage to the load wou d. The supply voltage would in	ne warm lld increase					
46. The branch circuit loads s	specified by t	the Code	for lighti	ng and reco	eptacles are	considered
a. Minimum loads b. Maxi	mum loads	c. Load	s to be ser	ved	d. Peak load	ls
47. The conductor with the hig	ghest insulatio	on tempe	rature ratin	g is	·	
a. RH b. TW	c. THWN	d. THE	ΙN			
48. After cutting a conduit, to	remove the r	ough ed	ges on both	n ends, the	conduit ends	should be
a. Reamed b. Filed	c. Sanded	d. Grou	nd			
49. To fasten a raceway to a so	olid concrete o	ceiling, y	ou would	use	·	
a. Toggle bolts	b. Expansion	bolts	c. Wooder	plugs	d. Rawl plu	gs
50. A commutator of a generat	tor should be	cleaned	with which	of the follo	owing?	
a. Emery cloth	b. Graphite	c. A sm	ooth file	d. Fine	e sandpaper	

ANSWER

1. C.	6 volts Series-parallel
2. D.	Locknut outside, Bushing inside
2. D. 3. A.	Grounded 200-1
3. A. 4. D.	All of these
4. D. 5. B.	
5. В. 6. С.	Becomes stronger Resistance
7. C.	Temperature surrounding
8. C.	Avoid snagging or pulling
9. B.	120v
л. Б . 10. А.	Remove the fuses
10. A. 11. A.	Defective tools cause accidents
12. B.	insulation to deteriorate
13. B.	Even spacing, numerous lights
14. B.	Accessible
15. C.	Tungsten
16. D.	All of these DEF 100
17. C.	½ the R of one conductor
18. B.	Same
19. C.	Limit switch
20. A.	Common magnetic circuit
21. D.	Current
22. A.	DC Motor
23. C.	Stationary portion
24. A.	Slow down rust
25. C.	Oil
26. B.	To keep surfaces clean
27. A.	Weatherproof DEF 100
28. B.	Direct
29. A.	Likelihood of arcing
30. A.	30 hertz
31. D.	Watthour meter
32. B.	Join wires and insulate the joint
33. A.	Steel
34. D.	Test lighting circuit for a ground
35. A.	Use plenty of solder
36. B.	The resistance
37. B.	Locknuts and bushings
38. C.	Not a safe practice
39. B.	Heat
40. C. 41. B.	Connected in one line only
41. B. 42. C.	Circuit breaker I & IV
42. C. 43. D.	50 ohms
43. D. 44. B.	Corrosive
45. B.	Fuse clips would become warm
45. B. 46. A.	Minimum loads 220-3b
40. A. 47. D.	THHN T. 310-13
48. A.	Reamed
49. B.	Expansion bolts
50. D.	Fine sandpaper
• •	I I -

1. To control a ceiling light from five dif	fferent locations it requires which of the following?
a. Four 3-way switches and one 4-way sb. Three 4-way switches and two 3-way c. Three 3-way switches and two 4-way d. Four 4-way switches and one 3-way s	switches switches
2. The advantage of AC over DC include	es which of the following?
a. Better speed controlc. Ease of voltage variationd. I	b. Lower resistance at higher current Impedance is greater
3. Which of the following is considered	the best electrical conductor?
a. Iron wire b. Copper wire	c. Aluminum wire d. Tin wire
4. The liquid in a battery is called the	
a. Askarel b. Festoon c. Hermeti	ic d. Electrolyte
5. A color coded is used in multiple-con	nductor cables. For 3-conductor cable the colors would be
a. One black, one red and one white c. One white, one black and one blue	b. Two black and one red d. Two red and one black
6. Explanatory material in the Code is ch	haracterized by
a. The word "shall" b. FPN	c. The word "may" d. The word "could"
7. The identified grounded conductor of light socket to	f a lighting circuit is always connected to the screw of a
a. Reduce the possibility of accidental sh c. Improve the efficiency of the lamp connect the wire	hock b. Ground the light fixture d. Provide the easiest place to
8. A box may be waterproof.	
a. Watertight b. Rainproof	c. Raintight d. All of these
	se conductors where used, the neural and all equipment gether when using metal enclosures or raceways. The
a. Currents would circulate through indivb. Less expensive to install a single racec. Less labor hours for pulling wires in ad. Conductors are easier to pull in a sing	way a single raceway
10. Installing more than three curren	nt carrying conductors in the same conduit requires
a. A larger conduitc. Derating of ampacity	b. High heat rated conductors d. Continuous loading

