RME Exam 1
1.) can be generated. Ans. b I. Electricity II. Electrical Energy a. I only b. II only c. both I and II d. neither I nor II
 2.) A phenomenon where a circuit stores electrical energy is called Ans. b a. Inductance b. Capacitance c. Resistance d. Susceptance
3.) A general term including material, fittings, devices, appliances, fixtures, apparatus, and the like used as part of, or in connection with, an electrical installation is Ans. d a. premises wiring (system) b. service equipment c. utilization equipment d. equipment
 4.) A switch intended for use in general distribution and branch circuits. It is rated in amperes, and it is capable of interrupting its rated current at its rated voltage, is a switch. Ans. b a. bypass isolation b. general use c. isolating d. transfer
5.) The permanent joining of metallic parts to form an electrically conductive path that will ensure electrical continuity and the capacity to conduct safely any current likely to be imposed is known Ans. of a. ordinary tap joint b. scarf joint c. Britannia joint d. bonding
 6.) An instrument that is used to measure the diameter of a wire or cable to thousandths of an inch is Ans. b a. galvanometer b. micrometer c. hydrometer d. ruler
7.) A squirrel cage motor cab be started at full voltage. Ans. d I. Design A II. Design B III. Design C IV. Design D a. I only b. I and II only c. III and IV only d. I, II, III, and IV
8.) A is a braking system for an electric motor. I. friction braking II. Plugging III. Dynamic braking a. I only b. III only c. I and III only d. I, II or III
9.) Rigid metal conduit is permitted for wiring in hazardous locations if the conduit is threaded and made up wrench tight with at least full threads. Ans. b a. 4

b. 5

c. 7 d. 9
10.) A circuit breaker that has purposely introduced into it a delay in the tripping action and which delay decreases as the magnitude of the current increases is a circuit breaker. Ans. a a. Inverse time b. Adjustable c. Control vented d. Vented power
11.) It is the intent of this Code that factory installed internal wiring or the construction of equipment need not be inspected at the time of installation of the equipment, except to Ans. c I. detect alterations II. Detect damage III. Detect insulation type a. I only b. II only c. I and II only d. I, II and III
12.) A premises wiring system whose power is derived from a source such as a transformer that has no direct connection to the supply conductors originating in another system is a/an system. Ans. b a. Integrated b. Separately derived c. Interactive d. Isolated
13.) Listed or labeled equipment shall be installed, used. Or both, in accordance with any instructions included Ans. c I. by the foreman II. In the listing or labeling III. With the equipment from the manufacturer a. I only b. II only c. II and III only d. I, II and III
14.) Where conductors with an ampacity higher than the ampere rating or setting of the overcurrent device are used, the shall determine the circuit rating. Ans. b a. Conductor ampacity b. Overcurrent device c. Combined rating d. Derated ampacity 15.) are permitted to protect motor branch circuit conductors from overload. Ans. d I. Thermal relays II. Inverse time circuit III. Time delay fuses a. I only b. II only c. II and III only
c. II and III only d. I, II and III 16.) The power factor of an incandescent light bulb would be Ans. a a. unity b. 0.7 leading c. 0.7 lagging d. zero
17.) is a pliable raceway. Ans. b I. EMT II. ENT III. PVC a. I only b. II only c. I and III only d. I, II and III
18.) Flexible cords and cables shall be protected by where passing through holes in covers, outlet boxes or similar enclosures. Ans. d I. fittings II. Bushings III. Tie wraps

a. I only b. II only c. II and III only d. I and II only
19.) A transformer would most likely have a efficiency. Ans. d a. 60% b. 70% c. 80% d. 90%
20.) When alternating current flows through a conductor, there is an inductive action that causes the current in the conductor to be forced toward the outer surface. The current is greater at the surface than at the center of the conductor, this will cause the resistance in the conductor to increase de to the increased heating of the conductor. Ans. b a. Capacitive effect b. Skin effect c. Conductive effect d. Outer effect
21.) A value assigned to a circuit or system for the purpose of conveniently designating its voltage class is Ans. a a. Nominal voltage b. Voltage to ground c. Voltage (of a circuit) d. Voltage ²
22.) A type of AC motor that runs at a constant speed and is used for such purposes as an electric clock motor is amotor. Ans. d a. AC squirrel cage b. AC induction c. Wound rotor induction d. Synchronous
23.) is the resistance at the point of contact of two conductors or one conductor and another surface. Ans. b a. Conductor resistance b. Contact resistance c. Resistance per M/ft d. Resistance per K/ft
24.) is/are classified as a conduit body. Ans. d
25.) raceways are not suitable to enclose conductors that are subject to physical damage. Ans. c a. Rigid metal conduit b. Intermediate metal conduit c. PVC schedule 40 d. PVC schedule 80
26.) A low power factor in an industrial plant is most likely caused by Ans. a a. Insufficient resistive loads b. Insufficient inductive loads c. Excessive resistive loads d. Lack of synchronous condenser
27.) Where lighting outlets are installed in interior stairways, there shall be a wall switch at each floor level to control the lighting where the difference between floor levels is steps or more. Ans. c

a. Two b. Four c. Six d. Eight
28.) A voltage or current that is reversed at regular intervals is called voltage or current. Ans. c
29.) Of the following is a false statement. Ans. d a. The term kilowatt indicates the measure of power which is all available for work. b. The term kilovolt-amperes indicate the apparent power made up of an energy component. And a wattles or induction component. c. In an industrial plant, low power factor is usually due to underloaded induction motors. d. The power factor of a motor is much greater at partial loads than at full load. 30.) It is generally not good practice to supply lights and motors from the same circuit because Ans. d a. Lamps for satisfactory service must operate within closer voltage limits than motors. b. Overloads and short circuits are more common on motor circuits. c. When motors are started, the large starting current causes a voltage drop on the circuit and the lights will blink or burn dim. d. all of these
31.) In general, motors are designed to operate in a maximum ambient temperature of unless specifically designed for a higher temperature. Ans. d a. 60° C b. 50° C c. 45° C d. 40° C
32.) A type of single phase motor that can be operated on either ac or dc is amotor. Ans. c a. Multispeed b. Capacitor-start c. Universal d. Repulsion-induction
33.) For screw shell devices with attached leads, the conductor attached to the screw shell shall be in color. Ans. a a. White or gray b. Orange c. Green d. Black
34.) Branch circuit conductors shall have an ampacity not less than Ans. b a. The load increased 125% b. 100% of the load to be served c. 80% of the load to be served d. 125% of the continuous load plus 80% of the non continuous load
35.) A switch intended for isolating an electric circuit from the source of power that has no interrupting rating and it is intended to be operated only after the circuit has been opened by some other means is a/an Ans. a a. Isolating switch b. Bypass isolation switch c. General use switch d. Transfer switch
36.) Raceways or cable trays containing electric conductors shall not contain Ans. d I. pipe for steam II. Tube for air III. Pipe for water

a. I only b. II only c. III only d. I, II or III
37.) Not readily accessible to persons unless special means for access are used is Ans. c a. Elevated b. Guarded c. Isolated d. Listed
38.) After cutting a conduit, to remove the rough edge on both ends, the conduit ends should be Ans. c a. Sanded b. Shaped c. Burnished d. Ground
39.) The instrument used to indicate phase relation between current and voltage is the Ans. b a. Megger b. Power factor meter c. Voltmeter d. Galvanometer
40.) To calculate the va. One needs to know the Ans. a a. Voltage and current b. Impedance and conductance c. Resistance and impedance d. Ohms and resistance
41.) You have an adjustable trip coil rated at 5 amps on a 200-amp switch. If you want the switch to trip at 120 amps, the trip coil should be set at Ans. b a. 2 amps b. 3 amps c. 4 amps d. 5 amps
42.) When an ammeter is disconnected from an in-service current transformer, the secondary terminals of the current transformer must be Ans. a a. Shorted b. Open c. Disconnected d. Grounded
43.) Reactance will cause the current in a circuit to vary only when Ans. a a. AC current flows b. DC current flows c. There is no resistance in the circuit d. There is resistance in the circuit
44.) Motors of 1/3, ½ and 1/8 are connected in parallel. Those motors deliver a total of Ans. a. 1 hp b. 7/8 hp c. 17/24 hp d. 0.07hp
 45.) Flexible cords and cables shall not be used Ans. c a. For wiring of cranes and hoists b. For prevention of the transmission of noise or vibration c. To run through holes in floors d. Simply to facilitate frequent interchange

46.) A fixture that weighs more than shall be supported independently of the outlet box. Ans. c a. 25 pounds b. 30 pounds c. 50 pounds d. 75 pounds
47.) The force which moves electrons from atom to atom through a closed conducting path is called Ans. d a. Flux b. Resistance c. Admittance d. emf
48.) An advantage of a 240-volt system compared with a 120-volt system of the same wattage is Ans. a a. Reduced voltage drop b. Reduced power use c. Large currents d. Lower electrical pressure
49.) A resistor has an indicated tolerance error of 10%. With a value of 1000 ohms, the minimum resistance the resistor may have is Ans. d a. 1100 ohms b. 990 ohms c. 910 ohms d. 900 ohms
50.) A transformer has a primary voltage of 120 volts and a secondary voltage of 480 volts. If there are 40 turns on the primary, the secondary contains Ans. d a. 10 turns b. 40 turns c. 120 turns d. 160 turns
RME Exam 2
1.) Frequency is measured in Ans. a
a. Hertz b. Voltage c rpm d. Foot pounds
2.) Which of the following would cause the most power to be dissipated in the form of heat? Ans. d a. X_L b. X_C c. Resonance d. Resistance
3.) is the combined opposition to current by resistance and reactance. Ans. b

a. Q b. Z c. X _C d. I ² R
 4.) An electrician in the industry would first check the to correct a low power factor. Ans. of a. Resistance b. Hysteresis c. Inductive load d. Reluctance
5.) Single conductor cable runs within a building are general common than multicable runs because Ans. c a. of conduit b. of the temperature c. the splicing is easier d. the weight is evenly distributed
6.) has the highest electrical breakdown strength and longest life over all other materials used for insulation. Ans. c a. Rubber insulation b. Woven cloth c. Impregnated paper d. Thermoplastic
7.) Voltage in a generator is produced by Ans. c a. Resonance b. Pressure c. Cutting lines of force d. Chemical
8.) To adjust the voltage generated by a constant speed DC generator, you would change the Ans. d a. Stator b. Slip rings c. Brushes d. Field current
 9.) The generator which is best suited for electroplating power is a generator. Ans. c a. Split-phase b. Six pole c. Separately excited d. Compound
10.)To change the rotation of a DC motor you would Ans. d a. Reverse capacitor leads b. Reverse A1 and A2 c. reverse commutator d. Reverse F1 and F2
11.) Frequency is determined by the of an alternator. I. size II number of poles III. Voltage IV. Rotation speed a. II only b. II and III only c. II and IV only d. I, II and IV only
12.) An example of a "made" electrode would be Ans. d a. Metallic water pipe b. Metal frame of a building c. concrete-encased d. Ground rod

13.) Illumination is measured in Ans. d a. Luminous flux b. Lumens c. Temperature d. Foot candles
14.) A motor enclosure designed and constructed to contain sparks or flashes that may ignite surrounding gas or vapor is called Ans. c a. Non-ventilated b. Encapsulated c. Explosion proof d. Water cooled
15.) The output of a 3phase transformer is measured in units called Ans. b a. Watts b. volt-amps c. Impedance d. Turns-ration
16.) Three horsepower is equivalent to watts. Ans. c a. 764 b. 2292 c. 2238 d. none of these
17.) Sometimes copper conductors are coated (tinned) to help prevent Ans. d a. Higher resistances b. Mechanical damage c. Capacitive reactance d. Chemical reaction
18.) A wheatstoned bridge is used to measure resistance. Ans. b I. low II medium III high a. I only b II and III only c. III only d. II only
19.) To check voltage to ground, you would check from Ans. d a. The breaker to the cabinet b. Hot to neutral c. The breaker to the grounding terminal d. All of these
20.) The inductive action that causes current to flow on the outside surface of a conductor is known as the Ans. b a. Corona effect b. skin effect c. Electrolitic action d. DC reactance
21.) Electrical continuity is required by the electrical code for metallic conduit Ans. a a. To assure equipment grounding b. To reduce static electricity c. To reduce inductive heat d. To trace electrical wiring
22.) The resistance of an open circuit is equal to Ans. c a. Less than one ohm b. Zero c. Infinity

