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1. Where flexible tubing is used to encase the conductors, the tubing shall extend from the last insulating support to NOT less than **6.4 mm**.
2. Metal raceways, enclosures, frames and other non-current carrying metal parts of electric equipment shall be kept at least **1,900 mm** distance from lightning rod conductors.
3. Where no standard electrical equipment of the exact size or rating is available and the next larger size is neither available the next smaller size or rating maybe used provided a special permission is obtained from **Electrical Inspector**.
4. Instruments, pilot lights, potential transformers and other switchboard devices with potential coils shall be supplied by a circuit that is protected by a standard over-current device rated up to **15 A**.
5. **Guy** is a wire or other mechanical member having one end secures and the other end fastened to a pole maintained under tension.
6. Below the factors that affect the ampacity of an electrical conductor EXCEPT one. Which one is this?
 - ✓ **Insulation resistance**
 - ✓ Length of the conductor
 - ✓ Conductor material
 - ✓ Cross-sectional area of the conductor
7. For circuits over 600 V nominal, conductors shall NOT be bent to a radius less than **12 times** the diameter for shielded or lead covered conductors.
8. Which of the following statement about over-current devices is NOT correct?
 - ✓ It shall be located where they will not be exposed to physical damage.
 - ✓ It shall be readily accessible.
 - ✓ **It can be located inside clothes closets.**
 - ✓ In a multi-family dwelling, each occupant shall have ready access to over-current device protecting his occupancy.
9. Which of the following statements is NOT true?
 - ✓ Conductors in raceways shall be continuous between outlets.
 - ✓ Metal raceways, boxes, cabinets and fittings shall be grounded.
 - ✓ Metal or non-metallic raceways shall be continuous between cabinets, boxes or other enclosures.
 - ✓ **Raceway shall be used as a means of support for other raceways.**
10. For receptacle outlets, each single or each multiple receptacle on one strap shall be considered NOT less than **180 VA**.
11. Corner joints on a gutter shall be made tight, where the assembly is held together by rivets or bolts. The spacing shall NOT be more than **300 mm**.
12. **360 degrees** is the total number of mechanical degrees that a PVC conduit run maybe bent between pull joints (pull boxes, junction boxes or utility boxes).

13. The minimum size of wire used in electrical wiring is the former #14 AWG. Under the SI standard in the PEC, what is the diameter of this wire? (1.2 mm, 2.0 mm, 1.5 mm, **1.6 mm**).
14. **Pull box** is a box with a blank cover which is inserted in one or more runs of raceway to facilitate pulling of the conductors.
15. The neutral conductor from the neutral point of the transformer or generator to its connection point to the grounding impedance shall be **fully insulated**.
16. The sum of the cross sectional area of all conductors in a wireway must NOT exceed **20%** of the cross-sectional area of the wireway.
17. Circuit containing electric discharge lighting transformer exclusively shall NOT be rated in excess of **30 A**.
18. For ranges of 8.75 kW or more in rating, the minimum branch circuit required shall be **40 A**.
19. Lighting fixtures shall be wired with a fixture flexible cord with a cross-sectional area of NOT less than **0.75 mm²**.
20. If the setting of over-current device in a circuit ahead of equipment is 60 A, the minimum required grounding conductor using copper is **5.5 mm²**.
21. Mineral insulated metal sheathed cable shall be permitted in any of the following installations EXCEPT one. Which one is this?
 - ✓ For control circuits
 - ✓ Where exposed to oil and gasoline
 - ✓ For feeder circuits
 - ✓ **Where exposed to corrosive atmosphere**
22. Conductors which run above the top level of a window shall be permitted to be less than 1,000 mm but in no case shall be less than **300 mm**.
23. For barber shops and beauty parlors, the general lighting load per square meter of area shall be **24 watts**.
24. Liquidtight flexible non-metallic conduit shall be permitted to be used: **for direct burial, where flexibility is required, in exposed or concealed locations**.
25. Outlet boxes **shall NOT be** used as a sole support for ceiling fans.
26. Flexible metal conduits must NOT be used in **wet locations, hoistways, and storage battery rooms**.
27. For 25 to 50 A circuits, the minimum insulation resistance is **250,000 ohms**.
28. **75°C** is the maximum operating temperature of type THWN conductor.
29. **Counterpoise** is a conductor encircling a building and interconnecting all ground terminals.
30. The conductor connecting the neutral point of the transformer or generator to the grounding impedance **shall be permitted to be installed in a separate raceway**.
31. The total load on over-current device located in a panel board shall NOT exceed to **80%** of its rating.
32. For underground feeder and branch circuits, **UF type** of conductors shall be used.
33. **Guy insulator**, an insulating element, generally of elongated form with transverse holes or slots for the purpose of insulating two sections of a guy or provide insulation between structure and anchor.
34. **30 A** is the ampacity of a 5.5 mm² TW copper conductor.