11. A	helps prevent a	rcing in r	novable co	ntacts.	
a. Spring	b. Condenser	c	. Resistor	d. Hydromete	er
	circuit is that ting the circuit.	portion of	f a wiring s	system prior to	the final overcurrent protective
a. Service	b. Feeder	c. Power	d. Br	anch	
				end of the cone screw so that	ductor should wrap around the
b. The screw c. The conduct	pull on the cond will not become ctor will act as a ctor will not turn	e loose locking 1			
14. Determini	ng a positive w	ire on a si	ngle-phase	circuit is	·
	th a wattmeter th an ammeter			essible with a vo	ltmeter
15. A	_ is used for te	sting spec	ific gravity		
a. Thermocou	ple b. Meg	gger c	. Hydromet	er	d. Galvanometer
16. An autotra	ansformer differ	rs from ea	ch other ty	pes of transform	ers in that
b. It can be us c. Its primary	winding is alwased only in auto- and secondary wound with hea	mobiles winding a		sier secondary v	winding
17. Where the choice.	e is likel	y to be hi	gh, asbesto	s insulation on	the conductor would be a good
a. Temperatur	re	b. Humio	dity	c. Voltage	d. Amperage
18. If the end	of a cartridge for	use becon	nes warmer	than normal, yo	ou should
a. Tighten the c. Notify the	fuse clips utility company			ower the voltage nange the fuse	on the circuit
19. Which of	the following is	the poor	est conduct	or of electricity?	,
a. Mercury	b. Aluı	minum	c. Ca	rbon	d. Silver
20. The prima winding.	ary winding of a	a loaded s	tep-down t	ransformer has _	compared to the secondary
	age and current age and lower t			gher voltage and d. Lower volt	d current tage and higher current
21. Copper is	used for the tip	of a sold	ering iron b	ecause	·
a. Copper wilc. Solder will	l not melt not stick to oth	er alloys	d. Co	b. Copper is opper is less exp	very good conductor of heat

22. The sum of the vo	oltage drop aro	und a circuit is	equal to the so	ource voltage is
a. Kirchhoff's Law	b. Ohm's Lav	c. Nev	rin's Law	d. Faraday's Law
23. Piezoelectric is ca	used by crysta	ls or binding _	·	
a. Chemical b. Batt	tery c. Pres	ssure d. Hea	ıt	
24. Heavy duty lampl	nolders include	; .		
a. Admediumlampholb. Lampholders usedc. Lampholders ratedd. All of the above	oncircuits large	er than 20 ampe	eres	
25. The reason for ins	stalling electric	al conductors is	n a conduit is	·
a. To provide a groun conductors		umage d To		rease the ampacity of the
conductors	idetors from de	unage u. Te	avoid deid	ang for continuous four of
26. Discoloring of on	e end of a fuse	normally indic	ates	
a. Increased current	b. Excessive	voltage c. Lov	v resistance	d. Poor contact
27. Wing nuts are use	ful on equipme	ent where		
a. Cotter pins are used c. A wrench cannot b		d. Scre	b. The nuts rews cannot be	nust be removed frequently used
28. When resistors are	e connected in	series, the total	resistance is _	·
a. The sum of the indresistance value c. The equivalent of the resistance				ne equivalent of the smallest s than the value of the smallest
	olt incandescen	t light bulb is	operating at a	voltage of 125 volts, the result
a. It may be enough to c. Shorter life of the b				won't be as bright ge will be less than rated
30. Laminations are u	ised in transfor	mers to preven	t	
a. Copper loss	b. Weight	c. Eddy curre	nt loss	d. Counter EMF
31. The Code require	s which of the	following color	rs for the equip	oment grounding conductor?
a. White or gray c. Yellow		en or green wit e with a yellow	•	es
32. Sometimes mercu	ıry toggle swite	ches are used in	place of a reg	gular toggle switch because they
a. Are easier to connec. Are less expensive	ect	b. Do d. They glow	not wear out a	as quickly

33. The ass	signed color fo	r the high-leg	conductor of	a three-phase,	4-wire delta secondary is
a. Red	b. Black	c. Blue	d. C	Orange	
	ode rule for ma reason for the t				een two boxes is four, the
c. You can	pulling the condamage the galvey bends require	vanized coating	g on the condui		
35. The cor	rect word to de	fine wiring whi	ch is not conce	ealed is	·
a. Open	b. Uncov	ered c.	Exposed	d. Bare	
36. A solen	oid is a	·			
a. Relay	b. Pe	ermanent magn	et c. D	ynamo	d. Electromagnet
	ctrician should The main reason	-			nless he definitely knows
a. Personalc. Saving ti	• •		_	o find the pane off the wrong	
38. The bes	et thing to cut P	VC conduit wit	hin a tight area	ı is	_·
39. If a live	acksaw b. A conductor is co	•			utter etrical shock is determined
	of the conducto ent in the condu			the current is I	
40. Ohm's	Law is				
 a. An equation for determining power b. The relationship between voltage, current and power c. The relationship between voltage, current and resistance d. A measurement of wattage losses 					
41. What is	the normal tape	er on a standard	d conduit threa	d-cutting die?	
a. ½" per fo	oot b. ½	" per foot	c. 3/8" per	foot	d. ¾" per foot
42. In an A	C circuit the rat	io of the power	in watts to the	e total volt-amp	os is called the
a. Demand	factor b. Po	ower factor	c. T	urns-ratio	d. Diversity factor
	al load on any on the control of the normal			-	hall not exceed of ours or more.
a. 80%	b. 12	25% c. 70)%	d. 50%	
	eaters, each hav t. The current is	•		are connected i	in series across a 600-volt
a. 5	b. 17	c. 20	d. 80		