23.) An electrical timer switch for lighting is normally connected in with the lighting circuit being controlled. Ans. a a. Series b. Parallel c. Sequence d. Tandem
 24.) The definition of ampacity is Ans. d a. The current-carrying capacity of conductors expressed in volt-amper b. The current –carrying capacity expressed in amperes c. The current-carrying capacity of conductors expressed in wattage. d. The current in amperes a conductor can carry continuously under the conditions of use without exceeding its temperature rating.
25.) The grounded conductor would connect to the of a lampholder. Ans. a a. Screw shell b. Filament c. Base contact d. Lead in wire
26.) A three-phase, 6 pole AC alternator 34kva, on a Y-connected system. During one complete mechanical rotation will have electrical rotations. Ans. c a. 1 b. 1 ½ c. 3 d. 12
27.) The voltage per turn of the primary of a transformer is the voltage per turn of the secondary. Ans. b a. More than b. The same as c. Less than d. None of these
28.) A single concrete-encased electrode shall be augmented by one additional electrode if it does not have a resistance to ground of Ans. d a. 25 ohms b. 30 ohm c. 50 ohms d. not a Code requirement
 29.) Which of the following is not true about alternating current? Ans. c a. Develops eddy current b. It can be transformed c. Is suitable for charging batteries d. Interferes with communication lines
30.) On a 120v single phase circuit, ground fault protection for personnel operates on the principal of unbalance current between Ans. a a. The grounded and ungrounded conductor b. The ungrounded conductor c. The grounding conductor and the neutral conductor d. The service disconnect and the branch circuit
31.) Ina 3-phase circuit, how many electrical degrees separate each phase? Ans. c a. 360 b. 180 c. 120 d. 90

d. none of these

32.) duty is a type of service where both the load and the time intervals may have wide variations. Ans. d a. Continuous b. Periodic c. Intermittent d. Varying
33.) The definition of ambient temperature is Ans. c a. The temperature of the conductor b. The insulation rating of the conductor c. The temperature of the area surrounding the conductor d. The maximum heat the insulation can be used within
34.) As the power factor of a circuit is increased Ans. a a. Reactive power is decreased b. Active power is decreased c. Reactive power is increased d. Both active and reactive power are increased
35.) Tinning rubber insulated twisted cable is done to Ans. b a. Make the strands stronger b. Prevent chemical reactions between the copper and the rubber c. Increase the resistance d. Meet NEMA requirements
36.) A negatively charged body has Ans. a a. Excess of electrons b. Excess of neutrons c. Deficit of electrons d. deficit of neutrons
37.) A fluorescent light that blinks "on" and "off" repeatly may in time Ans. d a. Cause the fuse to blow b. Cause the switch to wear out c. Cause the wire to melt d. Result in damage to the ballast
38.) Electrical appliances are connected in parallel because it Ans. a a. Makes the operation of appliances independent of each other b. Results in reduced power loss c. Is a simple circuit d. Draws less current
39.) What relationship determines the efficiency of electrical equipment? Ans. d a. the power input divided by the output b. The volt-amps x the wattage c. The va divided by the pf d. The power output dived by the input
40.) What is the formula to find watt hours? Ans. b a. E x T 1000 b. E x I x T c. I x E x T/1000 d. E x T x φ/1000
 41.) Of the six ways of producing emf, which method is used the least? Ans. d a. Pressure b. Solar c. Chemical action d. Friction
42.) The voltage produced by electromagnetic induction is controlled by Ans. a

a. The number of lines of flux cut per secondb. Eddy currentsc. The size of the magnetd. The number of turns
43.) As the power factor of a circuit is increases Ans. a a. Reactive power is decreased b. Active power is decreased c. Reactive power is increased d. Both active and reactive power are increased
44.) The breakdown voltage of an insulation depends upon value of AC voltage. Ans. c a. r.m.s b. Effective c. Peak d. 1.732 of peak
45.) The AC system is preferred to the DC system because Ans. c a. DC voltage cannot be used for domestic appliances b. DC motors do not have speed control c. AC voltages can be easily changed in magnitude d. High-voltage AC transmission is less efficient
46.) DC series motors are used in applications where is required. Ans. b a. Constant speed b. High starting torque c. Lon no-load speed d. none of these
 47.) Basically all electric motors operate on the principle of repulsion or Ans. b a. Magnetism b. Induction c. Resistance d. Capacitance
48.) A capacitor opposes Ans. c a. Both a change in voltage and current b. Change in current c. Change in voltage d. none of these
 49.) The armature current drown by any DC motor is proportional to the Ans. b a. Motor speed b. Voltage applied c. Flux required d. Torque applied
50.) The greatest voltage drop in a circuit occur when the the current flow through that part of the circuit. Ans. a a. Greater b. Slower c. Faster d. Lower
RME Exam 3
1.) The electromotive force required to cause a current to flow may be obtained Ans. d

 2.) Which of the following is not true? Ans. c a. A fluorescent fixture is ore efficient than an incandescent fixture. b. room temperature has an affect on the operation of a fluorescent lamp. c. Fluorescent fixtures have a good power factor with the current leading the voltage. d. The life of a fluorescent bulb is affected by starting and stopping.
 3.) Resistance opposes the flow of current in a circuit and is measured in Ans. c a. Farads b. Joules c. Ohms d. Henrys
 4.) Which of the following is true? Ans. c a. Wooden plugs may be used for mounting electrical equipment in concrete. b. The high-leg conductor of a 4-wire delta is identified blue in color. c. The minimum size service permitted by the Code for a residence is 100 amps d. The ungrounded conductor is connected to the screw shell of lampholder.
5.) Multiple start buttons in a motor control circuit are connected in Ans. b
 a. Series b. Parallel c. Series-parallel d. none of these
 6.) Which of the following is not true? Ans. b a. Feeder demand factors are applicable to household electric ranges. b. A green colored conductor can be used as an ungrounded circuit conductor. c. Insulated conductors #6 or smaller shall be white or gray, no marking tape permitted. d. all joints or splices must be electrically and mechanically secure before soldering.
 7.) Special permission is Ans. d a. Granted by the electrical foreman on the job. b. Verbal permission by the inspector. c. Given only once on one blueprint change request. d. The written consent of the authority having jurisdiction.
8.) One million volts can also be expressed as Ans. ca. 1 millivoltb. 1 kilovolt
c. 1 megavolt d. 1 microvolt
9.) Resistance in a circuit may be Ans. c I. resistance of the conductors II. Resistance due to imperfect contact a. I only b. II only c. both I and II
d. neither I nor II
 10.) Which of the following is not true? Ans. c a. All receptacles on 15 and 20 amp branch circuits must be of the grounding type. b. Splices and joints shall be covered with an insulation equivalent to the conductor insulation. c. The size of the conductor determines the rating of the circuit. d. All 15 and 20 amp receptacles installed in a dwelling bathroom shall have GFCE protection.
 11.) A magnetic field is created around a conductor Ans. c a. Whenever current flows in the wire, provided the wire is made of magnetic material. b. Only when the wire carries a large current. c. Whenever current flows in the conductor. d. Only if the conductor is formed into a loop.

 12.) A universal motor has brushes that ride on the Ans. a a. Commutator b. Stator c. Inter-pole
d. Field
13.) How many kw hours are consumed by 25-60 watt light bulbs burning 5 hours in a 120v circuit? Ans. c a. 1.5 b. 180 c. 7.5 d. 75
 14.) A dynamo is Ans. d a. A pole line insulator b. A tool used to test dielectric strength c. A meter used for checking the R.P.M of a motor d. A machine for converting mechanical energy into electrical energy.
15.) Which of the following is/are generally used for field magnets? Ans. d I. copper II steel III wrought iron a. I and II only b. I and III only c. II and III only d. I, II and III
 16.) The difference between a neutral and a grounded circuit conductor is Ans. c a. Only a neutral will have equal potential to the ungrounded conductor. b. Only a neutrals outer covering is white or natural gray. c. Only a neutral carries unbalanced current d. There is no difference
17.) The normal rotation of an induction motor is facing the front of the motor. (The front of a motor is the end opposite the shaft). Ans. b a. Clockwise b. Counterclockwise
 18.) A function of a relay is to Ans. a a. Turn on another circuit. b. Produce thermal electricity c. Limit the flow of electrons d. Create a resistance in the field winding
 19.) Which of the following is not true? Ans. c a. It is an electrical impossibility to have a circuit with only inductive reactance because the metallic wire has a resistance. b. The voltage of a circuit is the greatest effective difference of potential that exists between any two conductors of a circuit. c. The current is said to lag the voltage in a circuit that has only capacitive reactance. d. Power factor is the phase displacement of current and voltage in and AC circuit.
20.) Unity power factor, which means that the current is in phase with the voltage, would be Ans d a. 0.50 b. 0.80 c. 0.10 d. 1.0
21.) Rheostats and potentiometers are types of resistors. Ans. ba. filmb. variablec. Fixed

d. Wirewound
 22.) A laminated pole is Ans. a a. One built up of layers or iron sheets, stamped from sheet metal and insulated. b. Used in transmission lines over 100kv c. A pole soaked in creosote d. Found in the western part of the U.S.A.
 23.) Which of the following is true? Ans. d a. Conductors of different systems may not occupy the same enclosure. b. Knife switches should be mounted in a horizontal position. c. 75 amps is a standard size d. Circuits are grounded to limit excess voltage to ground, which might occur from lighting or exposure to other higher voltage source.
24.) Electrical power is a measure of Ans. c a. Work wasted b. Voltage c. Rate at which work is performed d. Total work performed
25.) What percentage of the maximum (peak) voltage is the effective (R.M.S) voltage? Ans. b a. 100% b. 70.7% c. 63.7% d. 57.7% 26.) A low factor is commonly caused by Ans. c
 27.) Which of the following is not true? Ans. c a. Conduit painted with enamel cannot be used outdoors. b. All AC phase wires, neutral and equipment grounding conductors if used, must be installed in the same raceways. c. PVC shall have a minimum burial depth o 24" d. EMT raceway can be installed in an air conditioning-space heating duct.
 28.) Which of the following is not true? Ans. a a. Equal currents flow in the branches of parallel circuits. b. The total resistance of a parallel circuit is less than the smallest resistor in the circuit. c. The total current in a parallel circuit is the sum of the branch currents. d. In a parallel circuit, there is more than one path for the current flow.
 29.) Hysteresis is Ans. b a. The tool used to read the specific gravity of a battery. b. The lagging of magnetism, in a magnetic metal, behind the magnetizing flux which produces it. c. The opposite of impedance d. none of these
30.) The electric pressure of a circuit would be the Ans. a a. Voltage b. Amperage c. Resistance d. Wattage
31.) Permeability is Ans. b a. The opposite of conductance b. A measure of the ease with which magnetism passes through any substances. c. The total resistance to current flow.

d. The liquid substance in a battery.
32.) The Wheatstone bridge method is used for accurate measurements of Ans. c a. Voltage b. Amperage c. Resistance d. Wattage
33.) When a circuit breaker is in the OPEN position Ans. c I. you have a short in the ungrounded conductor II. you have a short in the grounded conductor a. I only b. II only c. either I or II d. both I and II
34.) In solving series-parallel circuits, generally you would Ans. b a. Treat it as a series circuit b. Reduce it to its simplest form c. Assume that all loads are equal d. Treat it as a parallel circuit 35.) A commutator is Ans. c a. A ditching machine b. The inter-poles of a generator c. A device for causing the alternating currents generated in the armature to flow in the same direction in the external circuit. d. A transformer with a common conductor.
36.) Which of the following is true? Ans. d a. EMT may be threaded b. The "white" colored conductor connected to the silver colored post on a duplex receptacle on a 120v two- wire branch circuit is called the "neutral" conductor. c. Plastic water pipe is approved to be used for electrical conduit. d. The screw shell of a lampholder may support a fixture weighting 6 pounds.
37.) To fasten a box to a terra cotta wall you should use which of the following? Ans. d a. Wooden plug b. Lag bolt c. Expansion bolt d. Toggle bolt
38.) If a 240 volt heater is used on 120 volts, the amount of heat produced will be Ans. c a. Twice as great b. Four times as great c. ¼ as much d. the same
39.) Which of the following about a strap wrench is/are true? Ans. d I. you can turn pipe using one hand II use in a tight corner pipe a. I only b. II only c. III only d. I, II and III
40.) When soldering a joint, the flux is used to Ans. b a. Keep the wire cool b. Keep the surface clean c. Lubricate the joint d. Maintain a tight connection
41.) The transferring of electrons from one material to another would be Ans. b a. Electrochemistry

b. Static electricityc. Solar electricityd. Piezoelectricity
42.) A minimum thickness of inch/inches of concrete over conduits and raceways should be used to prevent cracking. Ans. a a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. 4
43.) Wire connectors are generally classified as type(s). Ans. c I. thermal II. pressure
a. I only b. II only c. both I and II d. neither I nor II
 44.) One of the disadvantages of indenter or crimp connection is Ans. b a. They must be re-crimped at each annual maintenance inspection. b. That special tools are required to make the joint c. Eventually they will loosen d. They can only be used for copper conductor.
45.) The usual service conditions under which a transformer should be able to carry its rated load are Ans. d
I. at rated secondary voltage or not in excess of 105% of the rated value. II. at rated frequency III. temperature of the surrounding cooling air at no time exceeding 40degree C (104degree F) and average temperature of the surrounding cooling air during any 24-hour period not exceeding 30degree C. a. I only b. II only c. III only d. I, II and III
 46.) Which of the following is not true? Ans. b a. An autotransformer may be used as part of the ballast for lighting circuits. b. A branch circuit can never be supplied through an autotransformer. c. The losses of the autotransformer are less than those of a two-coil transformer. d. Autotransformers may be used as starting compensators for AC motors.
47.) Conductors supplying two or more motors shall have an ampacity equal to the sum of the full load current rating of all the motors plus% of the highest rated motor in the group. Ans. a a. 25 b. 80 c. 100 d. 125
48.) The symbol for a wye connection is Ans. d a. Σ b. Δ c. φ d. Y
 49.) The voltage of a circuit is best defined as Ans. c a. The potential between two conductors. b. The greatest difference of potential between two conductors c. The effective difference of potential between two conductors. d. The average R.M.S. difference of potential between any two conductors.

1.) Electrical current is measured in terms of Ans. b a. Electron pressure b. Electrons passing a point per second c. Watts d. Resistance
2.) A stop switch is wired in a motor circuit. Ans. a a. Series b. Series-shunt c. Series-parallel d. Parallel
3.) An autotransformer has Ans. a a. One coil b. Two coil c. Three coils d. Four coils
4.) An autotransformer has Ans. a a. One coil b. two coil c. three coil d. four coil
 5.) Concrete, brick or tile walls are considered as being Ans. c a. Isolated b. Insulators c. Grounded d. Dry locations
6.) A block is a symbol for apanel. Ans. c a. Power b. Wall-mounted c. Lighting d. Surface-mounted
7.) A corroded electrical connection Ans. c a. Decreases the voltage drop b. Decreases the resistance of the connection c. Increases the resistance at the connection d. Increases the ampacity at the connection
8.) An AC ammeter or voltmeter is calibrated to read RMS values; this means the meter is reading the
10.)The location of a wall receptacle outlet in the bathroom of a dwelling shall be installed And c a. The Code does not specify the location b. Adjacent tot eh toilet c. Within 36" of outside edge of basin d. Across from the shower

11.) On a delta three-phase four-wire secondary, how many hot wires may use the common neutral? Ans b a. 1 b. 2 c. 3 d. 4
12.) It shall be permissible to apply a demand factor ofto the nameplate-rating load of four or more appliances fastened in place served by the same feeder in a dwelling. Ans. b a. 70% b. 75% c. 60% d. 80%
13.) Insulated non-metallic boxes are made of Ans. c I. polyvinyl chloride II. Bakelite III bower-barf lacquer a. I only b. II only c. I and II only d. I, II and III
14.) Tungsten-filament lamps can be used on circuits. Ans. c a. AC b. DC c. AC and DC d. none of these
15.) An overcurrent protective device with a circuit opening fusible part that is heated and severed by the passage of overcurrent through it is called a Ans. b a. current-limiter b. Fuse c. Circuit breaker d. Thermal overload
16.) The service conductors between the terminals of the service equipment and a point usually outside the building, clear of building walls where joined by tap or splice to the service drop is called the Ans b a. Service drop b. Service-entrance conductor c. Service equipment d. none of these 17.) If you needed to know the provisions for the installation of stationary storage batteries, you would refer to Article of the Code. Ans. d a. 225 b. 445 c. 460 d. 480
18.) A chain wrench can be used Ans. d I. with one hand after the chain is around the conduit II. in confined places and close to walls III. for all sizes of conduit a. I and II only b. I and III only c. II and III only d. I, II and III
19.) To cut rigid conduit you should Ans. c a. Use 3-wheel pipe cutter b. Use a cold chisel and ream the ends

d. order it cut to size
20.) A fixture that weighs more than pounds shall be supported independently of the outlet box. Ans. d a. 25 b. 30 c. 35 d. 50
21.) Is it permissible to install direct current and alternating current conductors in the same outlet box? Ans. a a. Yes, if insulated for the maximum voltage of any conductor b. No, never c. Yes, if the ampacity is the same for both conductors d. Yes, in dry places
 22.) Electrical equipment shall be installed Ans. b a. Better than the minimum Code allows b. According to the local Code when more stringent than the N.E.C. c. According to the N.E.C. regardless of local code d. According to the local Code when less stringent than the N.E.C.
23.) Voltage drop in a wire is Ans. b a. The wire resistance times the voltage b. A percentage of the applied voltage c. A function of insulation d. Part of the load voltage
24.) Conductors shall not be installed in locations where the operating temperature will exceed that specified for the type of used. Ans. c a. Connectors b. Protection c. Insulation d. Wiring
 25.) Galvanized conduit has a finish exterior and interior of Ans. d a. Lead b. Copper c. Nickel d. Zinc
26.) Which of the following is the best type of saw to use to cut a 3" diameter hoe through ½" plywood? Ans. b a. Circular saw b. Saber saw c. Hack saw d. Cross-cut saw 27.) Which of the following machine screws has the smallest diameter? Ans. a a. 6-32 x 1 b. 10-32 x 3/4 c. 8-32 x ½ d. 10-24 x 3/8
28.) Which of the following is the most important factor contributing to an electricians safety on the job? Ans. c a. Work at a slow pace b. Always wear leather gloves c. Be alert at all times d. Never be late for break
29.) A one-quarter bend in a raceway is equivalent to an angle of degrees. Ans. a

c. Use hack saw and ream the ends

b. 45 c. 25 d. 180
30.) A 3 ohms, a 6 ohms, a 9 ohms and a 12 ohms resistor are connected in parallel. Which resistor will consume the most power? Ans. a a. 3 b. 6 c. 9 d. 12
31.) Listed ceiling (paddle) fans that do not exceed pounds in weight, with or without accessories, shall be permitted to be supported by outlet boxes identified for such use. Ans. a a. 35 b. 45 c. 50 d. 60
32.) The best way to lay out a 40 foot long straight line on a floor is to Ans. d a. Use a steel measuring tape with dark crayon b. Use a plumb bob with long string c. Use a long 2x4 and a lead pencil d. Use a chalk line
33.) Silver is used on electrical contacts to Ans. c a. Avoid corrosion b. Improve efficiency c. Improve continuity d. Improve appearance 34.) Electricians should be familiar with the rules and regulations of their job mainly to Ans. c a. Eliminate overtime b. Increase wages c. Perform their duties properly d. Save time
35.) To determine if the raceway is truly vertical an electrician would be use a Ans. d a. Plumb bob b. Transit level c. Square d. Level
 36.) In order to prevent a safety hazard an electrician should never Ans. a a. Strike a hardened steel surface with a hardened steel hammer. b. Use a soft brass hammer to strike a soft brass surface. c. Strike a soft iron surface with a hardened steel hammer. d. Use a soft iron hammer to strike a hardened steel surface.
37.) Service drop conductors not in excess of 600 volts shall have a minimum clearance of feet over residential property and driveways, and those commercial areas not subject to truck traffic. a. 10 b. 12 c. 15 d. 18
38.) When conduit or tubing nipples having a maximum length not to exceed 24" are installed between boxes they shall be permitted to be filled percent of its total cross-sectional area. Ans. d a. 31 b. 40 c. 53 d. 60

a. 90

39.) Before using rubber gloves when working on high voltage equipment the gloves should be Ans. b a. Cleaned inside and out b. Tested to withstand the high voltage c. Oiled inside and out d. Brand new
40.) Stranded wire should be before being placed under a screw head. Ans. b a. Tinned b. Twisted together tightly c. coated with an inhibitor d. Sanded
41.) A 3 ohms, 6 ohms, 9 ohms and 12 ohms resistor are connected in series. The resistor that will consume the most power is theohm. Ans. d a. 3 b. 6 c. 9 d. 12
42.) What Article of the NEC refers to grounding? Ans. c a. 230 b. 240 c. 250 d. 300
43.) The total of the following numbers 8 5/8", 6 ¼", 7 3/16" and 5 ¼" is ? Ans. a a. 27 5/16" b. 26 1/8" c. 28 7/8" d. none of these 44.) A fusestat is different than the ordinary plug fuse because a fusestat Ans. c a. Doesn't have threads b. Has left-hand threads c. Has different size threads d. Has an aluminum screw shell
45.) A fuse on a 20 amp branch circuit has blown. The fuse is replaced with a 20 amp fuse and the fuse blows when the switch is turned on. The electrician should Ans. d a. Check the ground rod connection first b. Change to a circuit breaker c. Install a 30 amp fuse d. Check the circuit for a problem
46.) To sharpen an electricians knife, you would use a stone. Ans. b a. Rubber b. Carborundum c. Rosin d. Bakelite
47.) The decimal equivalent of 3/16" is Ans. b a. 0.25 b. 0.1875 c. 5.33 d. none of these
48.) When drilling into a steel I-beam, the most likely cause for breaking a drill bit would be Ans. c a. The drill bit is too dull b. Too slow a drill speed c. Too much pressure on the bit d. Too much cutting oil on bit

RME Exam 5

1.) Locknuts are sometimes used in making electrical connections on studs. In these cases the purpose of the locknuts is to Ans. d
a. Be able to connect several wires to one stud
b. Make it difficult to tamper with the connection
c. Make a tighter connection
d. Prevent the connection from loosening under vibration
2.) To cut rigid conduit you should Ans. c
a. Use a 3-wheel pipe cutter
b. Use a cold chisel and ream the ends
c. Use a hacksaw and ream
d. Order it cut to size
3.)In the course of normal operation the instrument which will be least effective in indicating that a generator
may overheat because it is overloaded, is Ans. b
a. A wattmeter
b. A voltmeter
c. An ammeter
d. A stator thermocouple
4.) Two switches in one box under one face-plate is called a Ans. b
a. Double-pole switch
b. Two-gang switch c. 2-way switch
d. mistake
u. Inistake
5.) A conduit body is Ans. d
a. A cast fitting such as an FD or FS box
b. A standard 10 foot length of conduit
c. A sealtight enclosure
d. A "LB" or "T" or similar fitting
6.) A dwelling unit is Ans. d
a. One unit of an apartment
b. One or more rooms used by one or more persons
c. One or more rooms with space for eating, living, and sleeping
d. One or more rooms used as a housekeeping unit and having permanent cooking and sanitation provisions
7.) Enclosed means, surrounded by a which will prevent persons from accidentally contacting energiz parts. Ans. d
I. wall II. Fence II housing or case
a. I only
b. II only
c. III only
d. I, II or III
8.) Where the conductor material is not specified in the Code, the conductors are assumed to be
Ans. d
a. Bus bars
b. Aluminum
c. Copper-clad aluminum
d. Copper
9.) The voltage lost across a portion of a circuit is called the Ans. c
a. Power loss
b. Power factor
c. Voltage drop
d. Apparent va

10.) In a series circuit is common. Ans. b a. Resistance b. Current c. Voltage d. Wattage
11.) Batteries supply current. Ans. c a. Positive b. Negative c. Direct c. Alternating
 12.) Electron flow produced by means of applying pressure to a material is called Ans. c a. Photo conduction b. Electrochemistry c. piezoelectricity d. thermoelectricity
13.) Raceways shall be provided with to compensate for thermal expansion and contraction. Ans c a. Accordion joints b. Thermal fittings c. Expansion joints d. Contro-spansion
14.) An alternation is Ans. a a. One-half cycle b. One hertz c. One alternator d. Two cycles
15.) What is the function of a neon glow tester? Ans. d I. Determines if circuit is alive II. Determines polarity of DC circuits III. Determines if circuit is AC or DC a. I only b. II only c. III only d. I, II and III
 16.) What chapter in the Code is Mobile Homes referred to? Ans. b a. Chapter 3 b. Chapter 5 c. Chapter 6 d. Chapter 8 17.) Never approach a victim of an electrical injury until you Ans. b a. Find a witness b. Are sure the power is turned off c. Have a first-aid kit d. Contact the supervisor
18.) A wattmeter indicates Ans. a I. real power II. Apparent power if PF is not in unity III. Power factor a. I only b. II only c. III only d. I, II and III
 19.) The connection of a ground clamp to a grounding electrode shall be Ans. a a. Accessible b. Visible c. Readily accessible d. In sight