45. A ladder	which is painte	ed is a safety ha	azard mainly because	the paint
b. Is slipperyc. Causes the	after drying wood to crack		ungs ay cut the hands	
46. The chem	nical used as th	e agent in fire	extinguishers to fight	electrical fires is
a. CO ₂	b. K _O H	c. H ₂ O	d. L ₀ 6	
47. A location	n classified as	may be	temporarily subject to	dampness and wetness.
a. Dry	b. Damp	c. Moist	d. Wet	
48. The avera	age dry cell bat	tery gives an a	pproximate voltage of	f
a. 1.5	b. 1.2	c. 1.7	d. 2.0	
49. The protection.	circuit	is that portio	on of a wiring system	m beyond the final overcurrent
a. Lighting	b. Feeder	c. Signal	d. Branch	
50. What is th	ne voltage betv	veen points Y a	and Z?	
20 o x a. 72 volt	EACH o		12 ohms 12 ohms OHM LOADS IS 2 c. 24 volts	Z AMPERES Z d. 144 volts

JOURNEYMAN CLOSED BOOK EXAM #9 ANSWER

1. B. Three 4-way & two 3-way 2. C. Ease of variation 3. B. Copper wire 4. D. Electrolyte 5. A. Black, red white **FPN** 90-5 6. B. 7. A. Reduce shock 8. D. All of these Currents would circulate 9. A. 10. C. Derating of ampacity Condenser 11. B. 12. B. Feeder **DEF 100** Conductor will not turn off 13. D. An impossibility 14. D. 15. C. Hydrometer 16. C. Windings are common Temperature 17. A. 18. A. Tighten the clips 19. C. Carbon 20. C. Higher voltage and lower current 21. B. Copper good conductor Kirchhoff's Law 22. A. 23. C. Pressure 24. D. All of the above 210-21a 25. C. Protect from damage 26. D. Poor contact 27. B. Nuts removed frequency 28. A. Sum of individual resistances 29. C. Shorter life of bulb 30. C. Eddy current loss 31. B. Green or green with yellow stripes 32. B. Do not wear out as quickly 33. D. Orange 215-8 230-56 384-3e Makes pulling too difficult 34. B. 35. C. Exposed 36. D. Electromagnet 37. A. Personal injury 38. B. Nylon string 39. D. The contact resistance 40. C. Relationship between E, I & R 346-8 345-8 41. D. 3/4" per foot 42. B. power factor 43. A. 80% 384-16d. 44. A. I = E/R600/120 = 5amps 5 Amps 45. A. May conceal weak spots 46. A. CO₂ 47. A. Dry **DEF 100** 48. A. 1.5

49. D.

50. C.

Branch

24 volts

DEF 100

1. The neutral	conductor shall not	be	
a. Stranded	b. Solid	c. Insulated	d. Fused
2. The voltage	drop in a line can b	e decreased by	·
I. Increasing th	ne wire size II. I	ncreasing the current	III. Decreasing the load
a. I only	b. I and II o	only c. I, II and l	II d. I and III only
3. In a residence an outlet.	ce, no point along t	he floor line in any wa	ll space may be more than feet from
a. 6	b. 6 ½ c. 1	d. 10	
4. Insulating sa	afety grips on tools	·	
		ating equipment d. A	G
5. The rating orating.	of any one portable	e appliance shall not e	exceed percent of the branch circuit
a. 40	b. 50 c. 70	d. 80	
6. A generic t electrical insula		of non-flammable synt	hetic chlorinated hydrocarbons used as
a. Askarel	b. Acid	c. Chlorago	rm d. Solder
-	an electrical systemed a (an)	-	hanical function rather than an electrical
a. Receptacle	b. Device	c. Fitting d. C	outlet
8. An electrical	l condenser is best	defined as	
c. A coil of win	of layers of metal f re with layers of me		vaxed paper
9. Solid wire is	s preferred instead of	of stranded wire in pan	el wiring because
a. Costs less th c. Can be "shap			l carry more current ing required for solid
10. Which one	of the following is	not an insulator?	
a. Bakelite	b. Oil	c. Air d. S	alt water
11. The definit	ion of accessible (v	vire):	
a. Admitting cl			Not guarded by locked doors, elevation,
c. Not permane	ently closed in by the	ne building or structure	d. All of the above

12. The Code	e is designed fo	or safety regardless	of	·•		
I. Cost	II. Time	III. Maintenance	e IV. Ef	ficiency	V. Future stru	ıcture
a. I & II	b. III & IV	c. I through IV		d. I through	ı V	
13. When vo	ltage and curre	ent appear at their	zero and pea	ak values at	the same time, the	ey are in
	b. Group neant by "trave		. Balanced			
a. Wiring to a c. Wiring to a	a split receptac a door bell	le		o-wires betw of state elec	reen 3-way switch etrician	es
15. On a #4 d	lrill bit, the #4	is determined by _	·			
a. Hardness	b. Size	c. Strength d	. Length			
16. Wiring sy	ystems in wet le	ocations should be				
b. Separatedc. Separated	a permanent air by insulated bu by non-combus by a guard strip	stible tubing	nem from the	supporting s	surface.	
17. The best	type of fire ext	inguisher for an el	ectrical fire i	s a	·	
a. Dry chemic. Foam extir	cal extinguishe nguisher		. Soda-acid o . Carbon mo	extinguisher noxide extin	guisher	
	ally protected" h a	appearing on the	nameplate	of a motor i	ndicates that the	motor is
a. Fuse	b. Sw	vitch c. Break	er d. Hea	at sensing ele	ment	
19. A capacit	or is a device t	hat	_ energy.			
a. Produces	b. Stores	c. Opposes	d. Increases			
	orking near ac ially to avoid _	id storage batterie	es, extreme	care should	be taken to guard	l against
a. Overheatin	ng the electroly	te b. An ele	ectric shock	c. A short c	circuit d.	An
21. Which of	the following	statements is incor	rect?			
b. The conduction of the condu	it of an electric	a conductor causes cal system should b d in parallel in a ci AC	e grounded			
22. When ins	stalling raceway	y systems, it is esse	ential that th	ey be		
a. Rigidly sup	pported as requiin walls		b. Exp			

a. b. c. d.								
24. The reason for grounding the frame of a portable electric hand tool is to								
a. Prevent the frame of the total tool from becoming alive to ground b. Prevent overheating of the tool c. Prevent shorts d. Reduce the voltage drop								
25. Two metals of different materials shall not be joined together in order to avoid the action.								
a. Rusting b. Galvanic c. Reverse d. Corrosion								
26. A device which serves to govern in some predetermined manner the electric power delivered to the apparatus to which it's connected.								
a. Switch b. Feeder b. Service d. Controller								
27. The ungrounded conductor can be identified by the color								
a. White or gray b. Green or bare c. Pink flamingo d. None of these								
28. What is the maximum number of overcurrent devices allowed in a lighting and appliance panelboard?								
a. 24 b. 30 c. 36 d. 42								
29. A is a certain type cartridge fuse that can be readily replaced.								
a. Time-lag fuse b. Permanent fuse c. One-time fuse d. Renewable fuse								
30. The purpose of a Western Union splice is								
 a. For the use of the utility companies only b. For the purpose of strengthening a splice c. For use on the west coast only d. None of these 								
31. Electricity may be produced by means of forces.								
a. Mechanical b. Thermal c. Chemical d. All of these								
32. Copper-clad aluminum conductors have an ampacity								
a. Lower than copper but higher than aluminumb. Equal to copperc. Rating of their ownd. Equal to aluminum								
33. The heating element in a toaster has a								
a. Low resistance b. High resistance c. High conductivity d. None of these								

34. The total resistance of four 10 ohm resistors is	n parallel is		
a. 10 ohms b. 2.5 ohms c. 5 ohms d. 4	ohms		
35. To mark a point on the floor directly beneath	a point on the ceiling, it is best to use a		
a. Transit rod b. Plumb bob c. S	quare d. 12' tape		
36. Openings around electrical penetrations throuseilings shall be	igh fire-resistant rated walls, partitions, floors or		
a. Bushed b. Sleeved c. Firestopped	d. Isolated		
37. A generator exciter uses current.			
a. Alternating b. Direct c. Neither a or direct	lternating nor direct d. either alternating		
38. When installing an instrument meter on a par	nel, to obtain accurate mounting		
a. Use the meter and drill through the holes c. Use a template	b. Drill oversize holesd. Drill from back of panel		
39. The advantage of cutting a metal rigid cor	nduit with a hacksaw rather than pipe cutter is		
a. You do not need a vicec. Less reaming is required	b. Less energy required in cutting d. Threading oil is not required		
40. You would use an approved to proabox.	otect conductors from abrasion where they enter		
a. Locknut b. Bushing c. All thread d. H	lickey		
41. To reverse the rotation of a three-phase moto	r you would		
a. Reverse all the leads c. Turn it around d. R	b. Reverse two of the four leads everse any two of the three leads		
42. The output rating of a one horsepower motor	is		
a. 1840 watts b. 746 watts c. 1	d. 1000 watts		
43. In other than residential calculations, an ordin	nary outlet shall be calculated at		
a. 200 va b. 600 watts c. 300 watts	d. 180 va		
44. Impedance is present in the following type of	circuit:		
a. Resistance b. DC only c. AC only	d. Both AC and DC		
45. On an insulated conductor the type letter "TV	V" indicates		
	Thermoplastic-moisture resistance Thermal-with nylon		
46. A load is considered as continuous if it is exp	pected to continue for		
a. ½ hour b. 1 hour c. 2 hours d. 3	hours		

47. The standard classificate outlets.	ion of branch circuits	applied only to those	e circuits with					
a. Two or more	b. More than two	c. More than three	d. Three or more					
48. If the primary of the transformer is 480 and secondary is 240/120v, the wire on the is larger.								
a. Tertiary b. Secondary	c. Primary	d. windings						
49. The important function of a type S fuse is								
a. Non-interchangeable d. Fast acting	b. Slow burn	er c. Mo	c. Motor protection					
50. If the voltage is doubled the ampacity of a conductor								
a Increases b Decrease	c Doubles d Re	mains the same						