20.) The current will lead the voltage when Ans. d a. Inductive reactance exceeds the capacitive reactance in the circuit. b. Reactance exceeds the resistance in the circuit. c. Resistance exceeds the reactance in the circuit. d. Capacitive reactance exceeds the inductive reactance in the circuit. 21.) Mandatory rules of the Code are identified by the use of the word Ans. b a. Should b. Shall c. Must d. Could
22.) Which of the following is not one of the considerations that must be evaluated in judging equipment? Ans. c a. Wire-bending and connection space b. Arcing effects c. Longevity d. Electrical Insulation
23.) To increase the range of an AC ammeter which one of the following is most commonly used? a. A current transformer b. A condenser c. An inductance d. A straight shunt (not U-shaped)
24.) If a test lamp lights when placed in series with a condenser and a suitable source of DC, it is a good indication that the condenser is Ans. b a. Fully charged b. Short-circuited c. Open-circuited d. Fully discharged
25.) To transmit power economically over considerable distances, it is necessary that the voltages be high. High voltages are readily obtainable with currents. Ans. b a. Rectified b. AC c. DC d. Carrier
26.) Two 500 watt lamps connected in series across a 110volt line draws 2 amperes. The total power consumed is watts. Ans. c a. 50 b. 150 c. 220 d. 1000
 27.) The resistance of a copper wire to the flow of electricity Ans. d a. Decreases as the length of the wire increases b. Decreases as the diameter of the wire decreases c. Increases as the diameter of the wire increases d. Increases as the length of the wire increases
28.) Enclosed knife switches that require the switch to be open before the housing door can be opened. Ans. c a. Release b. Air-break c. Safety d. Service
 29.) A type of cable protected by a spiral metal cover is called in the field. Ans. a a. BX b. Greenfield c. Sealtight

d. Romex	
30.) The resistance of a circuit may vary due to Ans. a a. A loose connection b. Change in voltage c. Change in current d. Induction	
31.) Grounding conductors running with circuit conductors may be Ans. d I. uninsulated II. A continuous green III. Continuous green with yellow stripe, if covered a. I only b. II only c. III only d. I, II and III	
32.) For voltage and current to be in phase Ans. c I. the circuit impedance has only resistance II. The voltage and current appear at their values at the same time a. I only b. II only c. both I and II d. neither I nor II	zero and peak
 33.) The definition of ampacity is Ans. d a. The current-carrying capacity of conductors expressed in volt-amps b. The current-carrying capacity expressed in amperes. c. The current-carrying capacity of conductors expressed in wattage. d. The current in amperes a conductor can carry continuously under the conditions of use exceeding its temperature rating. 	without
 34.) Continuous duty is Ans. d a. A load where the maximum current is expected to continue for three hours or more. b. A load where the maximum current is expected to continue for one hour or more. c. Intermittent operation in which the load conditions are regularly recurrent. d. Operation at a substantially constant load for an indefinitely long time. 	
35.) A location classified as dry may be temporarily subject to Ans. c I. wetness II. Dampness a. I only b. II only c. both I and II d. neither I nor II	
36.) A is an enclosure designed either for surface or flush mounting and provided with trim in which a swinging door or doors are or may be hung. a. Cabinet b. Panelboard c. Cutout box d. Switchboard	a frame, mat, or
37.) A 15 ohm resistance carrying 20 amperes of current uses watts of power. Ans. c a. 300 b. 3000 c. 6000 d. none of these	
38.) When using a #14-2 with ground Romex, the ground carry current under normal op Ans. b a. Will b. Will not c. Will sometimes d. none of these	eration.

39.) As compared with solid wire, stranded wire of the same gauge size is Ans. d a. Better for higher voltages b. given a higher ampacity c. Easier to skin d. Larger in total diameter
40.) The type of AC system commonly used to supply both commercial light and power is the Ans. b a. 3-phase, 3-wire b. 3-phase, 4-wire c. 2-phase, 3-wire d. single-phase, 2-wire
41.) To make a good soldered connection between two stranded wires, it is least important to Ans. d a. Use enough heat to make the solder flow freely b. Clean the wires carefully c. Twist the wires together before soldering d. Apply solder to each strand before twisting the two wires together.
42.) The most important reason for using a condulet-type fitting in preference to making a bend in a one inch conduit is to Ans. d a. Avoid the possible flattening of the conduit when making the bend b. Cut down the amount of conduit needed c. Make a neater job d. Make wire pulling easier
43.) When skinning a small wire, the insulation should be "penciled down" rather than cut square to Ans. c a. Allow more room for the splice b. Save time in making the splice c. Decrease the danger of nicking the wire d. Prevent the braid from fraying
44.) Rubber insulation on an electrical conductor would quickly be damaged by continuous contact with Ans. c a. Water b. Acid c. Oil d. Alkali
 45.) A tester using an ordinary light bulb is commonly used to test Ans. d a. Whether a circuit is AC or DC b. For polarity of a DC circuit c. An overloaded circuit d. For grounds on 120 volts circuits
46.) Pigtails are used on brushes to Ans. c a. Compensate for wear b. Supply the proper brush tension c. Make a good electrical connection d. Hold the brush in the holder
 47.) With respect to fluorescent lamps it is correct to state Ans. a a. The filaments seldom burns out b. The starters and tunes must be replaced at the same time c. They are easier to install than incandescent light bulbs d. Their efficiency is less than the efficiency of incandescent light bulbs
48.) A stores energy in much the same manner as a spring stores mechanical energy. Ans. c a. Resistor

b. Coil c. Condenser d. none of these
 49.) An overcurrent trip unit of a circuit shall be connected in series with each Ans. d a. Transformer b. Grounded conductor c. Overcurrent device d. Ungrounded conductor
50.) lighting is a string of outdoor lights suspended between two points. Ans. b a. Pole b. Festoon c. Equipment d. Outline
RME Exam 6
Something that would effect the ampacity of a conductor would be Ans. d I. voltage II. Amperage III. Length IV. Temperature a. I only b. II only c. III only d. IV only
 2.) Alternating currents may be increased or decreased by means of a Ans. b a. Motor b. Transformer c. Dynamo d. Megger
3.) Fixtures supported by the framing members of suspended ceiling systems shall be securely fastened to the ceiling framing member by mechanical means such as Ans. d
4.) Which has the highest electrical resistance? Ans. da. Brassb. Ironc. Waterd. Paper
 5.) Conductor sizes are expressed Ans. b a. Only in circular mils b. In AWG or in circular mils c. In diameter or area d. in AWG or millimeters
 6.) Of the following, which one is not a type of file? Ans. c a. Half round b. Bastard c. Tubular d. Mill
7.) Oil is used in many large transformer to Ans. c a. Prevent breakdown due to friction b. Lubricate the core c. Cool and insulate the transformer d. Lubricate the coils

8.) Fractional horsepower universal motors have brushes usually made of Ans. c a. Copper strands b. Mica c. Carbon d. Thin wire rings
 9.) When administering first aid to a worker suffering from fright as a result of falling from a ladder the most important thing to do is Ans. b a. Position the person to a sitting position b. Cover the person and keep the person warm c. Apply artificial respiration immediately d. Check the rungs of the ladder
 10.) Fractional horsepower universal motors have brushes usually made of Ans. c a. Copper strands b. Mica c. Carbon d. Thin wire rings
11.) If a co-workers is burned by acid from a storage battery, the proper first aid treatment is to wash with Ans. c a. Iodine and leave it open to the air b. Vinegar and apply a wet dressing c. Water and apply Vaseline d. Lye and apply a dry bandage
 12.) A type of motor that will not operate on DC is the Ans. d a. Series b. Short shunt c. Long shunt compound d. Squirrel cage
13.) Receptacles installed on ampere branch circuits shall be of the grounding type. Ans. a a. 15 and 20 b. 25 c. 30 d. 40
14.) Where conductors carrying alternating current are installed in metal enclosures or metal raceways, they shall be so arranged as to avoid heating the surrounding metal by induction, to accomplish this shall be grouped together. Ans. d I. all phase conductors II. Where used, the neutral III. All equipment grounding conductors a. I only b. I and II only c. I and III only d. I, II and III 15.) A(an) changes AC to DC. Ans. d a. Battery b. Capacitor c. Alternator d. Rectifier
 16.) A steel measuring tape is undesirable for use around electrical equipment. The least important reason is the Ans. d a. Danger of entanglement in rotating machines b. Shock hazard c. Short circuit hazard d. magnetic effect
17.) is the ability of a material to permit the flow of electrons. Ans. d a. Voltage

b. Current c. Resistance d. Conductance
18.) Automatic is self-acting, operating by its own mechanism when actuated by some impersonal influence, such as a change in Ans. d I. temperature II. Pressure III. Current strength a. I only b. I and II only c. II only d. I, II and III
 19.) A fitting is Ans. d a. Part of a wiring system that is intended primarily to perform an electrical function b. Pulling cable into a confined area c. To be suitable or proper area d. Part of a wiring system that is intended primarily to perform a mechanical function
20.) The neutral conductor Ans. d a. Is always the "white" grounded conductor b. Has 70% applied for a household clothes dryer for a branch circuit c. Never apply ampacity corrections d. Carries the unbalanced current
21.) An appliance that is not easily moved from one place to another in normal use is a appliance. Ans. d a. Fastened in place b. Dwelling-unit c. Fixed d. Stationary
22.) All wiring must be installed so that when completed Ans. b a. It meets the current-carrying requirements of the load b. It is free of shorts and unintentional grounds c. It is acceptable to Code compliance authorities d. It will withstand a hy-pot test
 23.) Rosin is preferable to acid as a flux for soldering wire because rosin is Ans. d a. A dry powder b. A better conductor c. A nonconductor d. Noncorrosive
24.) Utilization equipment is equipment which utilizes energy for mechanical, chemical. Ans. b I. chemical II. Electric III heat a. I only b. II only c. III only d. I, II and III
 25.) The main purpose of using a cutting fluid when threading conduit is to Ans. c a. Prevent the formation of rust b. Wash away the metal chips c. Improve the finish of the thread d. Prevent the formation of electrolytic pockets
26.) Of the following, the best indication of the condition of the charger of a lead acid battery is the Ans. d a. Temperature of the electrolyte b. Level of the electrolyte c. Open circuit cell voltage d. Specific gravity

27.) In general, the man a. Core lossb. Exciting currentc. Temperatured. Primary voltage	ost important point t	o watch in the operation	of transformers is the	Ans. c
28.) When mounting Ans. d			to holes in shall not be u	ised.
a. I onlyb. II onlyc. III onlyd. I, II or III	I. masonry	II. Concrete	III. Plaster	
29.) Mica is common a. Cummutator bar b. Heater cord insulators c. Strain insulators d. Switchboard panel	separators tion	construction for	. Ans. a	
a. Excessive tensionb. Rating of the fusec. Insufficient pressd. Rating of the fuse	in the fuse clips is too low ure at the fuse clips is too high afety the magnetic co d ependent sources cked clocked		Ans. c	notor should
32.) Large squirrel cavoltage to a. Allow the rotor curb. Permit starting und c. Avoid excessive st d. Obtain a low starti	Ans. c rrent to build up grad ler full load tarting current		oltage considerably lower than t	he line
33.) If the voltage on a. Fail by insulation b. Have a longer life c. Burn more bright d. Consume less pow	oreakdown	ased 10%, the bulb will _	Ans. c	
34.) If the voltage on a. Fail by insulation b. Have a longer life c. Burn more bright d. Consume less pow	oreakdown	ased 10%, the bulb will _	Ans. c	
35.) All edges that ar a. Dotted b. Curved c. solid d. Broken	e invisible should be	represented in a drawing	g by lines that are	Ans. d
36.) A light bulb usua a. Air b. Neon c. H ₂ O	ally contains	Ans. d		

d. Either a vacuum or gas
37.) The service disconnecting means shall be installed Ans. d I. outside a building II. Inside a building III. At the meter a. I only b. II only c. III only d. either I or II
38.) Critical burns are potentially Ans. d a. Life-threatening b. disfiguring c. Disabling d. all of these
39.) A set of lights switched from three different places can be controlled by switches. Ans. a a. Two 3-way and one 4-way b. Two 3-way and one 2-way c. 2 single-pole d. four pole
40.) A fellow electricians is not breathing after receiving an electrical shock, but is no longer in contact with the electricity, the most important thing for you to do is Ans. a a. Start artificial respiration immediately b. Cover the person and keep warm c. Move the person to a window d. Remove the persons shoes
41.) A wrench you would not use to connect rigid metal conduit is a wrench. Ans. a a. Box end b. Chain c. Strap d. Stillson
42.) The instrument that would prove least useful in testing for opens, grounds, and shorts after the wiring has been completed is the Ans. b a. Voltmeter b. Ammeter c. Ohmmeter d. Megger
43.) A stranded wire is given the same size designation as a solid wire if it has the same Ans. d a. Weight per foot b. Overall diameter c. Strength d. Cross-sectional area
44.) A lighting fixture is to be controlled independently from two different locations. The type of switch required in each of the two locations is a Ans. c a. Double-pole, double-throw b. Double-pole, single-throw c. Single-pole, double-throw d. Single-pole, single-throw
45.) The rating "1000 ohms, 10watts" would generally apply to a Ans. c a. Transformer b. Relay c. Resistor d. Heater
46.) The open circuit test on a transformer is a test for measuring its Ans. c a. Insulation resistance

b. Copper losses c. Iron losses d. Equivalent resistance of the transformer 47.) The proper way to open a knife switch carrying a heavy load is to Ans. d a. Open it with care, to avoid damage to the auxiliary blade by the arc. b. Open it slowly sot that there will not be a flashover at the contacts. c. Tie a 5 foot rope on the switch handle and stand clear of the switch. d. Open it with a jerk so as to quickly break any arc.
48.) When thermal overload relays are used for the protection of polyphase induction motors, their primary purpose is to protect the motors in case of Ans. d a. short circuit between phases b. Low line voltage c. Reversal of phases in the supply d. Sustained overload
 49.) The National Electrical Code is sponsored by the Ans. d a. Underwriters Lab b. National Safety Council c. National Electrical Manufacturers Association d. National Fire Protection Association
RME Exam 7
 An advantage that rubber insulation has is that it Ans. c Is not damaged by oil Is good for extreme temperatures Does not absorb much moisture Will not deteriorate with age
 2.) The advantage of using a storage battery rather than a dry cell is the storage battery Ans. c a. Is portable b. Is less expensive c. Can be recharged d. Is easier to use
 3.) The least desireable device for measuring an electrical cabinet containing live equipment is a Ans. d a. 6' wooden ruler b. Plastic ruler c. Wood yardstick d. 12' steel tape
 4.) The relationship of a transformer primary winding to the secondary winding is expressed in Ans. It a. Wattage b. Turns-ration c. Current d. Voltage
 5.) When the size # 12 of a stranded wire is referred to, this number specifies the: Ans. b a. Strength of wire b. Cross sectional area of the wire c. Square inch area of the insulation d. The pounds per square inch 6.) The purpose of a clip clamp is to Ans. b I. ensure good contact between II. Make it possible to use cartridge fuses of a smaller size than that for which the fuses and the fuse clips III. prevent the accidental removal of the fuse due to vibration a. I, II and III b. I only c. II only d. I and II only