ANSWER

1. D. Fused 240-20 380-2b 2. D. I & III only 3. A. 6 feet 210-52a1 4. C. Used with other 5. D. 80% 210-23a 6. A. Askarel **DEF 100 DEF 100** 7. C. Fitting 8. D. Many layers can be set apart 9. C. Can be "shaped" better 10. D. Salt water 11. C. Not closed **DEF 100** 12. D. 1 Through V 90-1b 13. C. Phase 14. B. Two wire between 3-way 15. B. Size 16. A. Permanent air space Dry chemical 17. A. 18. D. Heat sensing element DEF 100 FPN 19. B. Stores 20. D. An explosion 21. D. Change DC to AC 22. A. Rigidly supported 23. B. Handy box 24. A. Prevent the frame 25. B. Galvanic 34b-3a 26. D. Controller **DEF 100** 27. C. Pink flamingo 28. D. 42 384-15 29. D. Renewable fuse 30. B. Strengthening the splice 31. D. All of these 32. D. Equal to aluminum T. 310-16 33. B. High resistance 34. B. 2.5 Ohms 10ohms/4 = 2.535. B. Plumb bob 36. C. Firestopped 37. B. Direct current 38. C. Use a template 39. C. Less reaming is required 40. B. **Bushings** 370-17b 41. D. Reverse any two of the three leads 42. B. 746 watts 43. D. 180va 220-3b9 44. C. AC only 45. B. Thermoplastic Moisture resistant **DEF 100** 46. D. 3 hours 47. A. Two or more 210-3 48. B. Secondary 49. A. Non-interchangeable 50. D. Ampacity remains the same

	o prevents continu	0 0	ages by discharging or bypassing surgever current while remaining capable
a. Surge arrester	b. Automatic fus	se c. Fuse	d. Circuit breaker
2. A conductive cognized as insula	_	ne or more layers o	of non-conducting materials that are n
a. Bare	b. Covered c	. Insulated d. Wi	rapped
3. In a DC circuit, to	he ratio of watts to	voltamperes is	
a. Unity b. G	reater than one c	. Less than one	d. Cannot tell what it might be
4. A current limiting in the faulted circuit	-	ctive device is a de	evice which will the current flowing
a. Reduce b. In	crease c. Mainta	ain d. None of th	nese
5. The horsepower	rating of a motor	·	
a. Is a measure of m		b. Is	the input to the motor d. Is the output of the motor
6. A common fuse a	and circuit breaker	works on the princi	ipal that
a. Voltage developsc. Current develops			reaks down insulation kpands a wire
7. The voltage will	lead the current who	en the	_ in the circuit.
a. Inductive reactanb. Reactance exceedc. Resistance exceedd. Capacitive reactan	ds the resistance in ds the reactance	the circuit	
8. Which of the foll	owing is an Allen h	nead bolt?	
	*		\oplus
a.	b.	c.	d.
		•	ism when actuated by some imperson, pressure, temperature, or mechanic
a. Remote-control	b. Automatic	c. Semi-auto	matic d. Controller
10. A 1000 watt, 12	20 volt lamp uses e	lectrical energy at	the same rate as a 14.4 ohm resistor of
a. 120 volts	b. 115 volts	c. 208 volts	d. 240 volts

	compressed air to on the compressed air to on the compression is higher than the compression are to be compressed air to on the compressed air to one the c				ould not exceed
a. May loosen ins c. Introduce a per	sulating tape rsonal hazard to the		ay blow dust to	o surrounding equair hose	uipment
12. Which of the	following is not us	ed to fasten e	quipment to co	ncrete?	
a. Expansion bol	t b. Lead sheat	h	c. Rawl plug	g d. Stee	el bushing
13. A single-pole	switch to operate	a light will ha	ve the wiring co	onnected in the _	conductor.
a. Grounded	b. Identified	c. U	ngrounded	d. Neu	ıtral
14. The decimal	equivalent of 9/16	is			
a. 0.5625 b.	0.675 c. 0.8°	75 d. N	one of these		
	tion most useful in ecident report would	•		of a similar type	e accident when
a. The nature of to. The weather co	he injury onditions at the tim		he cause of the d. The age of	accident of the person invo	olved
16. What is the to	otal wattage of this	circuit?			
a. 3.5 c. 16,800 ohms	b. 420 d. 140		120v	> 60 ohms	80
17. Artificial resp	piration after a seve b. Bleeding			ary when the shoot d. Unconsciou	
18. If the circuit	voltage is increased	l, all else rema	ains the same, o	only the w	ill change.
a. Resistance	b. Current	c. A	mpacity	d. Conductivi	ty
	nods of making joir by means of solder ction is/are				
II. Mechanical st	nder short circuit du rength as great as s ime required to ma	older	of solder		
a. I only b.	I & II only	c. II & III o	only	d. I, II & III	
20. Which of the	following plugs is	a polarized pl	lug?		
	4 F) ()
a.	b.		c.	d.	

21. When accidentally splashing a chemical i to	nto the eyes the best immediate first aid solution is
a. Look directly into the sunc. Flush eyes with clean water	b. Rub the eyes with dry cloth d. Close eyes quickly
22. It is generally not good practice to supply	lamps and motors from the same circuit because
	a higher voltage than that of a lighting circuit amon on motor circuits and would put the lights out he lights to dim or blink
a. I only b. II only c. III only	d. I, II & III
23. Which of the following is the correct wiri	ing to a light controlled by two 3-way switches? BLACK BLACK
WHITE	WHITE BLACK IV
a. I only b. II only c. III only	d. IV only
24. The Code considers low voltage to be	·
a. 480 volts or less b. 600 volts or less	c. 24 volts d. 12 volts
25. The cross-sectional area of the bus bar is	square inch.
a. 0.125 b. 1.34375 c. 11.5 d. None of these	
	10 3/4"
26. A high spot temperature in a corroded ele	ectrical connection is caused by a (an)
a. Increase in the flow of current through theb. Decrease in the voltage drop across the contc. Increase in the voltage drop across the contd. Decrease in the effective resistance of the	nnection nection
27 is the symbol used for the delta	connection.
a. Ω b. Σ c. ϕ	$\mathrm{d}.\gamma$
28. Because aluminum is not a magnetic metaconductors are grouped in a raceway.	al, there will be present when aluminum
<u> </u>	b. No heating due to hysteresisd. None of these