7.) To increase the life of an incandescent light bulb you could Ans. b a. Use at a higher than rated voltage b. Use at a lower than rated voltage c. Turn off when not in use d. Use at a higher wattage
 8.) Which of the following statements about mounting single-throw knife switches in a vertical position is (are) correct? Ans. a I. The switch shall be mounted so that the blade hinge is at the bottom II. The supply side of the circuit shall be connected to the bottom of the switch a. I only b. II only c. Both I and II d. Neither I nor II
9.) When re-routing conduit, it may be necessary to increase the wire size, if the distances is greater. In order to Ans. c a. Account for current drop b. Allow for possible resistance drop c. Compensate for voltage drop d. Account for ampacity
10.) One mega ohm is the equivalent of Ans. d a. 100 ohms b. 1 000 ohms c. 100 000 ohms d. 1 000 000 ohms
11.) On smaller gauges of wire, they are pencil-stripped to prevent Ans. c a. Over stripping b. Loosening of the wire-nut c. Nicks in the wire d. Other
12.) Galvanized conduit is made of Ans. a a. Iron b. Zinc c. Nickel d. Lead
13.) The frame of a motor is usually positively grounded to Ans. a a. Protect against shock b. Remove the static currents c. Provide 115 volts d. Protect from lightning
 14.) When wrapping a splice with both rubber and friction tape, the main purpose of the friction tape is to Ans. c a. Provide extra insulation b. Build up the insulation to the minimum thickness required c. Protect the rubber tape d. Provide a waterproof seal
15.) An electrician should not wear shoes that have sponge rubber soles while working mainly because they Ans. d a. Wear out too quickly b. Are not waterproof c. Are not insulated
d. Are easily punctured when stepping on a nail
16.) The transformer output is measured by Ans. c

a. Volts b. Amps c. Volt-amps d. Watts
17.) Which of the following hacksaw blades should be used for the best results in cutting EMT? Ans. d a. 12 teeth per inch b. 18 teeth per inch c. 24 teeth per inch d. 32 teeth per inch 18.) So constructed or protected that exposure to the weather will not interfere with successful operation is Ans. d
I. weather proof II. raintight III. Watertight a. I only b. II only c. I and II only d. I, II and III
19.) The rating of the largest size regular plug fuse is amperes. Ans. c a. 15 b. 20 c. 30 d. 60
20.) A hacksaw with fine teeth used to cut raceways is commonly called a Ans. a a. Tube saw b. Keyhole saw c. Sabre saw d. Crosscut saw
 21.) You shouldn't use a file without a handle because Ans. b a. The file is hard to hold b. The user may be injured c. The file will cut too deep d. Improper filing stroke
 22.) The brightness of an incandescent lamp is rated in Ans. d a. Watts b. Foot candles c. Volt-amps d. Lumens
23.) If the primary winding of a 10 to 1 step down transformer has 20000t turns, the secondary winding should have turns. Ans. b a. 200000 b. 2000 c. 200 d. 20
 24.) An electron is Ans. d a. A neutron b. An orbiting particle c. A proton d. The smallest part of an atom with a negative charge
 25.) The signals of electrical injury may include Ans. d I. unconsciousness II. Weak, irregular or absent pulse III. Dazed, confused behavior a. I only b. II only c. III or III

26.) This CODE is intended to be suitable for mandatory application by governmental bodies exercising legal jurisdiction over Ans. a
I. electrical installations a. Both I and II b. neither I nor II c. I only d. II only
27.) The name of the tool commonly used for bending small size conduit is a Ans. c a. Growler b. Mandrel c. Hickey d. Henry
28.)When cutting holes in masonry which of the following tools is most commonly used?Ans. c a. Auger bit b. Router bit c. Star drill d. Reamer
29.) Electrician's diagonal lineman pliers should not be used to cut Ans. c a. Aluminum wire b. Copper wire c. Steel wire d. Copper-clad wire
30.) One of the following is the first thing to do when a person gets an electric shock and is still in contact with the supply: Ans. a a. Remove the victim from contact by using a dry stick or dry rope b. Treat for burns c. Start artificial respiration immediately d. Shut off power within 10 minutes
31.) A "mil" measures Ans. c a. 1/8" b. 0.000001" c. 0.001" d. 0.00010"
32.) The term "hertz" means Ans. b a. Car rental company b. Frequency c. Degrees d. Phase angle
33.) The difference of electrical potential between two conductors of a circuit is the: Ans. c a. Resistance b. Amperage c. Voltage d. Wattage
34.) The letters DPDT are used to identify a type of Ans. d a. Insulation b. Fuse c. Motor d. Switch
 35.) The term "ampere-hours" is associated with Ans. d a. Motors b. Transformers c. Electromagnets d. Storage batteries

 36.) Which of the following would improve the resistance to earth? Ans. d I. use multiple ground rods II. Treat the soil III. Lengthen the ground rod a. I only b. II and III only c. I and III only d. I, II and III
37.) A tap tool is a tool used to Ans. d a. Cut external threads b. Remove broken bolts c. Ream raceways d. Cut internal threads
38.) When cutting a metal conduit with a hacksaw, the pressure applied to the hacksaw should be Ans. b a. The return stroke only b. The forward stroke only c. Both forward and return stroke equally d. none of these
39.) When cutting a metal conduit with a hacksaw, the pressure applied to the hacksaw should be Ans. b a. The return stroke only b. The forward stroke only c. Both forward and return stroke equally d. none of these
40.) When the term "10-32" in connection with machine screws commonly used in lighting work., the number 3 refers to Ans. d a. Screw length b. Screw thickness c. Diameter of hole d. Threads per inch
41.) To fasten a box to a terra cotta wall you would use Ans. d a. Lag bolts b. Expansion bolts c. Wooden plugs d. Rawl plugs
42.) The output winding of a transformer is called the Ans. c a. Primary b. Output c. Secondary d. Both a & b
 43.) The flux commonly used for the soldering of electrical conductors is Ans. b a. Zinc chloride b. rosin c. Borax d. none of these
44.) A shunt is sometimes used to increase the range of an electrical measuring instrument. The shunt is normally used when measuring Ans. c a. AC voltage b. DC voltage c. DC amperes d. AC amperes
45.) A battery operates on the principle of Ans. c a. Photo emission

b. Triboelectric effect c. Electro chemistry d. voltaic conductivity
 46.) When an electric current is forced through a wire that has considerable resistance, the Ans. c I. ampacity will decrease II. Voltage will drop III. Wire will heat up a. III only b. I and II only c. II and III only d. I and III only
47.) The continuity of an electrical circuit can be determined in the field by the means of Ans. c a. An ammeter b. Wheatstone bridge c. Bell and battery set d. Wattmeter
48.) A wattmeter is connected in in the circuit. Ans. c a. Series b. Parallel c. Series-parallel d. none of these
49.) Shunt is used to measure Ans. c a. Resistance b. Capacitance c. Current d. Wattage
50.) Shunt is used to measure Ans. c a. Resistance b. Capacitance c. Current d. Wattage
RME Exam 8
 A rigid conduit connecting to an outlet box should have a Ans. d Bushing and locknut on the outside. Bushing on the outside and a locknut on the side Locknut and bushing on the inside Locknut on the outside and a bushing on the inside
 2.) A rigid conduit connecting to an outlet box should have a Ans. d a. Bushing and locknut on the outside. b. Bushing on the outside and a locknut on the side c. Locknut and bushing on the inside d. Locknut on the outside and a bushing on the inside
3.) Idenfified, as used in the Code in reference to a conductor or its terminals, means that such a conductor or terminal is to be recognized as Ans. a a. Grounded b. Bonded c. Colored d. Marked 4.) A toaster will produce less heat on low voltage because Ans. d a. Its total watt output decreases b. The current will decrease c. The resistance has not changed d. all of the above
5.) If the current flow through a conductor is increased, the magnetic field around the conductor Ans. b

 a. Is unchanged b. Becomes stronger c. Collapses d. Becomes weaker
6.) Comparing a #6 conductor to a #10 conductor of equal lengths, the #6 will have lower. a. Cost b. Weight c. Resistance d. Strength
7.) The definition of ambient temperature is Ans. c a. The temperature of the conductor b. The insulation rating of the conductor c. The temperature of the area surrounding the conductor d. The different temperature
8.) The primary reason for using a hacksaw blade with fine teeth rather than coarse teeth when cutting large stranded conductors is Ans. c a. A coarse blade would overheat the conductor b. A coarse blade breaks too easily c. To avoid snagging or pulling strands d. A fine blade will bend easier
9.) The standard residential service is a 3-wire, 240 volts single-phase system. The maximum voltage to ground in this system would be volts. Ans. b a. 115 b. 120 c. 199 d. 208
10.) When working on a motor, the electrician should to prevent accidental starting of the motor. Ans. a a. Remove the fuses b. Ground the motor c. Shut off the switch d. Remove the belts
11.) It is the responsibility of the electrician to make sure his tools are in good condition because a. Defective tools can cause accidents b. The boss may want to use them c. The company will pay for only one set of tools d. A good job requires perfect tool 12.) Continually overloading a conductor is a poor practice because it causes Ans. b a. The conductor to melt b. The insulation to deteriorate c. The conductor to shrink d. Damage to the raceway
13.) For better illumination you would Ans. b a. Random spacing of lights b. Even spacing, numerous lights c. Evenly spaced, higher ceilings d. cluster lights
 14.) A junction box above a lay-in ceiling is considered Ans. b a. Concealed b. Accessible c. readily accessible d. Recessed
15.) Which of the following metals is most commonly used in the filament of a bulb? Ans. c

b. Mercury c. Tungsten d. Platinum
16.) Electrical equipment can be defined as Ans. d `I. fittings II appliances III. Devices IV. Fixtures a. I only b. I and IV only c. I, III and IV d. all of the above
17.) If two equal resistance conductors are connected in parallel, the resistance of the two conductors is equal to Ans. c a. The resistance of one conductor b. Twice the resistance of one conductor c. One-half the resistance of one conductor d. The resistance of both conductors
18.) Wire connection should encircle binding posts in the manner the nut turns to lighten. Ans. b a. Opposite b. Same c. Reverse d. Different
19.) Wire connection should encircle binding posts in the manner the nut turns to lighten. Ans. b a. Opposite b. Same c. Reverse d. Different
20.) The primary and secondary windings of a transformer always have Ans. a a. A common magnetic circuit b. The same size wire c. Separate magnetic circuits d. The same number of turns 21.) Which of the following is not the force which moves electrons? Ans. d a. EMF b. Voltage c. Potential d. Current
 22.) A motor with a wide speed range is a Ans. a a. DC motor b. AC motor c. Synchronous motor d. Induction motor
 23.) The "stator" of an AC generator is another name for the Ans. c a. Rotating portion b. Slip rings c. Stationary portion d. Housing
 24.) Where galvanized conduit is used, the main purpose of the galvanized is to Ans. a a. Slow down rust b. Provide better continuity c. Provide better strength d. Provide a better surface for painting

a. Aluminum

 25.) To lubricate a motor sleeve bearing you would use Ans. c a. Grease b. Vaseline c. Oil d. Graphite
26.) When soldering conductors, flux is used Ans. b a. To heat the conductors quicker b. To keep the surfaces clean c. To prevent loss of heat d. Bond the conductors
27.) means so constructed or protected that exposure to the weather will not interfere with successful operation. Ans. a a. Weatherproof b. Weather tight c. Weather resistant d. All weather
28.) The current used for charging storage batteries is Ans. b a. Square-wave b. Direct c. Alternating d. Variable 29.) You should close a knife switch firmly and rapidly s there will be less Ans. a a. Likelihood arcing b. War on the contacts c. Danger of shock d. Energy used
30.) If one complete cycle occurs in 1/30 of a second, the frequency is Ans. a a. 30 hertz b. 60 cycle c. 115 cycle d. 60 hertz
31.) An instrument that measures electrical energy is called the a. Galvanometer b. Wattmeter c. Dynamometer d. Watthour meter
32.) In electrical wiring, "wire nuts" are used to Ans. b a. Connect wires to terminals b. Join wires and insulate the joint c. Connect the electrode d. Tighten the panel studs
33.) Which of the following would be the best metal for a magnet? Ans. a a. Steel b. Aluminum c. Lead d. Tin
34.) An electrician may use a megger Ans. d a. To determine the RPM of a motor b. To determine the output of a motor c. To check wattage d. To test a lighting circuit for a ground
35.) The least important thing in soldering two conductors together is to Ans. a a. Use plenty of solder

c. Clean the conductors d. Use the proper flux
36.) The property of a circuit tending to prevent the flow of current and at the same time causing energy to be converted into heat is referred to as Ans. b a. The inductance b. The resistance c. The capacitance d. The reluctance 37.) Rigid conduit is generally secured to outlet boxes by Ans. b a. Beam clamps b. Locknuts and bushings c. Set screws d. Offsets 38.) Which one of the following is not a safe practice when lifting heavy items? Ans. c a. Use the arm and leg muscles b. Keep your back as upright as possible c. Keep lifting a heavy object until your get help d. Keep your feet spread apart
39.) A thermocouple will transform into electricity. Ans. b a. Current b. heat c. work d. Watts 40.) In a residence the wall switch controlling the ceiling light is usually Ans. c a. Connected across both lines b. A double pole switch
 c. Connected on one line only d. A 4-way switch 41.) A switch which opens automatically when the current exceeds a predetermined limit would be called a
Ans. b a. Limit switch b. Circuit breaker c. DT disconnect d. Contactor
 42.) A wattmeter is a combination of which two of the following meters? Ans. c I. ammeter II. Ohmmeter III. Phase meter IV. Voltmeter V. Power factor meter a. II and III b. I and V c. I and IV d. II and V
43.) Acid is not considered a good flux when soldering conductors because it Ans. b a. smells bad b. Is corrosive c. Is non-conductive d. costs too much
44.) Acid is not considered a good flux when soldering conductors because it Ans. b a. smells bad b. Is corrosive c. Is non-conductive d. costs too much
45.) If the spring tension o a cartridge fuse clip is weak, the result most likely would be Ans. b a. The fuse would blow immediately b. The fuse clips would becomes warm c. The voltage to the load would increase

b. Use sufficient heat

d. The supply voltage would increase	
46.) The branch-circuit loads specified by the Code for lighting and receptacles are considereda a. Minimum loads b. Maximum loads c. Loads to be served d Peak loads	Ans.
47.) The conductor with the highest insulation temperature rating is Ans. d a. RH b. TW c. THWN d. THHN	
48.). After cutting a conduit, to remove the rough edges on both ends, the conduit ends should be Ans. a a. Reamed b. Filed c. Sanded d. Ground	·
 49.) To fasten a raceway to a solid concrete ceiling, you would use Ans. b a. Toggle bolts b. Expansion bolts c. Wooden plugs d. Rawl plugs 	
50.) A commutator of a generator should be cleaned with which of the following? Ans. d a. Emery cloth b. Graphite c. A smooth d. Fine sandpaper	
RME Exam 9	
 To control a ceiling light from five different locations if requires which of the following? Four 3-way switches and one 4-way switch Three 4-way switches and two 3-way switches Three 3-way switches and two 4-way switches Four 4-way switches and one 3-way switch 	Ans. b
 2.) The advantage of AC over DC includes which of the following? Ans. c a. Better speed control b. Lower resistance at higher current c. Ease of voltage variation d. Impedance is greater 3.) Which of the following is considered the best electrical conductor? Ans. b a. Iron wire b. Copper wire c. Aluminum wire d. Tin wire 	
 4.) The liquid in a battery is called the Ans. d a. Askarel b. Festoon c. Hermetic d. Electrolyte 	
5.) A color code is used in multiple-conductor cables. For a 3-conductor cable the colors would be _ Ans. a	·

a. One black, one red and one whiteb. Two black and one redc. One white, one black and one blued. Two red and one black
 6.) Explanatory material in the Code is characterized by Ans. b a. The word "shall" b. FPN c. the word "may" d. The word "could"
7.) The identified grounded conductor of a lighting circuit is always connected to the screw of a light socket to
a. Reduce the possibility of a accidental shock b. Ground the light fixture c. Improve the efficiency of the lamp d. Provide the easiest place to connect the wire 8.). A box may be weatherproof. Ans. d a. Watertight b. Rainproof
c. Raintight d. all of these
9.) The Code requires that all AC phase conductors where used, the neutral and all equipment grounding conductors be grouped together when using metal enclosures or raceways. The principal reason for this is
a. Currents would circulate through individual raceways b. Less expensive to install a single raceway c. Less labor hours for pulling wires in a single raceway 10.) Installing more than three current carrying conductors in the same conduit requires Ans.
a. A larger conduit b. High heat rated conductors c. Derating of ampacity d. continuous loading 11.) A helps prevent arcing in movable contacts. Ans. b a. Spring b. Condenser c. Resistor
 d. Hydrometer 12.) The circuit is that portion of a wiring system prior to the final overcurrent protective device protecting the circuit. Ans. b
a. Service b. Feeder c. Power
d. Branch 13.) When tightening a screw on a terminal, the end of the condenser should wrap around the screw in the same direction that you are turning the screw so that Ans. d a. When you pull on the conductor it will tighten b. The screw will not become loose c. The conductor will act as a locking nut
d. The conductor will not turn off 14.) Determining a positive wire on a single-phase is? a. Possible with wattmeter b. Possible with a voltmeter c. Possible with an ammeter d. An impossibility
15.) A is used for testing specific gravity. Ans. c a. Thermocouple b. megger c. hydrometer d. Galvanometer

16.) An autotransformer differs from other types of transformers in that
a. Its primary winding is always larger than its secondary winding
b. It can be used only in automobile
c. Its primary and secondary windings are common to each other
d. It must be wound with heavier wire
17.) Where the is likely to be high, asbestos insulation on the conductor would be a good choice.
Ans. a
a. Temperatureb. Humidity
c. Voltage
d. Amperage
18.) If the end of a cartridge fuse becomes warmer than normal, you should Ans. a
a. Tighten the fuse clips
b. Lower the voltage on the circuit
c. Notify the utility company
d. Change the fuse
19.) Which of the following is the poorest conductor of electricity? Ans. c
a. Mercury
b. Aluminum
c. Carbon
d. Silver
20.) The primary winding of a loaded step-down transformer has compared to the secondary winding.
Ans. c
a. Lower voltage and current
b. Higher voltage and current
c. Higher voltage and lower current
d. Lower voltage and higher current
21.) Copper is used for the tip of a soldering iron because Ans. b
a. Copper will not melt
b. Copper is a very good conductor of heat
c. Solder will not stick to other alloys d. Copper is less expensive
22.). The sum of the voltage drop around a circuit is equal to the source voltage is Ans. a
a. Kirchhoff's law
b. Ohm's law
c. Nevin's theory
d. Faraday's law
23.) Piezoelectric is caused by crystals or binding Ans. c
a. Chemical
b. Battery
c. Pressure
d. Heat
24.) Heavy-duty lampholders include Ans. d
a. Admedium lampholders rated at 660 watts
b. Lampholders used on circuits larger than 20 amperes
c. Lampholders rated at not less than 750 watts
d. all of these
25.) The reason for installing electrical conductors in a conduit is Ans. c
a. To provide a ground
b. To increase the ampacity of the conductors
c. To protect the conductors from damage
d. To avoid derating for continuous loading of conductors
26.) Discoloring of one end of a fuse normally indicates Ans. d
a. Increased current
b. Excessive voltagec. Low resistance
d. Poor contact
27.) Wing nuts are useful on equipment where Ans. b
a. Cotter pins are used
b. The nuts must be removed frequently
c. A wrench cannot be used
d. Screws cannot be used

28.) When resistors are connected in series, the total resistance is Ans. a a. The sum of the individual resistance values b. The equivalent of the smallest resistance values c. The equivalent of the largest resistance value d. Less than the value of the smallest resistance 29.) If a 120 volt incandescent light bulb is operating at a voltage of 125 volts, the result will be Ans. c a. It may be enough to blow a fuse b. The bulb won't be as bright c. Shorter life of the bulb d. The wattage will be less than rated
30.) Laminations are used in transformers to prevent Ans. c a. Copper loss b. Weight
c. Eddy current loss
d. Counter EMF31.) The Code requires which of the following colors for the equipment grounding conductor?Ans. I
a. White or gray
b. Green or green with yellow stripes
c. Yellow
d. Blue with a yellow stripe32.) Sometimes mercury toggle switches are used in place of a regular toggle switch because they
Ans. b
a. Are easier to connect
b. Do not wear out as quickly
c. Are less expensive d. They glow in the dark
33.) The assigned color for the high-leg conductor of a three-phase, 4-wire delta secondary is
Ans. d
a. Red
b. Black c. Blue
d. Orange
34.) The Code rule for maximum 90 degree bends in a conduit between two boxes is four, the most likely
reason for the total 360 degree limitation is Ans. b
a. It is unsafe b. It makes pulling the conductors through the conduit too difficult.
b. It makes pulling the conductors through the conduit too difficultc. You can damage the galvanized coating on the conduit
d. Too many bends require extra wire to be pulled
35.) The correct word to define wiring which is not concealed is Ans. c
a. Openb. Uncovered
c. Exposed
d. Bare
36.) A solenoid is a Ans. d
a. Relay
b. Permanent magnetc. Dynamo
d. Electromagnet
37.) An electrician should always consider the circuit to be "hot" unless he definitely knows otherwise. The
main reason is to avoid Ans. a
a. Personal injuryb. Having to find the panel
c. Saving time
d. Shutting off the wrong circuit
38.) The best thing to cut PVC conduit within a tight area is Ans. b
a. A short hacksawb. A nylon string
o. 11 ii jion buing

c. A knife
d. A pipe cutter
39.) If a live conductor is contacted accidentally, the severity of the electrical shock is determined primarily by
Ans. d
a. The size of the conductor
b. Whether the current is DC or AC
c. The current in the conductor
d. The contact resistance
40.) Ohm's law is Ans. c
a. An equation for determining power
b. The relationship between voltage, current and power
c. The relationship between voltage, current and resistance
d. A measurement of wattage losses
41.) What is the normal taper on a standard conduit thread-cutting die? Ans. d
a. ½" per foot
b. ½ per foot
c. 3/8 per foot
•
d. 3/4 per foot
42.) In an AC circuit the ration of the power in watts to the total volt-amps is called the Ans. b
a. Demand factor
b. Power factor
c. Turns-ratio
d diversity factor
43.) The total load on any overcurrent device located in a panelboard shall not exceed of its rating where
in normal operation the load will continue for 3 hours or more. Ans. a
a. 80%
b. 125%
c. 70%
d. 50%
44.) Four heaters, each having a resistance of 30 ohms, are connected in series across a 600-volt train circuit.
The current is amperes. Ans. a
a. 5
b. 17
c. 20
d. 80
45.) A ladder which is painted is a safety hazard mainly because the paint Ans. a
a. May conceal weak spots in the rails or rungs
b. Is slippery after drying
c. Causes the wood to crack more quickly
d. Peels and the sharp edges of the paint may cut the hands 16.) The chamical yield as the agent in fire artinguishers to fight electrical fires in
46.) The chemical used as the agent in fire extinguishers to fight electrical fires is Ans. a
a. CO ₂
b. K_0H
c. H_2O
$d. L_0 6$
47.) A location classified as may be temporarily subject to dampness and wetness. Ans. a
a. Dry
b. Damp
c. Moist
d. Wet
48.) The average dry cell battery gives an approximate voltage of Ans. a
a. 1.5
b. 1.2
c. 1.7
d. 2.0
49.) The circuit is that portion of a wiring system beyond the final overcurrent protection. Ans. d
a. Lighting
b. Feeder
c. Signal
d. Branch
50.) The circuit is that portion of a wiring system beyond the final overcurrent protection.
Ans. d

- a. Lightingb. Feederc. Signald. Branch

RME Exam 10

1.) The neutral conductor shall not be	Ans. d
a. Stranded	
b. Solid	
c. Insulated	
d. Fused	. 1
2.) The voltage drop in a line can be decreased by	
I. increasing the wire II. Increasing the curr	rent III. Decreasing the load
a. I only	
b. I and II only	
c. I, II and III	
d. I and III only	
3.) In a residence, no pint along the floor line in any w	all space may be more than feet from an outlet.
Ans. a	
a. 6	
b. 6 ½	
c. 12	
d. 10	
4.) Insulating safety grips on tools	Ans. c
a. Are enough	
b. Are not meant for that purpose	
c. Should be used with other insulating equipment	
d. Are not enough	
5.) The rating of any one portable appliance shall not e	exceed % of the branch circuit rating. Ans
d	
a. 40	
b. 50	
c. 70	
d. 80	
6.) A generic term for a group of non-flammable synth	etic chlorinated hydrocarbons used as electrical
insulating media. Ans. a	
a. Askarel	
b. Acid	
c. Chloragorm	
d. Solder	
7.) The part of an electrical system that performs a me	chanical function rather than an electrical function is
called a(n) Ans. c	
a. Receptacle	
b. Device	
c. Fitting	
d. Outlet	Ans. d
8.) An electrical condenser is best defined as a. A coil of wire	Alls. u
b. A wrapping of layers of metal foil	
c. A coil of wire with layers of metal foil	
d. A wrapping of many layers of metal foil set apart b	y wayad papar
9.) Solid wire is preferred instead of stranded wire in p	
a. Costs less than stranded	Alis. C
b. Solid will carry more currentc. Can be "shaped" better	
d. No derating required for solid	
10.) Which one of the following is not an insulator?	Ans. d
a. Bakelite	7 MIS. U
b. Oil	
c. Air	
d. Salt water	