29. A switch i	s a device for				
II. Changing		etions nder short-circui	t conditions		
a. I only	b. I & II only	c. II & III only	y	d. I, II & III	
30. At least tv	vo persons are _·	required to be p	resent during a	high-voltage t	est because
-	can cover whi	le the one is on son can help	break	b. High voltaged. It eliminates	ge is too heavy for one es overtime
31. One of the	e essential fund	ctions of any swi	itch is to maint	ain a	·
b. Good low-r c. Good low-r d. Good high-	resistance cont resistance cont resistance con	tact in the closed act in the closed act in the open p tact in the open as a 30-amp rece	position position position		
32. Which of	the following	is a 50-amp rece	ptacle?		
a.		b.	c.		d.
33. When the be reduced by	ground resista	nce exceed	ls the allowable	e value of 25 of	hms, the resistance car
I. Paralleling III. Using a la	ground rods rger diameter	ground rod	_	nger ground roo nemical treatmo	
a. II & III onl	y	b. I, II & III o	nly c. II, I	II & IV only	d. I, II, III & IV
	gold are bette		electricity than	copper; howev	ver, the main reason
a. Weight	b. Str	ength	c. Melting poi	int	d. Cost is less
	-	luit are in 10 foo 10 foot conduit	•	-	aceway is 18 yards in
a. 4	b. 5	c. 6	d. None of the	ese	
36. The term	"open circuit"	means	·		
	is in an open a the circuit are	rea not in contact		•	osed on a building sposed

37. Which of the items below is used to test specific gravity?						
	0	Per	0-6-			
a.	b.	c.	d.			
	be installed as to prevenave		in it between outlets. The			
a. Low point at an o c. High point between	utlet en successive outlets	b. High point at an out d. Low point be	let etween successive outlets			
39. Brass is an alloy	of					
a. Zinc and copper b. Lead and copper c. Tin and lead d. Lead and tin						
40. Which type of the following portable fire extinguishers should be used on a live electrical fire?						
a. Carbon dioxide b. Water c. Foam d. Soda-acid						
41. Enclosed knife switches that require the switch to be open before the housing door can be opened, are called switches.						
a. Release b. Air-break c. Safety d. Service						
42. Which of the fol	lowing is a solenoid?					
一种	剩					
a.	t	o.	c. d.			
43. What Article of	the Code addresses hig	gh-voltage (over 600 volts	8)?			
a. 450 b. 23	0 c. 680	d. 490				
44. A close nipple _	·					
 a. Is always ½" or less in length b. Has no threads c. Has only internal threads d. Has threads over its entire length 						
45. When applying rubber tape to an electrical splice, it would be necessary to						
b. Apply an adhesivc. Apply the rubber	roperly during the apple to the splice before a tape after any other tape tape when installing	pplying the tape				
46. A stranded wire	with the same AWG a	s a solid wire				
a. Is used for higher c. Is larger in total d	_	b. Has a higher ampact. d. Has the same resista				

47. A limit sv	vitch is used or	a piece of ma	chinery to ope	en the circui	t when the _	·
	ceeds a preset laceeds a preset		b. Travel re mperature rea	eaches a pres ches a prese		
48. With swit	ches 1 and 2 cl	osed the comb	ined resistanc	e of the circ	uit is	ohms.
	10 ohms	5	ohms	20 oh	ıms	
sw 1	10 ohms		sw	20 ol	nms	
				sw 2	′	
X a. 30	b. 25	c. 10	d. 3			
49. When rig	id metal condui	its are buried th	he minimum c	cover require	ed by the Co	de is
a. 6"	b. 12"	c. 18"	d. 24"			
50. A fixture lampholder.	that weighs mo	ore than	_ pounds shal	l not be supp	ported by the	e screw shell of a
a. 2	b. 3	c. 4	d. 6			

ANSWER

- 1. A. Surge arrester 208-2
- 2. B. Covered DEF 100
- 3. A. Unity
- 4. A. Reduce the current 240-11
- 5. D. HP is the output
- 6. C. Current develops heat
- 7. A. Inductive exceeds capacitive
- 8. A. Allen head bolt
- 9. B. Automatic DEF 100
- 10. A. 120 volts $W=E^2/R$
- 11. A. May loosen the insulating tape
- 12. D. Steel bushing not used
- 13. C. Ungrounded conductor for switch 380-2b
- 14. A. 0.5625 is the decimal for 9/16"
- 15. B. The cause of accident
- 16. B. 420 watts total
- 17. C. Stoppage of breathing
- 18. B. Only the current will change
- 19. D. Solderless connections
- 20. C. Polarized plug
- 21. C. Flush eyes with clean water
- 22. D. I, II & III lamps & motors
- 23. C. III only 3-way switch connection
- 24. B. 600 volts or less 490-2
- 25. A. 0.125 csa of bus bar
- 26. C. Increase VD across the connection
- 27. D. Δ Delta symbol
- 28. B. Hysteresis 300-20 FPN
- 29. B. I & II only switch
- 30. C. If one person is hurt
- 31. B. Low resistance in closed position
- 32. B. 30 Amp Receptacle
- 33. D. I, II, III & IV ground resistance
- 34. D. Cost is less for copper
- 35. C. Six lengths of conduit
- 36. C. All parts of the circuit not in contact
- 37. D. Hydrometer
- 38. D. Low point
- 39. A. Zinc & copper
- 40. A. Carbon dioxide
- 41. C. Safety switch
- 42. B. Solenoid
- 43. D. Article 490
- 44. D. Threads over entire length
- 45. A. Stretch the rubber tape
- 46. C. Larger in total diameter
- 47. B. Travel reaches a preset limit
- 48. C. 10 ohms
- 49. A. 6 " Table 300-5
- 50. D. 6 pounds 410-15a