11.) The definition of accessible (wire): Ans.a. Admitting close approachb. Not guarded by locked doors, elevation, etc.c. Not permanently closed in by the building or struct	
d. all of the above	
12.) The Code is designed for safety regardless of	Ans. d
	aintenance IV. Efficiency V. Future
expansion	
a. I and II	
b. III and IV	
c. I through IV	
d. I through V	d needs values at the same time, they are in
13.) When voltage and current appear at their zero an Ans. c	I peak values at the same time, they are in
a. Motion	
b. Group	
c. Phase	
d. Balanced	
14.) What is meant by "traveler wires"? An	s. b
a. Wiring to a split receptacle	
b. Two-wires between 3-way switches	
c. Wiring to a door bell	
d. Out of state electrician	
15.) On a #4 drill bit, the #4 is determined by	Ans. b
a. Hardness	
b. Size	
c. Strength d. Length	
16.) Wiring systems in wet locations should be	Ans. a
a. Placed so a permanent air space separates them fro	
b. Separated by insulated bushings	if the supporting surface
c. Separated by non-combustible tubing	
d. Protected by a guard strip	
17.) The best type of fire extinguisher for an electrical	l fire is a Ans. a
a. Dry chemical extinguisher	
b. Soda-acid extinguisher	
c. Foam extinguisher	
d. Carbon monoxide extinguisher	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	te of a motor indicates that the motor is provided with a
Ans. d	
a. Fuse	
b. Switch	
c. Breaker	
d. Heat sensing element19.) A capacitor is a device that energy.	Ans. b
a. Produces	Alls. U
b. Stores	
c. Opposes	
d. Increases	
	ne care should be taken to guard against sparks, essentially
to avoid Ans. d	
a. Overheating the electrolyte	
b. An electric shock	
c. A short circuit	
d. An explosion	
21.) Which of the following statements is incorrect?	Ans. d
a. Current flowing through a conductor causes heat	
b. The conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system should be ground the conduit of an electrical system.	nded
c. Volt meters are connected in parallel in a circuit	

d. Rectifiers change DC to AC
22.) When installing raceway systems, it is essential that they be Ans. a
a. Rigidly supported as required
b. Exposed
c. Concealed in walls
d. Readily accessible
23.) When installing raceway systems, it is essential that they be Ans. a
a. Rigidly supported as required
b. Exposed
c. Concealed in walls
d. Readily accessible
24.) The reason for grounding the frame of a portable electric hand too is to Ans. a
a. Prevent the frame of the tool from becoming alive to ground
b. Prevent overheating of the tool
c. Prevent shorts
d. Reduce the voltage drop
25.) Two metals of different materials shall not be joined together in order to avoid the action.
Ans. b
a. Rustingb. Galvanic
c. Reverse
d. Corrosion
26.) A is a device which serves to govern in some predetermined manner the electric power delivered
to the apparatus to which it's connected. Ans. d
a. Switch
b. Feeder
c. Service
d. Controller
27.) The ungrounded conductor can be identified by the color Ans. c
a. White or gray
b. green or bare
c. Pink flamingo
d. none of these
28.) What is the maximum number of overcurrent devices allowed in a lighting and appliance panelboard?
Ans. d
a. 24
b. 30
c. 36
d. 42
29.) A is a certain type cartridge fuse that can be readily replaced. Ans. d
a. Time-lag fuse
b. Permanent fuse
c. One-time fuse
d. Renewable fuse
30.) The purpose of a Western Union splice is Ans. b
a. For the use of the utility companies only
b. For the purpose of strengthening a splice
c. For use on the west coast only
d. none of these
31.) Electricity may be produced by means of forces. Ans. d
a. Mechanical
b. Thermal
c. Chemical
d. all of these
32.) Copper clad aluminum conductors have an ampacity Ans. d
a. Lower than copper but higher than aluminum
b. Equal to copperc. Rating of their own

d. Equal to aluminum
33.) The heating element in a toaster has a Ans. b
a. Low resistance
b. High resistance
c. High conductivity
d. none of these
34.) The total resistance of four 10 ohm resistor in parallel is Ans. b
a. 10 ohms
b. 2.5 ohms
c. 5 ohms
d. 4 ohms
35.) To mark a point on the floor directly beneath a point on the ceiling, it is best to use a
Ans. b
a. Transit rod
b. Plumb bob
c. Square
d. 12" tape
36.) Openings around electrical penetrations through fire-resistant rated walls, partitions, floors or ceilings shall
be Ans. c
a. Bushed
b. Sleeved
c. Firestopped
d. Isolated
37.) A generator exciter uses current. Ans. b
a. Alternating
b. Direct
c. neither alternating nor direct
d. either alternating or direct
38.) When installing an instrument meter on a panel to obtain accurate mounting Ans. c
a. Use the meter and drill through the holes
b. Drill oversize holes
c. Use a template
d. Drill from back of panel 20.) The advantage of outting a metal rigid conduit with a healysony rather than a nine outton is
39.) The advantage of cutting a metal rigid conduit with a hacksaw rather than a pipe cutter is
Ans. c
a. You do not need a vice
b. Less energy required in cutting
c. Less reaming is required
d. Threading oil is not required
40.) You would use an approved to protect from abrasion where they enter a box. Ans. b
a. Locknut
b. Bushing
c. All thread
d. Hickey
41.) To reverse the rotation of a three-phase motor you would Ans. d
a. Reverse all the leads
b. Reverse two of the four leads
c. Turn it around
d. Reverse any two of the three leads
42.) The output rating of a one horsepower motor is Ans. b
a. 1840 watts
b. 746 watts
c. 1500 watts
d. 1000 watts
43.) In other than residential calculations, an ordinary outlet shall be calculated at Ans. d
a. 200 va
b. 600 watts
c. 300 watts
d. 180 va
44.) Impedance is present in the following type of circuit. Ans. a
a. Resistance
b. DC only

c. AC only
d. both AC and DC
45.) On an insulated conductor the type letter "TW" indicates . Ans. b
a. Tie-wire
b. Thermoplastic-moisture resistant
c. Thermoplastic-waterproof
d. Thermal-with nylon
46.) A load is considered to be continuous if it is expected to continue for Ans. d
a. ½ hour
b. 1 hour
c. 2 hours
d. 3 hours
47.) The standard classification of branch circuits applies only to those circuits with outlets.
Ans. a
a. Two or more
b. More than two
c. More than three
d. Three or more
48.) If the primary of a transformer is 480 volts and secondary is 240/120v, the wire on the is larger.
Ans. b
a. Tertiary
b. Secondary
c. Primary
d. Windings
49.) The important function of a type S fuse is Ans. a
a. Non-interchangeable
b. Slow burner
c. Motor protection
d. Fast acting
50.) If the voltage is doubled the ampacity of a conductor Ans. d
a. Increases
b. Decreases
c. Doubles
d. Remains the same
Exam 11
1.) A is protective device for limiting surge voltages by discharging or bypassing surge current, and it
also prevents continued flow of follow current while remaining capable of repeating these functions.
Ans. a
a. Surge arrester
b. Automatic fuse
c. Fuse
d. Circuit breaker
2.) A conductor is one having one or more layers of non-conducting materials that are not recognized as
insulation. Ans. b
a. Bare
b. Covered
c. Insulated
d. Wrapped
3.) In a DC circuit, the ratio of watts to voltamperes is Ans. a
a. Unityb. Greater than one
c. Less than one
d. Cannot tell what it might be
4.) A current limiting overcurrent protective device is a device which will the current flowing in the
faulted circuit. Ans. a
a. Reduce
b. Increase
c. Maintain
d. none of these
5.) The horsepower rating of a motor Ans. d a. Is a measure of motor efficiency

c. Cannot be changed to watts
d. Is the output of the motor
6.) A common fuse and circuit breaker worked on the principal that Ans. c
a. Voltage develops heat
b. Voltage breaks down insulation
c. Current develops heat
d. Current expands a wire
7.) The voltage will lead the current when the in the circuit. Ans. a
a. Inductive reactance exceeds the capacitive reactance
b. Reactance exceeds the resistance in the circuit
c. Resistance exceeds reactance
d. Capacitive reactance exceeds the inductive reactance
8.) The voltage will lead the current when the in the circuit. Ans. a
a. Inductive reactance exceeds the capacitive reactanceb. Reactance exceeds the resistance in the circuit
c. Resistance exceeds reactance
d. Capacitive reactance exceeds the inductive reactance
9.) is self-acting, operating by its own mechanism when actuated by some impersonal influence, as for
example, a change in current strength, pressure, temperature, or mechanical configuration. Ans. b
a. Remote-control
b. Automatic
c. Semi-automatic
d. Controller
10.) A 1000 watt, 120 volt lamp uses electrical energy at the same rate as 14.4 ohm resistor on
Ans. a
a. 120 volts
b. 115 volts
c. 208 volts
d. 240 volts
11.) When using compressed air to clean electrical equipment the air pressure should not exceed 50 pounds. The main reason is higher pressure Ans. a
a. May loosen insulating tape
b. May blow dust to surrounding equipment
c. Introduce a personal hazard to the user
d. May rupture the air hose
d. May rupture the un nobe
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· · ·
12.) Which of the following is not used to fasten equipment to concrete? Ans. d
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12.) Which of the following is not used to fasten equipment to concrete? Ans. d a. Expansion bolt b. Lead shield c. Rawl plug d. Steel bushing
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12.) Which of the following is not used to fasten equipment to concrete? a. Expansion bolt b. Lead shield c. Rawl plug d. Steel bushing 13.) A single-pole switch to operate a light will have the wiring connected in the conductor. Ans. c a. Grounded b. Identified c. Ungrounded d. Neutral 14.) The decimal equivalent of 9/16 is Ans. a a. 0.5625 b. 0.675 c. 0.875
12.) Which of the following is not used to fasten equipment to concrete? Ans. d a. Expansion bolt b. Lead shield c. Rawl plug d. Steel bushing 13.) A single-pole switch to operate a light will have the wiring connected in the conductor. Ans. c a. Grounded b. Identified c. Ungrounded d. Neutral 14.) The decimal equivalent of 9/16 is Ans. a a. 0.5625 b. 0.675 c. 0.875 d. none of these
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b. The cause of the accidentc. The weather conditions at the time
d. The age of the person involved
17.) Artificial respiration after a severe electrical shock is necessary when the sock results in
Ans. c
a. Broken limbs
b. Bleeding
c. Stoppage of breathing
d. Unconsciousness
18.) If The circuit voltage Is increased, all else remains the same, only the will change. Ans. b
a. Resistance
b. Current
c. Ampacity
d. conductivity
19.) The two methods of making joints or connections for insulated cables are soldered connections and by
means of solderless connection devices(wirenuts). The advantages of a solderless connection (wirenut) is/are
. Ans. d
I. will not fail under short circuit due to melting of solder
II. mechanical strength as great as solder
II. reduces the time required to make a splice
a. I only
b. I and II only
c. II and III only
d. I, II and III
20.) If The circuit voltage Is increased, all else remains the same, only the will change. Ans. b
a. Resistance
b. Current
c. Ampacity
d. conductivity
21.) When accidentally splashing a chemical into the eyes the best immediate first aid solution is to
Ans. c
a. Look directly into the sun
b. Rub eyes with dry cloth
c. Flush eyes with clean water
d. Close eyes quickly
22.) It is generally not good practice to supply lamps and motors from the same circuit because
Ans. d
I. it is more economical to operate motors on a higher voltage than that of a lighting circuit
II. overloads and short circuits are more common on motor circuits and would put the lights out
III. when a motor is started it would cause the lights to dim or blink
a. I only
b. II only
c. III only
d. I, II and III
23.) When accidentally splashing a chemical into the eyes the best immediate first aid solution is to
Ans. c
a. Look directly into the sun
b. Rub eyes with dry cloth
c. Flush eyes with clean water
d. Close eyes quickly
24.) The Code considers low voltage to be Ans. b
a. 480 volts or less
b. 600 volts or less
c. 24 volts
d. 12 volts
25.) The Code considers low voltage to be Ans. b
a. 480 volts or less
b. 600 volts or less
c. 24 volts
d. 12 volts
26.) A high spot temperature in a corroded electrical connection is caused by a (an) Ans. c
a. Increase in the flow of current through the connection