JOURNEYMAN

CLOSED BOOK EXAM # 12

1. Your forem you would use	nan asked you t e a	o measure	the insula	ation resistance	e of some c	onductors. T	o do this
a. Hydromete	r	b. Megg	er	c. Belt tes	ter	d. Wattmet	ter
2. The main d	lifference betwe	een a pipe	thread and	d a machine th	read is that	the pipe thr	ead is
a. Finer	b. Longer	c. Uneve	en d. T	Capered			
3. Receptacle	s in residential	wiring are	regularly	connected in		.	
a. Parallel	b. Perpendicu	ılar c	. Series	d. Diagon	al		
	in charge of a on them to		en prepari	ng to work on	a low volta	ge tension c	ircuit
-	when the load is on any circuit						
5. The term p	neumatic refers	s to	·				
a. Electricity	b. Stea	am c	. Air	d. Oil			
6. What type	of fastener wou	ıld you use	e to mount	a box to a ho	llow tile wa	ıl1?	
a. Expansion c. Rawl plugs			o. Toggle b l. Bolts wi	oolts th backing pla	tes		
7. If a low res	istance is conn	ected in pa	arallel with	h a higher resi	stance, the	combined re	sistance is
b. Always lessc. Always mo	ower than the ros than the low in the high rould be the low	resistance her resista	nce		the higher	resistance	
8. The lubrica	ant used to mak	e pulling v	wires throu	igh a conduit	easier is	·	
a. Grease	b. Powdered J	pumice c	. Vaseline	d. powder	ed soapston	ie	
9. The instrum	nent by which	electric po	wer is me	asured is a		·	
a. Ammeter	b. Rectifier	c. Voltm	eter d. V	Vattmeter			
	ection between he service is ca	_				ment ground	ling
a. Circuit	b. Equipment	c	. Main	d. Appliar	nce		
11. The larger	r the conductor	, the	·				
a. Higher the the resistance	resistance	b. Low	er the am	pacity	c. Higher th	ne voltage	d. Lower

12. A hook or	n the end of a fish tape is not	to	
-	m catching on joints and ben es, to be pulled	ds b. Tie a swab t d. Protect the e	
13. Which of	the following is a LL condui	it body?	
a. 14. When sole	b. dering two copper conductor	c. rs together, they are kept of	d. clean while heating by
c. Rubbing of	Tux the solder quickly ten with emery cloth ting the open flame to touch	them	
15. Metal cab	inets used for lighting circui	ts are grounded to	·
a. Reduce sho	ock hazard the fuse will blow in defecti		inate electrolysis wiring
16. In sockets	s, extension cord is protected	by means of the	knot.
a. Underwrite	ers' b. Clove hitch	c. Sheepshank	d. Western union
17. A branch	circuit that supplies a numbe	er of outlets for lighting a	nd appliances is a
a. Individual	b. Multi-purpose	c. General purpose	d. Utility
18. When thre	ee equal resistors are connec	ted in parallel, the total re	esistance is
-	e resistance of each n any one resistor	b. Less than anyone re d. None of the	
19. The effici	ency of the motor is a measu	ared of	
b. The torque c. How well i	speed of the motor the motor produces t converts electrical energy is output of the motor in horse		
20. When stri	pping insulation from an alu	minum conductor	
II. Ring the co	sulation as you would sharpe onductor and slip the insulati nsulation back and then cut o	on of the conductor	
a. I, II & III	b. I & II only	c. I & III only	d. II & III only
21. The	angle is the angle between	n the real power and the a	pparent power.
a. Lag	b. Power factor	c. Voltage-current	d. Watt