b. Decrease in the voltage drop across the c. Increase in the voltage drop across the		
d. Decrease in the effective resistance of	the connection	
27.) A high spot temperature in a corrode		used by a (an) Ans. c
a. Increase in the flow of current through		
b. Decrease in the voltage drop across the		
c. Increase in the voltage drop across the		
d. Decrease in the effective resistance of		
28.) Because aluminum is not a magnetic	metal, there will be	present when aluminum conductors are
grouped in a raceway. Ans. b a. No heat due to voltage		
b. No heating due to hysteresis		
c. No induced currents		
d. none of these		
29.) A switch is a device for	Ans. b	
I. making or braking connection	II. Changing connection	III. Interruption of circuit under
short-circuit condition		
a. I only		
b. I and II only		
c. II and III only		
d. I, II and III	ha pracant during a high wal	tage test because . Ans. c
30.) At least two persons are required to la. One person can cover while the one is		tage test because Ans. c
b. High voltage is too heavy for one	on oreak	
c. If one person is hurt the other person ca	an help	
d. It eliminates overtime	1	
31.) One of the essential functions of any	switch is to maintain a	Ans. b
a. Good high-resistance contact in the clo	-	
b. Good low-resistance contact in the clos	-	
c. Good low-resistance contact in the ope	-	
d. Good high-resistance contact in the op		A 1.
32.) One of the essential functions of any	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ans. b
a. Good high-resistance contact in the clob. Good low-resistance contact in the clo	=	
c. Good low-resistance contact in the ope	-	
d. Good high-resistance contact in the op	<u> </u>	
33.) When the ground resistance exceeds	•	hms, the resistance can be reduced by
Ans. d		•
I. paralleling ground rods		
II. using a longer ground rod		
III. using a larger diameter		
IV. chemical treatment of the soil		
a. II and III onlyb. I, II and III only		
c. II, III and IV		
d. I, II, III and IV		
	s of electricity than copper; h	nowever, the main reason copper is used is
its Ans. d	,	
a. Weight		
b. Strength		
c. Melting pint		
d. Cost is less) foot lawatha. A magninad fac	adan na aassassi a 10 saanda in lamath hass
35.) Standard lengths of conduit are in 10 may lengths of 10 foot conduit would you		eder raceway is 18 yards in length, now
a. 4	u need: Ans. c	
b. 5		
c. 6		
d. none of these		
36.) The term "open circuit" means	Ans. c	
a. The wiring is in an open area		
b. The wiring is exposed on a building	×4	
c. All parts of the circuit are not in contact	ા	

d. The circuit has one end exposed
37.) The term "open circuit" means Ans. c
a. The wiring is in an open area
b. The wiring is exposed on a building
c. All parts of the circuit are not in contact
d. The circuit has one end exposed
38.) Conduit should be installed as to prevent the collection of water in it between outlets. The conduit should
not have a Ans. d
a. Low point at an outlet
b. High point at an outlet
c. High point between successive outlets
d. Low point between successive outlets
39.) Brass is an alloy of Ans. a
a. Zinc and copper
b. Lead and copper
c. Tin and lead
d. Lead and tin
40.) Which type of the following portable fire extinguishers should be used on a live electrical fire? Ans.
a Contrar districts
a. Carbon dioxide
b. Water c. Foam
d. Soda-acid 11) Englace knife switches that require the switch to be open before the bousing door can be opened. Are called
41.) Enclose knife switches that require the switch to be open before the housing door can be opened. Are called switches. Ans. c
a. Release
b. Air-break
c. Safety
d. Service
42.) Enclose knife switches that require the switch to be open before the housing door can be opened. Are called
switches. Ans. c
a. Release
b. Air-break
c. Safety
d. Service
43.) What Article of the Code addresses high-voltage over 600 volts? Ans. d
a. 450
b. 230
c. 680
d. 490
44.) A close nipple Ans. d
a. Is always ½" or less in length
b. Has no threads
c. Has only internal threads
d. Has threads over its entire length
45.) When applying rubber tape to an electrical splice, it would be necessary to Ans. a
a. Stretch the tape properly during the application
b. Apply an adhesive to the splice before applying the tape
c. Apply the rubber tape after any other tape
d. Apply heat to the tape when installing
46.) A stranded wire with the same AWG as a solid wire Ans. c
a. Is used for higher voltages
b. Has a higher ampacity
c. Is larger in total diameter
d. has the same resistance
47.) A limit switch is used on a pieces of machinery to open the circuit when the Ans. b
a. Current exceeds a preset limit
b. Travel reaches a preset limit
c. Pressure exceeds a preset limit
d. Temperature reaches a preset limit
48.) A limit switch is used on a pieces of machinery to open the circuit when the Ans. b
a. Current exceeds a preset limit

b. Travel reaches a preset limit
c. Pressure exceeds a preset limit
d. Temperature reaches a preset limit
49.) When rigid metal conduits are buried the minimum cover required by the Code is Ans. a
a. 6"
b. 12"
c. 18"
d. 24"
50.) A fixture that weighs more than pounds shall not be supported by the screw shell of a lampholder.
Ans. d
a. 2
b. 3
c. 4
d. 6
Exam 12
1.)Your foreman asked you to measure the insulation resistance of some conductors. To do this you would use a
Ans. b
a. Hydrometer
b. Megger
c. Bell tester
d. Wattmeter
2.) The main difference between a pipe thread and a machine thread is that the pipe thread is Ans. d
a. Finer
b. Longer
c. Uneven
d. Tapered
3.) Receptacles in residential wiring are regularly connected in Ans. a
a. Parallel
b. Perpendicular
c. Series
d. Diagonal
4.) A foreman in charge of a crew of men preparing to work on a low voltage tension circuit should caution them to . Ans. b
them to Ans. b a. Work only when the load is zero
b. Consider the circuit hot at all times
c. Never work on any circuit alone
d. Wait until the circuit has been killed
5.) The term pneumatic refers to Ans. c
a. Electricity
b. Steam
c. Air
d. Oil
6.) What type of fastener would you use to mount a box to a hollow tile wall? Ans. b
a. Expansion bolts
b. Toggle bolts
c. Rawl plugs
d. Bolts with backing plates
7.) If a low resistance is connected in parallel with a higher resistance, the combined resistance is
Ans. b
a. Higher or lower than the low resistance depending on the size of the higher resistance
b. Always less than the low resistance
c. Always more than the higher resistance
d. The total would be the low and high added together
8.) The lubricant used to make pulling wires through a conduit easier is Ans. d
a. Grease
b. Powdered pumice
c. Vaseline
d. Powdered soapstone
9.) The instrument by which electric is measured is a Ans. d
a. ammeter
b. Rectifier

c. voltmeter
d. Wattmeter
10.) The connection between the grounded circuit conductor and equipment grounding conductor at the service
is called the bonding jumper. Ans. c
a. Circuit
b. Equipment
c. Main
d. Appliance
11.) The larger the conductor, the Ans. d
a. Higher the resistance
b. Lower the ampacity
c. Higher the voltage
d. Lower the resistance
12.) A hook on the end of a fish tape is not to Ans. d
a. Keep it from catching on joints and bends
b. Tie a swab to
c. Tie the wires, to be pulled
d. Protect the end of the wire
13.) A hook on the end of a fish tape is not to Ans. d
a. Keep it from catching on joints and bends
b. Tie a swab to
c. Tie the wires, to be pulled
' 1
d. Protect the end of the wire
14.) When soldering two copper conductors together, they are kept clean while heating by Ans.
a
a. The use of flux
b. Applying the solder quickly
c. Rubbing often with emery cloth
d. Not permitting the open flame to touch them
15.) Metal cabinets used for lighting circuits are grounded to Ans. a
a. Reduce shock hazard
b. Eliminate electrolysis
c. Assure that the fuse will blow in a defective circuit
d. Simplify the wiring
16.) In sockets, extension cord is protected by means of theknot. Ans. a
a. Underwriters"
b. Clove hitch
c. Sheepshank
d. Western union
17.) A branch circuit that supplies a number of outlets for lighting and appliances is a branch circuit.
Ans. c
a. Individual
b. Multi-purpose
c. General purpose
d. Utility 18.) When these could resist as one connected in negatical the total resistance is. And he
18.) When three equal resistors are connected in parallel, the total resistance is Ans. b
a. Equal to the resistance of each
b. Less than any one resistor
c. Greater than any one resistance
d. none of these
19.) The efficiency of a motor is a measure of Ans. c
a. The natural speed of the motor
b. The torque the motor produces
c. How well it converts electrical energy into mechanical energy
20.) When stripping insulation from an aluminum conductor Ans. c
I. remove insulation as you would sharpen a pencil
II. ring the conductor and slip the insulation off the conductor
III. peel the insulation back and then cut outwards

a. I II and III
b. I and II only
c. I and III only
d. II and III only
21.) The angle is the angle between the real power and apparent power. Ans. b
a. Lag
b. Power factor
c. Voltage-current
d. Watt
22.) The most heat is created when current flows through which of the following? Ans. c
a. A 10 ohm condenser
b. A 10 ohm inductance coil
c. A 10 ohm resistor
d. Heat would be equal
23.) 60 cycle frequency travels 180 degrees in how many seconds? Ans. b
a. 1/60
b. 1/120
c. 1/180
d. duty-cycle
24.) The current-carrying capacity of conductors expressed in amperes is Ans. c
a. Demand
b. Pressure
c. Ampacity
d. Duty-cycle 25.) The electricien's teneral resonantic yeard for
25.) The electrician's tapered reamer is used for Ans. c
a. Reaming the threads on couplings
b. Reaming the holes in bushings
c. Reaming the ends of rigid conduit after it is cut
d. Making holes in boxes
26.) Electricity is sold by the kilowatt which is watts. Ans. b
a. 10 000
b. 1 000
c. 100
d. 100 000
27.) Three-way switching does not use the following conductor: Ans. c
a. Ungrounded
b. Traveler
c. Grounded
d. Switch leg
28.) The greater the number of free electrons the better the of a metal. Ans. d
a. Insulation value
b. Resistance
c. Voltage drop
d. Conductivity
29.) To cut Wiremold you would Ans. d
a. Use a chisel
b. Use an approved cutter like an M.M. cutter
c. Use a pair of tin snips
d. Use a hacksaw and remove the burr with a file.
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30.) Electrical contacts are opened or closed when the electrical current energizes the coils of a device called a
. Ans. d
a. Thermostat
b. Reactor
c. Condenser
d. Relay
31.) A clamp-on ammeter will measure Ans. d
a. Voltage when clamped on a single conductor
b. Current when clamped on a multi-conductor cable
c. Accurately only when parallel to cable
d. Accurately only when clamped perpendicular to a conductor
a. Accuratory only which clamped perpendicular to a colludotol

32.) When a current leaves its intended path and returns to the source bypassing the load the circuit is
Ans. b
a. Open
b. Shorted
c. Incomplete
d. Broken
33.) The electric pressure or electromotive fore is measured by the Ans. a
a. Volt
b. Electric meter
c. Watt
d. Kilowatt
34.) Conduit installed in a concrete slab is considered a Ans. c
a. Damp location
b. Moist location
c. Wet location
d. Dry location
35.) It is best as safety measure, not to use water to extinguish electrical equipment fires. The main reason is
that water
Ans. a
a. May transmit shock to the user
b. Will turn to steam
c. Will not put the fire out
d. May damage the wiring
36.) The total opposition to current flow in an AC circuit is expressed in ohms and is called
Ans. a
a. Impedance
b. Conductance
c. Reluctance
d. Resistance
37.) The total opposition to current flow in an AC circuit is expressed in ohms and is called Ans.
a. Impedance
b. Conductance
c. Reluctance
d. Resistance
38.) When a person is burned the basic care steps are Ans. d
a. Cover and cool the burned area
b. Prevent infection
c. Care for shock d. all of these
39.) A multimeter is a combination of Ans. b a. Ammeter, ohmmeter and wattmeter
,
b. Voltmeter, ohmmeter and ammeter
c. Voltmeter, ammeter and megger d. Votlmeter, wattmeter and ammeter
40.) A good magnetic material is Ans. c
a. Brass
b. Copper
c. Iron
d. Aluminum
41.) Since fuses are rated by an amperage and voltage a fuse will work on Ans. b
a. AC only
b. AC or DC
c. DC only
d. any voltage
42.) A fuse puller is used in replacing Ans. a
a. Cartridge fuses
b. Plug fuses
c. Link fuses
d. Ribbon fuses
43.) A pendant fixture is a Ans. a
a. Hanging fixture

b. Recessed fixture
c. Bracket fixture
d. none of these
44.) To fasten an outlet box between the suds in a wall constructed of metal lath and plaster, you would use
Ans. d
a. Cement or mortar
b. Iron wire
c. Nylon lath twine
d. An approved box hanger
45.) The unit of measurement for electrical resistance to current is the Ans. b
a. Watt
b. Ohm
c. Volt
d. Amp
46.) A low energy power circuit Ans. c
a. Is a remote-control circuit
b. Is a signal circuit
c. Has its power supplied by transformers and batteries
d. none of these
47.) To convert AC or DC you will use a Ans. b
a. Generator
b. Rectifier
c. Vibrator
d. Auto-transformer
48.) S, is symbol used on a drawing to indicate a switch. Ans. d
a. Flush
b. Single-pole
c. Four-way
d. Three-way
49.) Action requiring personal intervention for its control: Ans. d
a. Controller
b. Automatic
c. Periodic duty
d. Non-automatic
50.) A voltmeter is connected in with the load. Ans. b
a. Series
b. Parallel
c. Series-parallel
d. Series-shunt