22. The most heat is	created when cu	rrent flows thr	ough which o	of the following?			
a. A 10 ohm condens c. A 10 ohm resistor	a. A 10 ohm condenser b. A 10 ohm inductance coil d. Heat would be equal						
23. 60 cycle frequenc	ey travels 180 de	grees in how	many seconds	s?			
a. 1/60 b. 1/12	20 c. 1/180	d. 1/30)				
24. The current carry	ing capacity of c	conductors exp	oressed in am	peres is			
a. Demand	b. Pressure	c. Am	pacity	d. Duty-cycle			
25. The electrician's	tapered reamer i	s used for					
a. Reaming the thread c. Reaming the ends	1 0		_	the holes in bushings noles in boxes			
26. Electricity is sold	by the kilowatt	which is	wat	ts.			
a. 10,000 b. 100	0	c. 100	d. 100,000				
27. Three-way switch	ning does not use	e the following	g conductor:				
a. Ungrounded	b. Trav	eler	c. Grounded	d. Switch leg			
28. The greater the no	umber of free ele	ectrons the bet	ter the	of a metal.			
a. Insulation wire	b. Resistance	c. Vol	tage drop	d. Conductivity			
29. To cut Wiremold	you would	·					
a. Use a chisel c. Use a pair of tin sn				cutter like an M.M. cutter ove the burr with a file			
30. Electrical contact device called a	-	closed when the	ne electrical c	current energizes the coils of a			
a. Thermostat	b. Reactor	c. Cor	denser	d. Relay			
31. A clamp-on amm	eter will measur	re	·				
a. Voltage when clamb. current when clamc. Accurately only when the control of the co	ped on a multi-c nen parallel to ca	onductor cabl able					
32. When current lea circuit is	ves its intended	path and retur	ns to the sour	ce, by passing the load, the			
a. Open b. Sho	orted c. Incom	mplete	d. Broken				
33. The electric press	ure or electromo	otive force is r	neasured by t	he			
a. Volt b. Elec	ctric meter	c. Watt	d. K	ilowatt			
34. Conduit installed	in a concrete sla	ab is considere	ed a				
a. Damp location	b. Moist location	on c. We	location	d. Dry location			

35. It is best as a safety measure, not to use water to extinguish electrical equipment fires. The main reason is that water						
a. May transmit shock c. Will not put the fire		b. Will turn to steamd. May damage the wiring				
36. The total oppositi	on to current flow in a	n AC circuit is	expressed in ol	hms and is called		
a. Impedance	b. Conductance	c. Relu	ıctance	d. Resistance		
37. Which of the item	ns below is a rotometer	?				
0		1	Diego.	(h-		
a.	b.		c.	d.		
_	burned the basic care s	_				
a. Cover and cool thec. Care for shock	burned area		vent infection of these			
39. A multimeter is a	39. A multimeter is a combination of					
a. Ammeter, ohmmete c. Voltmeter, ammete			tmeter, ohmme wattmeter and	eter and ammeter ammeter		
40. A good magnetic	material is					
a. Brass b. Cop	oper c. Iron	d. Aluminum				
41. Since fuses are ra	ted by an amperage an	d voltage a fuse	e will work on	·		
a. AC only b. AC	or DC c. DC only	d. Any voltage	e			
42. A fuse puller is us	sed in replacing	·				
a. Cartridge fuses	b. Plug fuses	c. Link fuses	d. Rib	bon fuses		
43. A pendant fixture	is a	·				
a. Hanging fixture	b. Recessed fixture	c. Bracket fixt	ture d. Noi	ne of these		
44. To fasten an outle would use		ls in a wall cons	structed of met	al lath and plaster, you		
a. Cement or mortar b. iron wire c. Nylon lath twine d. An approved box hanger						
45. The unit of measu	rement for electrical re	esistance to cur	rent is the	·		
a. Watt	b. Ohm	c. Volt	d. Amp			

46. A low ene	rgy power circuit	·	
	control circuit er supplied by transfo	b. Is a signal circuit d. None of these	
47. To conver	t AC to DC you will u	se	
a. Generator	b. Rectifier	c. Vibrator	d. Auto-transformer
48. S ₃ is a syn	nbol used on a drawing	g to indicate a	switch.
a. Flush	b. Single-pole	c. Four-way	d. Three-way
49. Action req	uiring personal interv	ention for its control:	
a. Controller	b. Automatic	c. Periodic d	uty d. Non-automatic
50. A voltmet	er is connected in	with the load.	
a. Series	b. Parallel c. Ser	ies-parallel d. Ser	ries-shunt

ANSWER

- 1. B. Megger
- 2. D. Tapered thread
- 3. A. Parallel
- 4. B. Consider circuit hot
- 5. C. Air
- 6. B. Toggle bolts
- 7. B. Less than the low resistance
- 8. D. Powdered soapstone
- 9. D. Wattmeter
- 10. C. Main DEF 100
- 11. D. Lower the resistance
- 12. D. Protect end of wire
- 13. A. LL conduit body
- 14. A. The use of flux
- 15. A. Reduce shock hazard
- 16. A. Underwriters'
- 17. C. General purpose DEF 100
- 18. B. Less than any one resistor
- 19. C. Converts into mechanical
- 20. C. I & III only
- 21. B. Power factor
- 22. C. 10 ohm resistor
- 23. B. 1/120
- 24. C. Ampacity
- 25. C. Reaming the ends
- 26. B. 1000
- 27. C. Grounded 380-2a
- 28. D. Conductivity
- 29. D. Hacksaw and file
- 30. D. Relay
- 31. D. Clamped perpendicular
- 32. B. Shorted
- 33. A. Volt
- 34. C. Wet location
- 35. A. May transmit shock to user
- 36. A. Impedance
- 37. A. Rotometer
- 38. D. All of these
- 39. B. Voltmeter, ohmmeter, ammeter
- 40. C. Iron
- 41. B. AC or DC
- 42. A. Cartridge fuses
- 43. A. Hanging fixture
- 44. D. An approved box hanger
- 45. B. Ohm
- 46. C. Supplied by transformers and batteries
- 47. B. Rectifier
- 48. D. Three-way
- 49. D. Non-automatic
- 50. B. Parallel